TERNA ENERGY

Société Anonyme Commercial Technical Company 85 Mesogeion Ave., 115 26 Athens Reg.No. 318/06/B/86/28 General Trade Register No. 312701000

SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

for the period from

January 1st to June 30th 2013

According to article 4 of L. 3556/2007 and the relevant executive Decisions by the Board of the Hellenic Capital Market Commission and International Accounting Standard 34

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I. STATEMENTS BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(according to article 5 par. 2 of Law 3556/2007)

We

- 1. George Peristeris, Chairman of the Board
- 2. Emmanuel Maragoudakis, Managing Director
- 3. Panayiotis Pothos, Executive Member of the Board

STATE THAT

To the best of our knowledge:

a. The semi-annual financial statements of the company TERNA ENERGY SA for the period from January 1st 2013 to June 30th 2013, which were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards in effect, give a true picture of the assets, liabilities, the shareholders' equity and the results of the Company, as well as of the companies included in the consolidation and considered aggregately as a whole, according to those stated by paragraphs 3 to 5 of article 5 of L. 3556/2007, and

b. The Semi-Annual Board of Directors 'Report depicts in a true manner the information required according to those stated by paragraph 6 of article 5 of L. 3556/2007.

Athens, 26 August 2013

The Chairman of the Board The Managing Director The Member of the Board

Georgios Peristeris Emmanuel Maragoudakis Panagiotis Pothos

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

II. REVIEW REPORT OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Towards the shareholders of TERNA ENERGY SOCIETE ANONYME INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL COMPANY S.A.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed individual and consolidated statement of financial position of TERNA ENERGY SOCIETE ANONYME INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL COMPANY S.A., for June 30th 2013 and the relevant condensed individual and consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period ending on the aforementioned date, as well as the selected explanatory notes that comprise the interim condensed financial information, which is an inseparable part of the semi-annual financial report of L. 3556/2007. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim condensed financial information, according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, as such have been adopted by the European Union and are applied in Interim Financial Reporting (International Accounting Standard "IAS" 34). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed financial information based on our review.

Scope of the review

We have conducted our review according to International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information, performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". The review of the interim financial information consists of making inquiries primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

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Report on other legal and regulatory issues

Our review has not indicated any inconsistency or discrepancy of other items included in the semi-annual financial report, prepared according to article 5 of L. 3556/20007, with the accompanying interim condensed financial information.

Athens, 27 August 2013

The Certified Auditor Accountant

Georgios N. Deligiannis SOEL Reg. No. 15791



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III. SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Société Anonyme Company "TERNA ENERGY S.A." for the period 01.01 – 30.06.2013

The present Semi-Annual Report of the Board of Directors concerns the period 1 January – 30 June 2013. It is prepared and in line according to the provisions of article 5 of Law 3556/2007 as well as the related executive decisions of the Board of Directors of the Capital Markets Commission.

A. Financial Developments & Performance for the Period

The particularly critical period experienced by the Greek economy during the past five years continued also during the first half of 2013, and was characterized by the ongoing fiscal consolidation policy that aims at achieving sustainability of Greek public debt. It seems that this continuing policy negatively affects private economic activity and as a result the economic recession has intensified, the banking sector remains hesitant and thus liquidity in the market is limited, which in turn discourages the implementation of new investments and relevant programs that aim at economic growth.

In this context, TERNA ENERGY continues to dynamically invest in the Renewable Energy Sources (RES) sector, having already set in operation 508 MW in Greece and abroad. Specifically, the company has already installed 266 MW in Greece, 138 MW in the USA, 74 MW in Poland and 30 MW in Bulgaria. Moreover, the company has 286 MW under the implementation stage (274 MW in Greece and 12 MW in Poland).

The Renewable Energy Sources (RES) sector continues to be one of the most dynamic business activity sectors, with growth prospects that remain exceptionally positive on a global level.

The company is also active in the construction segment, where apart from efficiently constructing the company's energy projects, the company also undertakes constructions for third parties.

For the 1st half of 2013 the Group's consolidated sales amounted to 67.5 mil euro compared to 55.2 mil during the 1st half of 2012, posting a 22.2% increase versus the previous year, mainly due to increased income from the sale of energy. Operating profit (EBITDA) amount to 34.9 mil euro compared to 27 mil the 1st half of 2012, thus improved by 29%, mainly as a result of the Group's increased operating energy capacity. Earnings before tax amounted to 9.5 mil, decreased by 17.5% compared to the previous year. Earnings after tax and minority interest amounted to 5.1 mil euro, posting a 36% decrease.

As regards to the results of the individual sectors: The energy sector posted sales of 51.4 mil euro, posting a 34.5% increase compared to the 1st half of 2012, while operating profit (EBITDA) amounted to 34.6 mil euro, posting a 29.1% increase compared to the respective period of the previous year.

TERNA ENERGY's construction activity towards third parties presented sales amounting to 16.1 mil euro, posting a 5.3% decline versus the 1st half of 2012. Operating profit (EBITDA) of the sector amounted to 0.3 mil euro compared to 0.2 mil euro the previous year. The backlog of construction projects towards third parties at the end of the 1st half of 2013 amounted to 63.6 mil euro.

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The Group's financial position remains powerful, as its cash & cash equivalents amounted to 108.7 mil euro, while bank debt amounted to 382.9 mil euro, resulting in a net debt position (cash minus bank debt) at the level of 274.2 mil euro.

The investments of the TERNA ENERGY Group amounted to 14.5 mil during the first half of 2013. The company's ongoing investment activity sets the grounds to stabilize an increased flow of revenue and profitability on a long-term basis.

B. Significant Events during the first half of the year

In the energy segment: The receipt of a 77 mil USD grant, which concerned the company's project in IDAHO U.S.A. was concluded, thus significantly reducing the Group's short-term debt.

Also, an operation license was issued for a photovoltaic park of 1.05MW and an installation license was issued for the expansion of a wind park by 10MW.

Moreover, a license was issued in Greece for the installation of a 29.7MW wind park and an operation license was issued also in Greece for a photovoltaic park of 1.49MW.

In Poland a Wind Park of 8MW was set into operation.

The total construction backlog towards third parties on 30/6/2013 amounts to € 63.6 million.

C. Outlook, risks and uncertainties for the second half of the financial year

The outlook for TERNA ENERGY Group during the second half of the year is considered positive, given that: a) the construction of new RES is to be completed, while b) new investments, which will soon be incorporated in the construction plan are at a mature stage as regards to licensing and financing.

In Greece, the lack of liquidity in the financial system and thus the problems in bank lending continue to delay the implementation of a significant portion of the company's portfolio. However, the company continues to secure smaller scale borrowing, thus achieving the enhancing of its Greek portfolio at a slower pace.

The company remains exposed to short-term fluctuations of wind and hydrologic data, which however do not affect the long-term efficiency of its projects, as prior to the implementation of the investments extensive studies take place as regards to the long-term behavior of such factors. The construction sector of TERNA ENERGY is subject to significant fluctuations, both as regards to turnover and as regards to the profitability of each construction project, due to increased volatility of the backlog of construction contracts towards third parties, which are significantly affected by the pace at which new projects are included in the country's Public Projects Program.

During the period from the end of the first half of 2013 and until today, no significant loss has been realized nor any possibility for such a loss.

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D. Transactions with related parties

Related parties according to I.A.S. 24 are considered subsidiaries, companies with joint ownership and/or Management with the company, associate companies as well as the parent company and the subsidiaries of the parent company, and also members of the Board of Directors and the company's senior executives. The Company procures goods and services from its related companies, while it also supplies goods and services to such

Transactions and balances for the period that ended on 30.06.2013 are as follows:

	SALES	PURCHASES	RECEIVABLE	LIABILITY
SUBSIDIARIES				
IWECO CHONOS LASITHI CRETE SA	45,000	57,742	-	2,167,208
TERNA ENERGY EVROU SA	220,000	36,217	-	1,272,475
ENERGIAKI SERVOUNIOU SA	180,000	15,209	3,014,700	701,120
AIOLIKI PANORAMATOS DERVENOCHORION				
S.A.	266,977	-	6,861,459	1,178
AIOLIKI ILIOKASTROU S.A.	114,633	-	4,472,967	-
AIOLIKI RACHOULAS DERVENOCHORION S.A.	108,000	-	809,781	-
ENERGIAKI DERVENOCHORION S.A.	185,537	-	2,690,912	-
ENERGIAKI FERRON EVROU SA	169,967	-	3,881,819	600,000
AIOLIKI DERVENI TRAIANOUPOLEOS SA	658,508	35,733	18,176,632	6,972,400
ENERGIAKI NEAPOLOEOS LAKONIAS SA	151,348	-	-	2,300,000
ENERGIAKI XIROVOUNIOU SA	360,644	-	3,640,032	515,500
EUROWIND SA	158,285	-	5,941,337	2,200,000
DELTA AXIOU ENERGIAKI SA	-	-	28,189	-
VATHYCHORI ENA PHOTOVOLTAIC SA	201,387	-	2,564,677	-
VATHYCHORI PERVALLONTIKI SA	-	-	29,405	=
ALISTRATI ENERGIAKI	-	-	2,908	-
TERNA ILIAKI VIOTIAS SA	-	-	695	-
VATHYCHORI DYO ENERGEIAKI SA	204,830	-	3,365,786	=
TERNA AIOLIKI XEROVOUNIOU SA	-	-	1,041	-
GEOTHERMAL ENERGY DEVELOPMENT SA	-	-	1,245	-
AIOLIKI PASTRA ATTIKIS SA	19,061	-	1,523,861	-
TERNA ENERGY OVERSEAS LTD	-	-	187,274	-
General & Limited Partnerships	-	-	342,630	-
PARENT				
GEK TERNA SA	52,539	86,096	3,005,736	14,871
OTHER RELATED PARTIES				
VIOMEK S.A.	-	68,722	8,400	19,899
TERNA S.A.	44,984	404,266	590,423	538,969

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Joint Ventures in which TERNA SA participates	1,160,984	-	2,373,593	900,397
HERON HOLDINGS	240,007	-	6,057,242	-
HERON THERMOELECTRIC S.A.	-	26,459	-	11,774
ICON BOROVECH OOD	-	902	-	-

Regarding the above transactions, the following clarifications are provided:

a) Sales of TERNA ENERGY SA:

- to "Iweco Chonos SA" of 45,000 euro for RES maintenance services.
- to "Terna Energy Evrou S.A." of 220,000 euro for RES maintenance services,
- to "Energiaki Servouniou SA" of 180,000 euro for RES maintenance services,
- to "Aioliki Panoramatos Dervenochorion S.A." of 266,977 euro, from which 125,000 euro concern RES maintenance services and 141,977 euro interest income,
- to "Aioliki Iliokastrou SA" of 114,633 euro for interest income,
- to "Aioliki Rachoulas Dervenochorion S.A." of 108,000 euro for RES maintenance services,
- to "Energiaki Dervenochorion S.A." of 185,537 euro, from which 117,500 euro concern RES maintenance services and 68,037 euro concern interest income,
- to "Energiaki Ferron Evrou S.A." of 169,967 euro, from which 64,279 euro concern construction services and 105,688 euro concern interest income,
- to "Aioliki Derveni Traianoupoleos S.A." of 658,508 euro, from which 163,171 euro concern construction services and 495,337 euro concern interest income,
- to "Energiaki Neapoleos Lakonias SA" of 151,348 euro for interest income
- to "Energiaki Xirovouniou S.A." of 360,644 euro, from which 284,612 euro concern construction services and 76,032 euro concern interest income,
- to "Eurowind SA" of 158,285 euro for interest income,
- to "Vathychori Ena Photovoltaic S.A." of 201,387 euro, from which 125,000 euro concern RES maintenance services and 76,387 euro concern interest income,
- to "Vathychori Dyo Photovoltaic S.A." of 204,830 euro, from which 204,820 euro concern construction services and 10 euro concern interest income,
- to "Aioliki Pastra Attikis SA" of 19,061 euro for interest income,
- to "GEK TERNA SA" of 52,539 euro for interest income,
- to "TERNA SA" of 44,984 euro for interest income,
- to Joint Ventures which "TERNA SA" participates in, of 1,160,984 euro for construction services,
- to "Heron Holdings SA" of 240,007 euro for interest income,

b) Purchases of TERNA ENERGY SA:

- from "Iweco-Chonos S.A." of 57,752 euro for interest expenses,
- from "Terna Energy Evrou S.A." of 36,217 euro for interest expenses,
- from "Energeiaki Servouniou S.A." of 15,209 euro for interest expenses,

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- from "Aioliki Derveni Traianoupoleos S.A." of 35,733 euro for interest expenses,
- from "GEK TERNA S.A." of 86,096 euro for leases,
- from "Viomek SA" of 68,722 euro out of which 8,000 euro refer to industrial constructions, 300 euro refer to leasing, 35,717 euro refer to other services and 24,705 euro refer to purchase of fixed assets,
- from "Terna SA" of 404,266 euro out of which 273,000 euro refer to construction activities, 38,277 euro refer to leasing, 54,253 euro refer to purchase of raw materials, 19,144 euro refer to other services and 19,592 euro refer to purchase of fixed assets
- from "Heron Thermoelectric S.A." of 26,459 for purchases of raw materials,
- from "Icon Borovech OOD" of 902 euro for other services.

- Transactions with Board members

from Board members amounting to 592,840 euro from which 480,000 euro refer to Board remuneration, while 112,840 euro refer to services rendered.

E. Treasury Shares

During the period 01/01/2013 - 30/06/2013, the Company bought back 3,350,254 shares with a purchase value of 8,451 thousand €. Total number of treasury shares held by the Company as of 30/06/2013 had reached 4,587,829 shares or 4.197% of the company's total share capital, with a total acquisition cost of € 10,204 thousand.

Athens, 26 August 2013

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Georgios Peristeris Chairman of the Board

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IV. INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PARENT AND CONSOLIDATED OF 30 JUNE 2013

(1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2013)

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The accompanying six-month Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors of TERNA ENERGY SA on 26/08/2013 and have been published by being posted on the internet at the website www.terna-energy.com, as well as the Athens Exchange website, in which they remain at the disposal of the investment community for at least 5 years since their publication. It is noted that the published in the press Condensed Data and Information derived from the interim condensed financial statements, aim at providing the reader with certain general information on the financial position and results of the company and Group, but do not provide a full picture of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the company and Group in accordance with IFRS.

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TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30 JUNE 2013

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

` '		,			
		<u>GROUP</u>		COMPANY	
	Note	30-Jun	31-Dec	30-Jun	31-Dec
		2013	2012	2013	2012
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Intangible assets	6	29,419	29,589	1,487	1,530
Tangible assets	6	763,512	769,424	126,515	130,263
Investment property		923	923	923	923
Participation in subsidiaries		-	-	213,332	212,794
Participations in associates		5,451	5,391	5,401	5,341
Participation in joint-ventures		-	-	279	285
Other long-term receivables		23,833	9,585	54,469	69,808
Other investments		1,313	131	131	131
Deferred tax assets		2,130	2,218		210
Total non-current assets		826,581	817,261	402,537	421,285
Current assets					
Inventories		4,909	3,303	4,598	2,959
Trade receivables		49,821	47,548	34,631	31,955
Receivables according to IAS 11		7,990	9,257	13,288	10,414
Prepayments and other receivables		120,393	176,792	28,461	27,669
Income tax receivables		62	114	42	33
Cash and equivalents		108,727	126,778	22,181	27,556
Total current assets		291,902	363,792	103,201	100,586
TOTAL ASSETS		1,118,483	1,181,053	505,738	521,871
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital	7	32,796	32,796	32,796	32,796
Share premium	7	250,945	261,067	251,257	261,204
Reserves		14,789	19,371	13,985	21,855
Retained earnings		50,831	47,491	38,367	35,736
Total		349,361	360,725	336,405	351,591
Non-controlling interests		2,633	2,329	-	-
Total equity		351,994	363,054	336,405	351,591
Long-term liabilities					
Long-term loans	8	295,572	292,582	54,123	61,934
Other financial liabilities		36,670	35,899	=	=
Liabilities from derivatives	9	1,960	3,418	397	539
Other provisions	10	4,325	3,979	856	856
-					

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Provision for staff indemnities	10	287	349	273	335
Grants	11	285,747	288,885	48,855	49,494
Deferred tax liabilities		3,805	2,554	121	-
Other long-term liabilities		149	1,964		
Total long-term liabilities		628,515	629,630	104,625	113,158
Short-term liabilities					
Suppliers		20,744	27,596	17,883	21,101
Short-term loans	8	56,182	100,355	2,718	-
Long-term liabilities falling due in the next period	8	31,130	29,528	9,087	9,152
Long-term financial liabilities falling due in the next period		3,129	13,795	-	-
Liabilities according to IAS 11		4,434	3,324	-	5,251
Accrued and other short-term liabilities		20,302	12,387	35,020	21,618
Income tax payable		2,053	1,384		
Total short-term liabilities		137,974	188,369	64,708	57,122
Total liabilities		766,489	817,999	169,333	170,280
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		1,118,483	1,181,053	505,738	521,871

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 30 JUNE 2013

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

	-								
	_		GRO	OUP			COMP	ANY	
	Note	1.1 - 30.6	1.4 - 30.6	1.1 - 30.6	1.4 - 30.6	1.1 - 30.6	1.4 - 30.6	1.1 - 30.6	1.4 - 30.6
		2013	2013	2012	2012	2013	2013	2012	2012
Continued activities									
Turnover		67,489	32,456	55,212	29,124	35,800	19,477	32,086	16,874
Cost of sales		(40,261)	(21,803)	(32,149)	(16,973)	(25,698)	(15,460)	(23,861)	(12,942)
Gross profit		27,228	10,653	23,063	12,151	10,102	4,017	8,225	3,932
Administrative & distribution expenses		(7,014)	(4,202)	(6,438)	(3,746)	(3,748)	(2,126)	(3,633)	(1,929)
Research & development expenses		(935)	(554)	(1,259)	(424)	(887)	(543)	(1,164)	(373)
Other income/(expenses)	12	518	580	2,783	1,793	(241)	153	944	(118)
Operating results		19,797	6,477	18,149	9,774	5,226	1,501	4,372	1,512
Financial income/(expenses)		(10,331)	(4,834)	(6,679)	(4,046)	(999)	(347)	(1,070)	(718)
EARNINGS BEFORE TAX		9,466	1,643	11,470	5,728	4,227	1,154	3,302	794
Income tax expense		(4,144)	(2,030)	(3,246)	(1,735)	(1,296)	(556)	(853)	(435)
Net earnings from continued activities		5,322	(387)	8,224	3,993	2,931	598	2,449	359
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD		5,322	(387)	8,224	3,993	2,931	598	2,449	359

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

Other income recognized directly in Equity from:								
Foreign exchange differences from								
incorporation of foreign units	(721)	(1,225)	1,123	1,017	_	_	_	_
Income/Expenses from hedging of cash flow	,	() /	,	,				
risk	2,811	1,995	(5,154)	(6,799)	141	122	(1,574)	(1,574)
Expenses of capital increase	(283)	(108)	(80)	(78)	(108)	(108)	(75)	(75)
Income tax recognized directly in Equity	52	(195)	330	330	140	(3)	330	330
Other income for the period net of income	4.050	4.5=	(2.704)	(7.720)	450	44	(4.240)	(4.240)
tax	1,859	467	(3,781)	(5,530)	173	11	(1,319)	(1,319)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	7,181	80	4,443	(1,537)	3,104	609	1,130	(960)
Net earnings attributed to:								
Shareholders of the parent from continued activities	5,070	(513)	7,920	3,856				
Non-controlling interests from continued								
activities	252	126	304	137				
	5,322	(387)	8,224	3,993				
Total income attributed to:								
Shareholders of the parent from continued activities	6,929	(46)	4,139	(1,674)				
Non-controlling interests from continued	,	,	,	() /				
activities	252	126	304	137				
	7,181	80	4,443	(1,537)				
Earnings per share (in Euro)								
From continued activities attributed to shareholders of the parent	0.0476	(0.0049)	0.0726	0.0354				
Average weighted number of shares								
Basic	106,503,622	104,925,749	109,136,465	108,974,632				

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 30 JUNE 2013

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

(All amounts are expressed in mousand Euro, unless stated outerwise)	GROUP		COMPANY		
	1.1 – 30.6		1.1 – 30.6	1.1 – 30.6	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Cash flow from operating activities					
Earnings for the period before tax	9,466	11,470	4,227	3,302	
Adjustments for the agreement of net flows from operating activities					
Depreciation	18,320	11,215	4,157	4,087	
Provisions	(62)	35	(62)	35	
Interest and related income	(2,399)	(2,146)	(2,144)	(2,449)	
Interest and other financial expenses	12,730	8,825	3,143	3,519	
Amortization of grants	(3,653)	(1,969)	(639)	(655)	
Foreign exchange differences	419	-	-	-	
Other adjustments	417	(372)			
Operating profit before working capital changes	35,238	27,058	8,682	7,839	
(Increase)/Decrease in:					
Inventories	(1,605)	87	(1,639)	53	
Trade receivables	(2,273)	(14,826)	(5,550)	10,832	
Prepayments and other short term receivables	(12,700)	(768)	122	(332)	
Increase/(Decrease) in:					
Suppliers	(3,879)	(12,122)	(3,218)	(12,792)	
Accruals and other short term liabilities	7,915	(4,203)	(1,242)	(5,726)	
Other long-term receivables and liabilities	(998)	38	29	40	
Income tax payment	(1,926)	(1,418)	(834)	(448)	
Net cash inflow from operating activities	19,772	(6,154)	(3,650)	(534)	
Cash flow from investment activities:					
Purchases/sales of tangible and intangible fixed assets	(11,945)	(112,413)	(366)	(2,673)	
Receipt of grants	58,084	8,306	-	2,636	
Interest and related income received	3,391	1,796	1,230	1,611	
(Purchases) / sales of participations and securities	-	-	(598)	(33,924)	
Net change in provided loans	(15,628)	(790)	15,310	(22,785)	
Cash outflows for investment activities	33,902	(103,101)	15,576	(55,135)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Return of share capital	(549)	-	(549)	-	
Purchase of Treasury Shares	(8,451)	(1,371)	(8,451)	(1,371)	
Net change of long term loans	1,439	107,708	(7,768)	1,263	
Net change of short term loans	(40,533)	(36,483)	2,645	-	
Dividends paid	-	(6,680)	-	(6,680)	
Interest paid	(11,605)	(10,546)	(3,178)	(3,416)	
Change in financial liabilities	(11,790)	-	-	-	

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Cash outflows for financing activities	(71,489)	52,628	(17,301)	(10,204)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash & cash equivalents	(236)	606	-	-
Net increase/decrease in cash	(18,051)	(56,021)	(5,375)	(65,873)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	126,778	167,792	27,556	121,798
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the period	108,727	111,771	22,181	55,925

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TERNA ENERGY S.A. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 30 JUNE 2013

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
1 January 2012	32,800	282,006	4,048	42,267	361,121
Total comprehensive income for the period	- -	(75)	(1,244)	2,449	1,130
Capitalization of Reserves	6,768	(6,768)	-	-	-
Return of Share Capital	(5,206)	-	-	-	(5,206)
Cancellation of Treasury Shares	(1,566)	(13,959)	15,524	-	(1)
Dividends	-	-	-	(6,680)	(6,680)
Purchase of Treasury Shares	-	-	(1,371)	-	(1,371)
Transfers other movements	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	4,828	(4,827)	1
30 June 2012	32,796	261,204	21,785	33,209	348,994
1 January 2013	32,796	261,204	21,855	35,736	351,591
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	(108)	281	2,931	3,104
Capitalization of Reserves	9,839	(9,839)	-	-	-
Return of Share Capital	(9,839)	-	-	-	(9,839)
Purchase of Treasury Shares	-	-	(8,451)	-	(8,451)
Transfers other movements	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	300	(300)	
30 June 2013	32,796	251,257	13,985	38,367	336,405

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TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 30 JUNE 2013

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserves	Retained Earnings	Subtotal	Non- Controlling Interests	Total
1 January 2012	32,800	281,874	6,001	46,815	367,490	2,119	369,609
Total comprehensive income/(losses) for the period	-	(80)	(3,701)	7,920	4,139	304	4,443
Capitalization of Reserves	6,768	(6,768)	-	-	-	-	-
Return of Share Capital	(5,206)	-	-	-	(5,206)	-	(5,206)
Cancellation of Treasury Shares	(1,566)	(13,958)	15,524	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Treasury Shares	-	-	(1,371)	-	(1,371)	-	(1,371)
Dividends	-	-	-	(6,680)	(6,680)	-	(6,680)
Transfers other movements			5,953	(5,955)	(2)	(2)	(4)
30 June 2012	32,796	261,068	22,406	42,100	358,370	2,421	360,791
1 January 2013	32,796	261,067	19,371	47,491	360,725	2,329	363,054
Total comprehensive income/(losses) for the period	-	(283)	2,142	5,070	6,929	252	7,181
Capitalization of Reserves	9,839	(9,839)	-	-	-	-	-
Return of Share Capital	(9,839)	-	-	-	(9,839)	-	(9,839)
Share capital issue of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	52	52
Purchase of Treasury Shares	-	-	(8,451)	-	(8,451)	-	(8,451)
Transfers other movements			1,727	(1,730)	(3)		(3)
30 June 2013	32,796	250,945	14,789	50,831	349,361	2,633	351,994

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1. ESTABLISHMENT & ACTIVITY OF THE COMPANY

The TERNA ENERGY SA Group of companies (hereinafter the «Group» or «TERNA ENERGY») is a Greek group of companies mainly engaged in the energy and construction sector. The Group's activity in the energy sector is related to the construction and exploitation of renewable energy sources. The Company is also engaged in the research for the operation and construction of projects related to other renewable energy sources (RES).

TERNA ENERGY has a class 6 contractor certificate and its activity in the construction sector relates to the construction of private and public projects as a main contractor or subcontractor or through joint ventures. Based on the Greek legislation in effect, companies who hold a class 6 certificate, undertake public works with an initial contracting price from $\[Ellipsize{0.00}\]$ to $\[Ellipsize{0.00}\]$ to $\[Ellipsize{0.00}\]$ million or up to $\[Ellipsize{0.00}\]$ million through joint ventures and private or self-financed independently budgeted, either as main contractors or as sub-contractors or through joint ventures.

TERNA ENERGY is the continuation of the Technical Constructions Company (ETKA SA), which was established in 1949 (Gov. Gaz. 166/21.06.1949), and which during 1999 absorbed TERNA ENERGY SA. The latter had been established in 1997 (Gov.Gaz.6524/11.09.1997), and is based in Athens, 85 Mesogeion Ave.

The Company is listed on the Athens Exchange. The parent company of TERNA ENERGY, which is also listed on Athens Exchange, is GEK TERNA SA.

2. BASIS FOR THE PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Basis for the Preparation of the financial statements

The condensed interim financial statements, which consist of the separate and consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and Group, have been prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as such have been adopted by the European Union and specifically according to the provisions of IAS 34 "Interim Financial Statements". The condensed interim financial statements should be read together with the annual financial statements of 31 December 2012.

b) Statutory Financial Statements

Until the 31st of December 2004 TERNA ENERGY SA and its Greek subsidiaries kept their accounting books and prepared financial statements according to the provisions of L. 2190/1920 and the tax legislation in effect. From January 1st, 2005 they are obliged, according to the legislation in effect, to prepare their Statutory Financial Statements according to the IFRS that have been adopted by the European Union.

The Company and the Greek companies of the Group continue to keep their accounting books in accordance with the provisions of the tax laws, as they have the right to do so. Off balance sheet adjustments are then made in order to prepare the accompanying financial statements in accordance with the IFRS.

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c) New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

The accounting principles applied for the preparation of the interim financial statements are the same with those applied for the preparation of the annual financial statements of the Company and the Group as of 31 December 2012, apart from the adoption of new accounting standards. The Group has fully adopted all IFRS and interpretations which up to the preparation date of the interim financial statements had been endorsed by the European Union. The application of those standards according to the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) was compulsory for the financial period ended on 30 June 2013.

New Standards, Interpretations, revisions and amendments to existing Standards that are in effect and have been adopted by the European Union

The following amendments and Interpretations of IFRS were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and their application is mandatory from 01.01.2013 or after. The most important Standards and Interpretations are described as follows:

Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" – Presentation of items of other comprehensive income

In June 2011, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". These amendments refer to the manner in which items of other comprehensive income are presented. The amendments have no effect on the consolidated Financial Statements.

- IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

In May 2011 the IASB issued IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement". IFRS 13 provides the definition of fair value and presents in a single standard the context in relation to the definition of fair value and the disclosure requirements for the measurement of fair value. IFRS 13 is applied in the case where other IFRS require or allow the measurement of items at fair value. IFRS 13 does not introduce new requirements in relation to the definition of fair value of an asset or liability. Also, it does not change what other Standards define as regards to which items are measured at fair value and it does not refer to the presentation of fair value changes in the Financial Statements. The standard has no effect on the consolidated Financial Statements.

Revision of IAS 19 "Employee Benefits"

In June 2011, the IASB issued the revised standard IAS 19 "Employee Benefits". This revision aims at improving issues relating to recognition and disclosure requirements on defined benefit plans. The revised standard eliminates the corridor approach and therefore the option to postpone the recognition of actuarial profit or losses while at the same time it requires that adjustments of the net liability (receivable) including actuarial profit and losses that resulted during the reporting period, are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Based on the revised standard, the Group/Company revised the comparative period according to the specified transitional provisions of IAS 19 and according to IAS 8 "Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimations and errors". The revision had no effect on the consolidation Financial Statements.

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IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine"

In October 2011, the IASB issued IFRIC 20. The Interpretation clarifies when the mining production must lead to the recognition of an asset and how the asset must be measured both during initial recognition and in subsequent periods. This Interpretation does not apply to the Group's activities.

Amendments to IFRS 7 "Disclosures" – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

In December 2011, the IASB published new requirements for disclosures that allow users of Financial Statements to perform better comparisons between financial statements that are published based on IFRS and those that are published based on the US GAAP. The amendments had no effect on the consolidated Financial Statements.

Amendment to IFRS 1 "First Implementation of International Financial Reporting Standards" Government loans

In March 2012, the IASB issued an amendment to IFRS 1 according to which those that adopt IFRS for the first time and have received government loans with a preferential interest rate, have the option not to retrospectively apply IFRS in the presentation of such loans during the transition. The amendment has no effect on the consolidated Financial Statements. The present amendment was endorsed by the European Union in March 2013.

Annual Improvements of Standards Cycle 2009 - 2011

In May 2012 the IASB proceeded with issuing the "Annual Improvements to the International Financial Reporting Standards Cycle 2009-2011", which includes a series of adjustments to 5 Standards and is part of the plan for the annual improvements to Standards. The amendments are not particularly important and do not have a substantial effect on the Group's Financial Statements. The present amendments were endorsed by the European Union in March 2013.

d) Approval of Financial Statements

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company on 26 August 2013.

e) Use of Estimations

The Group makes estimations, assumptions and judgments in order to choose the best accounting principles related to the future evolution of events and transactions. These estimations, assumptions and judgments are continuously assessed in order to reflect current information and risk and are based on the management's experience related to level/volume of transactions or events.

The main assumptions and judgments that may affect the financial statements in the coming 12 months are as follows:

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a) Recognition of income from construction contracts: The Group uses the percentage of completion method to recognize revenue from construction contracts, in accordance with IAS 11. According to this method the construction cost as of each balance sheet date is compared to the budgeted total cost of the project in order to determine the percentage of completion of the project.

The cumulated effect of the restatements/reassessments of the total budgeted cost of the projects and the total contractual payment (recognition of work over and above the contract) is recorded in the financial years during which such restatements arise. The total budgeted cost and the total contractual payment of the projects arise from estimation procedures and are reassessed and reviewed at each balance sheet date.

- b) Provision for income tax: The provision for income tax according to IAS 12 is calculated with the estimation of taxes to be paid to tax authorities and includes the current income tax for each period and a provision for additional taxes that may occur from tax audits. The final settlement of income tax may differ from the relevant amounts recognized in the financial statements.
- c) Provision for environmental rehabilitation: The Group creates a provision against its relevant liabilities for dismantlement of technical equipment of wind parks and environmental rehabilitation, that arise based on the written environmental legislation or by the Group's restrictive practices. The environmental rehabilitation provision reflects the present value (based on an appropriate discount rate), at the balance sheet date of the rehabilitation liability less the estimated recoverable value of material estimated to be dismantled and sold.
- d) Valuation of inventories: For the valuation of inventories, the Group estimates according to statistical data and market conditions, the expected sale prices and the finalization and distribution cost of such per category of inventories.
- e) Impairment of assets and recovery: The Group performs evaluation of the technological, institutional and financial developments by examining indications of impairment of all assets (fixed, trade and other receivables, financial assets etc.) as well as their recovery. Also, the installation licenses of wind parks that have not been set in operation are subject to an annual impairment review. The establishment of possible impairment requires, among others, estimation of the value in use, which is estimated using the discounted cash flow method. During the application of this method, the Group relies on a series of factors, which include future operating results as well as market data. The estimation of future operating results is based on efficiency estimations of the wind parks according to wind statistical data and historical data on comparable units.
- f) Provision for staff indemnities: The Group, according to IAS 19, performs estimations of assumptions based on which the actuarial provision for staff indemnities is calculated.

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- g) Depreciation of fixed assets: For the calculation of depreciations, the Group reviews the useful economic life and residual value of tangible and intangible fixed assets based on the technological, institutional and financial developments, as well as the experience from their use.
- h) Acquisition of companies: The Group consolidates all companies it acquires from the date when control on such is acquired. In case where the acquisition depends on the realization of a series of future events conditions, the company examines whether according to the actual events it has acquired control on the relevant companies. In case of a company acquisition, it is examined whether the acquired company meets the definition of a business according to IFRS 3. A business company usually consists of inflows, procedures that are applied on such inflows and resulting outflows that are used or will be used for the generation of income. In case where a company acquired is assessed not to consist of a complete series of activities and assets with the form of a company, then the acquisition is accounted for as an acquisition of assets and not of a company.
- i) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities: The Group applies estimation of the fair value of financial assets and liabilities.
- j) Financial Liabilities: The Group has issued financial securities, in the context of a tax equity investment program, the payments of which depend on the future returns on specific Group investments. This financial liability is measured at amortized cost with the effective interest rate method. The calculation of the effective interest rate is based on management's estimations regarding the future cash flows of the specific investments for the entire expected duration of such.

3. SUMMARY OF KEY ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The main accounting principles adopted during the preparation of the accompanying interim consolidated and individual financial statements are the following:

a) Consolidation Basis

The attached condensed interim consolidated financial statements comprise the condensed interim financial statements of TERNA ENERGY and its subsidiaries. The subsidiary companies in which the Group holds directly or indirectly more than half of the voting rights or has the right to exercise control over their operation have been consolidated. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date that the Group acquires control over them and cease to be consolidated from the date it no longer has control.

The Group's interests in Joint Ventures, in the cases where they are subject to common control, are consolidated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity consolidation method whereby the Group's share of each of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a jointly controlled entity is included in the Group's financial statements.

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Intra-group transactions and balances have been cancelled-out in the attached consolidated financial statements. Whenever required the accounting principles of the subsidiaries have been amended in order to ensure consistency with the accounting principles adopted by the Group.

b) Investments in Associates

Includes companies in which the Group exercises significant influence however they are not subsidiaries or joint ventures. The Group's participating interests are recorded using the equity method. According to this method the participating interest in the associate company is carried at acquisition cost plus any change in the percentage of its equity held by the Group, less any provisions for impairment. The consolidated income statement shows the Group's share in the associate's results, while the amounts recorded by the associates directly in their equity, are recognized directly in Group's equity.

c) Investments and other (non-derivative) financial assets

Financial assets that fall under the provisions of IAS 39 and are governed by them are classified according to their nature and characteristics into one of the following four categories:

- (i) Investments available for sale
- (ii) Receivables and loans
- (iii) Financial assets at fair value through the profit or loss
- (iv) Investments held to maturity

Initially they are recognized at acquisition cost, which represents the fair value plus, in some cases, the direct transaction and acquisition expenses.

The classification of the above financial assets is made upon their initial recognition and wherever permitted it is reviewed and reassessed on a periodic basis.

(i) Investments available for sale

Financial assets (non-derivative) that cannot be classified in any of the above categories are designated and classified as investment available for sale. After the initial recognition, available for sale investments are registered in other comprehensive income. Upon sale or write-off or impairment of the investment the accumulated gains or losses are included in the profit or loss.

(ii) Receivables and loans

Receivables and loans created by the activities of the Group (and which fall outside the usual credit limits) are valued at net amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses are recorded in the profit or loss when the relevant amounts are written-off or suffer impairment as well as through the amortization process.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through the profit and loss

This relates to the trading portfolio and comprises investments acquired with a view to liquidate them in the near future. Gains or losses from the valuation of such assets are recorded in the profit or loss.

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(iv) Investments held to maturity

Financial assets (non-derivative) with defined flows and defined maturity are classified as held to maturity when the company is willing and able to retain them until their maturity. Investments held indefinitely or for a predetermined period cannot be classified in this category. Held to maturity investments are valued, after the initial recording, at net amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses are recorded in the profit or loss when the relevant amounts are written-off or suffer impairment as well as through the amortization process.

The current value of such investments that are traded in an organized exchange is derived by the exchange value of the investment at the closing date. As regards investments that are not traded in an active market, their fair value is calculated on the basis of relevant valuation techniques.

These techniques are based on recent arm's-length investment transactions, with reference to the exchange value of another investment with characteristics similar to the investment valued, discounted cash-flow analysis and investment valuation models.

d) Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Non-derivative financial assets and liabilities in the balance sheet include cash balances, receivables, participations bank loans and other short and long-term liabilities. The Company does not use derivative financial products. The accounting principles for the recognition and measurement of these items are mentioned in the respective accounting principles, which are presented in this Note. Financial instruments are disclosed as receivables, liabilities or equity based on the substance and the contents of the relevant contracts from which they stem. Interest, dividends, gains and losses resulting from the financial instruments that are classified as receivables or liabilities are accounted for as expenses or income respectively. The distribution of dividends to shareholders is accounted for directly through equity. Financial instruments are netted-off when the Company, according to the law, has this legal right and intends to set them off (against each other) on a net basis or to recover the asset and net the liability off at the same time. Financial risk management aims to minimize possible negative effects and specifically:

Interest rate risk and exchange rate risk

The Company's bank loans are mainly denominated in euro and are subject to variable and fixed interest rates. As regards to interest rate risk, the Company uses derivative instruments in order to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk, while it uses natural hedging methods to hedge exchange rate risk in countries it operates in, by borrowing partly in local currency thus hedging the exchange rate risk from its receivables. The Management of the Company follows the development of interest rates and exchange rates and takes the necessary measures to reduce the risk.

• Fair Value

The amounts appearing in the attached Statement of Financial Position for cash balances, short-term receivables and other short-term liabilities approximate their respective real values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of short-term bank loans does not differ from their accounting value due to the use of variable interest rates.

• Credit Risk Concentration

A substantial part of trade receivables in general relate to agencies and entities of the Public sector with which there is no credit risk, per se. Furthermore, the total income from the energy sector is derived from two Public sector companies.

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Regarding receivables from the private sector, the Group policy is to seek business with customers of satisfactory credit standing while the constant aim is to resolve any resulting differences within an amicable settlement context.

Market Risk

The Group has not entered into contracts in order to hedge the market risk arising from its exposure to fluctuations in the prices of raw materials used in the production process.

(e) Operation and Presentation Currency and Foreign Exchange Conversion:

The euro is the currency of operation and presentation of the Group and its Greek subsidiaries. Transactions in other currencies are converted into euro using the exchange rates in effect at the date of the transaction. At the date of compilation of the financial statements the monetary asset and liability items that are denominated in other currencies are adjusted so as to reflect the current exchange rates.

The profits and losses resulting from the end-of-year valuation of monetary items in foreign currencies are reflected in the attached consolidated income statement. The profits or losses resulting from transactions are also reflected in the consolidated income statement.

The currency of operation of the foreign subsidiaries of the Group is the official currency of the country each subsidiary operates in. Accordingly, at each reporting period all the accounts of the Statement of Financial Position of subsidiaries are converted into euro using the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Income and expenses are converted using the weighted average rate in effect during the year. The resulting exchange differences from the valuation of foreign subsidiaries as described above are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Upon sale or disposal of a foreign subsidiary the cumulated exchange differences described above are recorded in the profit and loss account.

f) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of rights for use of forestry land, where Wind Parks are installed, purchased Wind Park licenses and software acquisition costs. The right of use of forestry land, where Wind Parks are installed, includes the related acquisition costs less accumulated amortization and possible impairment.

The value of software includes the acquisition cost and all expenses incurred to develop the software in order to bring it to operating condition less accumulated amortization and possible impairment. Significant subsequent expenses are capitalized when such increase the software's capacity after initial specifications.

Amortization of licenses and on the rights of use for land where Wind Parks are installed is accounted for, using the straight-line method over the duration of the contractual right for the production of energy (approximately 20 years), beginning from the period when each Wind Park starts operating. Amortization of software is accounted for based on the straight-line method over 3 years. The amortization of all the aforementioned items is included in the income statement.

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g) Income recognition

Income is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will result for the Group and that the relevant amounts can be accurately measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met for the recognition of income.

(i) Income from construction activities

The Group and the joint-ventures it participates in recognize income from construction contracts in their accounting books based on amounts invoiced to customers, which result from the relevant partial certifications of work completed that are issued by the responsible engineers and correspond to the work completed up to the closing date. For reasons of compliance with the IFRS income from construction activity is accounted for in the attached consolidated financial statements using the percentage-of-completion method in accordance with the provisions of IAS 11 "Construction Contracts".

According to the percentage-of-completion method the construction costs incurred up to the reporting date are compared to the total estimated cost of the project in order to determine the percentage of the project that has been completed. This percentage is applied to the total revised contract price in order to determine the cumulated income from the project, based on which the invoiced income to date is revised. The cumulated effect of the revisions of the total estimated construction cost and the total contract price are accounted for during the accounting periods in which they arise. In the cases of contracts where it is forecast that the total estimated cost will exceed the total contract price, the entire loss is recognized in the year during which the loss-making events become probable.

Non-invoiced accrued income relates to income recognized on the basis of the method described above that has not yet been invoiced. Non-accrued income comprises amounts invoiced up to the balance sheet date over and above the income calculated using the percentage-of-completion method.

Project execution down payments represent amounts received by the Group upon signing the relevant contracts and are proportionally netted-off with the partial invoicing. The remaining amount appears as a liability in the attached financial statements.

(ii) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods, net of trade discounts, sales incentive discounts and the corresponding VAT, is recognized when the significant risks and benefits from ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer.

(iii) Revenue from the sale of Electric Energy

Revenue from the sale of Electric Energy is accounted for in the year in which it accrues. Revenue from sales of electric energy to DESMHE or any other buyer that have not yet been invoiced is recognized as accrued non-invoiced income in the financial statements.

(iv) Rent Revenue

Rent revenue is recognized using the straight-line method, according to the terms of the lease.

(v) Dividends

Dividends are accounted for when the right to receive them has been finalized by the shareholders by virtue of a General Meeting resolution.

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(vi) Interest

Interest income is recognized on an accruals basis.

h) Tangible Fixed Assets

The Group has valued certain land, buildings, machinery and vehicles at fair value on January 1st, 2004 and these fair values have been used as implied cost at the date of transition to IFRS. The resulting surplus was credited to the profits carried forward account. The remaining land, buildings, machinery and vehicles are measured at purchase cost less accumulated depreciation and any provisions for impairment.

Repairs and maintenance are booked as expenses during the year in which they are incurred. Significant improvements are capitalized in the cost of the respective fixed assets provided that they augment the useful economic life, increase the production level or improve the efficiency of the respective fixed assets.

Tangible fixed asset items are eliminated from the balance sheet on disposal or withdrawal or when no further economic benefits are expected from their continued use. Gains or losses resulting from the elimination of an asset from the balance sheet are included in the income statement of the financial year in which the fixed asset in question is eliminated.

Fixed assets under construction include fixed assets that are work in progress and reflect their cost. Fixed assets under construction are not depreciated until the asset is completed and put into operation.

i) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated according to the straight-line method using rates that approximate the relevant useful economic lives of the respective assets. The useful economic lives per fixed asset category are as follows:

Asset Category	Years
Buildings and technical installations	8-30
Machinery and Technical Installations	3-20
Vehicles	5-12
Fixtures and Other Equipment	3-12

j) Impairment of the Value of Fixed Assets

The book values of licenses of Wind Parks that are not yet in operation and of intangible assets with an indefinite life are reviewed for impairment purposes on an annual basis. Other long-term assets are reviewed for impairment purposes when facts or changes in circumstances imply that the book value may not be recoverable. When the book value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the respective impairment loss is registered in the income statement. The recoverable amount is defined as the largest value between the net estimated sales price and the value in use. The net sales value is the plausible income from the sale of an asset in the context of an arm's-length transaction, in which all parties have full knowledge and willingness, after the deduction of each additional direct sales cost for the asset. The acquisition cost consists of the net present value of future estimated cash flows expected to occur from the continuous use of the asset and from the income expected to arise from its sale at the end of its estimated useful economic life. In order to determine the impairment, the asset items are grouped at the lowest level for which cash flows can be recognized separately.

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A reversal of an impairment loss for the value of assets accounted for in previous years, takes place only when there are sufficient indications that such an impairment no longer exists or it has been reduced. In these cases the above reversal is treated as income.

The Management assesses that there is no case of impairment of the Group's fixed assets and thus a calculation of the assets' recoverable amounts has not been made.

k) Investment property

Investments in property are those held for rent income or capital gain and are valued at their fair value that is based on market value, that is to say the amount the property is likely to be sold at the date of a transaction. The assessment, when necessary, is made by external professional evaluators. Profits or losses that arise from changes in the real value of investments in property are included in the income statement of the period during which they arise. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses in the year in which they are incurred. Material subsequent expenses are capitalized when they augment the useful economic life of the buildings, their productive capacity or reduce their operation cost. Investment properties are eliminated from the accounts upon sale. All gains or losses resulting from the sale of a property are included in the income statement of the year during which it was sold. Investment property under construction are recorded at cost value as tangible assets till their completion and then are transferred to investment property account.

l) Inventories

Inventories comprise machinery parts and raw and auxiliary materials of Wind Parks. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of raw materials, semi-finished and finished products is defined based on the weighted average method.

The cost of finished and semi-finished products includes all the realized expenses in order for them to reach the current point of storing and processing and consists of raw materials, labor costs, general industrial expenses and other costs that directly relate to the purchase of materials. The net realizable value of finished products is their estimated selling price during the Group's normal course of business less the estimated costs for their completion and the estimated necessary costs for their sale. The net realizable value of raw materials is their estimated replacement cost during the normal course of business. A provision for impairment is made if it is deemed necessary.

m) Receivables Accounts

Short-term receivables are accounted for at their nominal value less the provisions for doubtful receivables, while long-term receivables are valued at net amortized cost based on the effective interest rate method. At each reporting period all overdue or doubtful receivables are reviewed in order to determine the necessity for a provision for doubtful receivables. The balance of the specific provision for doubtful receivables is appropriately adjusted at each balance sheet date in order to reflect the estimated relevant risks. Each write-off of customer balances is debited to the existing provision for doubtful receivables.

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n) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Group considers time deposits and other highly liquid investments with a maturity less than three months, as cash and cash equivalents, as well as time deposits with a maturity over three months, which however include the right for early liquidation with no loss of capital.

For the preparation of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, deposits in banks and cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

o) Loan liabilities

All long-term and short-term loan liabilities are initially booked at cost, which is the actual value of the received payment less the issuance expenses related to the loan. After the initial recording, interest-bearing loans, except for loans classified as financial liabilities at fair value through the results, are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The amortized cost is calculated after taking into account the issuance expenses and the differences between the initial amount and the amount at maturity. Profits and losses are registered in the net profit or loss when the liabilities are written off or impaired and through the amortization procedure.

In case of a subsequent substantial amendment in the terms of an existing loan contract, the Group writes-off the existing liability, recognizes the new loan liability at fair value and the difference is registered in the results. In contrast, in case of a non-substantial amendment of the terms of the contract, the loan continues to be recognized at its amortized cost, until that time, and the Group re-defines the effective interest rate, in order for the amortized cost to equal the present value of the new amended cash flows of the loan. An amendment of loan terms is considered as non-substantial when the present value of cash flows of the new contract discounted with the initial effective interest rate, does not exceed 10% of the present value of the cash flows of the old loan contract.

The interest on loans is recognized as an expense in the period such arise according to the accrual principle, apart for loan interest that is allocated directly or indirectly to the acquisition or construction of selective tangible assets, which are capitalized during the period that is required to construct the assets and until such are ready for use. The Group classifies loans with embedded derivatives, whose financial characteristics are not linked closely with the loan agreement, as financial liabilities at fair value through the results during their initial recognition.

The Group classifies financial titles it issues in liabilities or equity, depending on the objective of the agreement, regardless of the legal form (shares, preferential shares, bonds etc.). When the group does not have a contractual right to avoid payments to holders of such financial titles, then such titles are classified in liabilities.

p) Provisions for Staff Retirement Indemnities

According to the provisions of L2112/20, the Group reimburses its retiring or dismissed employees, and the amount of the relevant indemnities depends on the years of service, the level of wages and the reason for exit from employment (dismissal or retirement).

The liabilities for staff retirement indemnities are calculated using the discounted value of future benefits that have accrued at the end of the year, based on the recognition of the employees' benefit rights during the duration of their expected working years.

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The above liabilities are calculated based on the financial and actuarial assumptions and are defined using the projected unit method of actuarial valuation. Net retirement costs for the period are included in the attached income statement and consist of the present value of benefits that have accrued during the year, the interest on the benefits' liability, the cost of prior service, the actuarial profit or loss and any other additional retirement costs. The prior service costs are recognized on a straight-line basis over the average period during which access to the program's benefits is earned. The liabilities for retirement benefits are not financed. As at the 1st of January 2004 (transition date to IFRS and compilation of initial Balance Sheet) the Group, applying the exemptions provided for by IFRS 1 for the first-time application of the IFRS, recognized the total actuarial losses that had accumulated as of the 1st of January 2004. During the compilation of subsequent financial statements TERNA, applying the general provisions of IAS 19, followed the "margin" method for the recognition of accumulated actuarial losses/profits.

Actuarial profits and losses are registered as income or expenses when the accumulated actuarial profit or losses for each program separately exceed 10% of the largest value between the liability of the defined benefit and the actual value of the program's assets. These profits or losses are systematically recorded during the expected average remaining working life of employees participating in the plans.

q) Government Pension Plans

The staff of the Group is mainly covered by the main Government Social Security Fund for the private sector (IKA) and which provides pension and medical-pharmaceutical benefits. Each employee is required to contribute part of his/her monthly salary to the fund, while part of the total contribution is covered by the Group. At the time of retirement, the pension fund is responsible for the payment of retirement benefits to the employees. Consequently, the Group has no legal or constructive obligation for the payment of future benefits according to this plan.

r) Income Tax (Current and Deferred)

Current and deferred taxes are calculated based on the financial statements of each of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements, according to the tax regulation effective in Greece or other tax frameworks under which the foreign subsidiaries operate. Income tax is calculated based on the earnings of each company as such are reformed on the companies' tax reports, on additional income taxes emerging from the Tax Authorities' tax audits and on deferred income taxes based on the enacted tax rates.

Deferred income tax is calculated using the liability method on all temporary differences between the tax base and the book value of assets and liabilities on the balance sheet date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax receivables are recognized for all the exempt temporary differences and transferable tax losses, to the extent that it is likely that there will be available taxable earnings, which will be set against the exempt temporary differences and the transferable unused tax losses.

The deferred tax assets are estimated during each reporting period and are reduced to the degree that it is not considered likely that there will be adequate taxable earnings against which part or the total of receivables from deferred income taxes may be used.

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Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated according to the tax rates that are expected to be in effect during the financial year when the asset will be realized or the liability will be settled, and are based on the tax rates (and tax regulations) that are effective or enacted during the reporting period.

Income tax that relates to items, which have been recognized in other comprehensive income, is directly recorded in other comprehensive income and not in the consolidated income statement.

s) Finance and Operating Leases

Finance leases, which essentially transfer to the Group all the risks and returns related to the leased fixed asset, are capitalized during the inception of the lease based on the leased asset's fair value or, if it is lower, on the present value of the minimal leases. Payments for finance leases are allocated between the financial expenses and the reduction of the financing liability, in order to achieve a fixed interest rate on the remaining portion of the liability. The financial expenses are debited directly to the results. Capitalized leased fixed assets are depreciated with the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the asset. Leases where the lessor maintains all the risks and returns related to ownership of the fixed asset, are recorded as operating leases. The payments of operating leases are recognized as an expense in the income statement on a constant basis for the duration of the lease.

t) Government Grants

Government grants relating to subsidies of tangible fixed assets are recognized when there is reasonable certainty that the grant will be received and all relevant terms will be met. These government grants are recorded in a deferred income account and are transferred to the income statement in equal annual installments based on the expected useful life of the asset that was subsidized, as a reduction to the relevant depreciation expense. When the grant relates to an expense it is recognized, as income during the period deemed necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis with the expenses it is meant to reimburse.

u) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Receivables

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is possible that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The provisions are reviewed during each reporting period and are adjusted in order to reflect the present value of expenses that are deemed necessary for the settlement of the liability. If the effect of the time value of money is significant, then provisions are calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows with a pre-tax rate, which reflects the market's current estimations for the time value of money, and wherever considered necessary, the risks related specifically to the obligation. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed, unless the probability of an outflow of economic benefits is small. Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed when an inflow of financial benefits is likely.

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v) Provision for wind park dismantlement and rehabilitation of environment

The Group forms provisions for the dismantlement of power generators from wind parks and the rehabilitations of environment. These provisions reflect the present value, during the reporting period, of the estimated cost, reduced by the estimated residual value of recoverable materials. The provisions are re-examined on each reporting date of the statement of financial position and are adjusted in order to reflect the present value of the expense that is expected to be cashed for the settlement of liability for dismantlement and rehabilitation.

The relevant provision is recorded increasingly of the cost value of wind power generators and is depreciated based on the straight line during a 20-year period in which the contract for the production of energy lasts. The depreciation-expense of the capitalized expenses for dismantlement and rehabilitation is included in the income statements together with the depreciations of wind parks.

Any changes of estimations regarding the estimated cost or the discount rate are added or deducted respectively from the cost of the asset. The discounting effect of estimated cost is recorded in income statements as interest expense.

w) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing net earnings with the average weighted number of common shares that are outstanding during each year, with the exception of the average common shares acquired by the Group as treasury-shares.

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net earnings attributed to shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

x) Acquisition of non-controlling interests

The Group records its transaction with non-controlling interests as transactions with owners. In case of a minority acquisition in subsidiaries, the possible difference between the acquisition cost and the book value of the non-controlling interest, is recognized in the statement of changes in equity.

y) Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedge Accounting

The Group uses derivative financial instruments when applying the hedging policy for cash flow risk emanating from changes in interest rates.

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified when:

- (a) During the opening of the hedging, the hedging relation and the Group's objective in relation to its risk management and strategy to undertake the hedging can be evidenced.
- (b) The hedging is expected to be fully effective as regards to offsetting changes in cash flows that are attributed to the hedged risk, according to the evidenced risk management strategy for the specific hedge.
- (c) As regards to hedges of estimated cash flows, the expected transaction with is the underlying of the hedge is highly probably and presents exposure to cash flow risk that may affect the results.
- (d) The effectiveness of the hedge is estimated reliably.
- (e) The hedge is assessed as fully effective throughout the entire year.

Derivatives that constitute hedging instruments are valued at the end of each reporting period.

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Derivatives that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting, profit or losses that arise from changes in fair value of such are recognized in the period's profit or loss.

Cash Flow Hedge Accounting

For cash flow hedges that meet the criteria for hedge accounting, the proportion of profit or loss from the derivative that is defined as an active hedge, are registered directly in reserves and the proportion defined as inactive hedge is registered in profit and loss. Profit or losses that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and cumulatively in the reserves, are transferred to Profit and Loss in the same period during which the hedge transaction affected the results. Hedge accounting is suspended when the hedging instrument matures or is sold, terminated or exercised or when the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting. The cumulative amount of profit or losses that had been recognized directly in equity until then remains in the reserves until the hedged item affects Profit and Loss. In case where a hedge transaction is no longer expected to take place, the net cumulative profit or losses that had been registered in reserves are directly transferred to Profit or Loss.

4. GROUP STRUCTURE

The participations in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures on 30.6.2013 are as follows:

A) Subsidiaries of TERNA ENERGY SA

i) Subsidiaries, with the legal form of a Société Anonyme or Limited Liability Company:

The parent company TERNA ENERGY SA has been audited by the tax authorities until the fiscal year 2008 included. During the preparation date of the accompanying interim financial statements, the tax un-audited fiscal years of the Group's companies are as follows:

Participation Percentage						
Company Name	30/6/2013	31/12/2012	Business Activity	Tax un- audited fiscal years		
1. IWECO CHONOS LASITHIOU CRETE SA	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
2. ENERGIAKI SERVOUNIOU SA	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
3. TERNA ENERGY EVROU SA	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
4. PPC RENEWABLES – TERNA ENERGY S.A.	51%	51%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
5. AIOLIKI PANORAMATOS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
6. AIOLIKI RACHOULAS DERVENOCHORION S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
7. ENERGEIAKI DERVENOHORION S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
8. AIOLIKI MALEA LAKONIAS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
9. ENERGEIAKI FERRON EVROU S.A	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		

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Participation Percentage						
Company Name	30/6/2013	31/12/2012	Business Activity	Tax un- audited fiscal years		
10. AIOLIKI DERVENI TRAIANOUPOLEOS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
11. ENERGEIAKI PELOPONNISOU S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
12. ENERGEIAKI NEAPOLEOS LAKONIAS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
13. AIOLIKI ILIOKASTROU S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
14. EUROWIND S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
15. ENERGIAKI XIROVOUNIOU S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
16. DELTA AXIOU ENERGEIAKI S.A.	51%	51%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
17. TERNA ENERGY THAASSIA WIND PARKS S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
18. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS XIROKAMPOS AKRATAS S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
19. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS PYRGAKI MAKRYRACHI KALLIEON S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
20. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS SOTIRA - ANALIPSI - DRAGONERA XYLOKASTROU S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
21. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS PROFITIS ILIAS - POULAGEZA SOLYGEIAS S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
22. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS TSOUMANOLAKKA - PYRGOS KALLIOEN & YPATIS S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
23. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS DENTROULI MUNICIPALITY DOMNISTAS S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
24. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS OROPEDIO EYROSTINIS - D. EYROSTINIS CORINTH PREFECTURE S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
25. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS KALIAKOUDAS - D. POTAMIAS EYRYTANIA S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
26. TERNA ENERGY WIND PARKS CHELIDONAS - D. POTAMIAS EYRYTANIAS S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
27. TERNA ENERGY HYDROELECTRIC MYIS SARANTAPOROU S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
28. TERNA ENERGY HYDROELECTRIC MYIS LEPTOMAKARIAS S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
29. TERNA ENERGY HYDROELECTRIC MYIS ARKOUDORREMA S.A.	77%	77%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
30. VATHYCHORI PERIVALLONTIKI S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	3		
31. VATHYCHORI ENA PHOTOVOLTAIC S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
32. CHRYSOUPOLI ENERGEIAKI LTD	80%	80%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		
33. LAGADAS ENERGEIAKI S.A.	80%	80%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2		

Participation Percentage					
Company Name	30/6/2013	31/12/2012	Business Activity	Tax un- audited fiscal years	
34. DOMOKOS ENERGEIAKI S.A.	80%	80%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
35. DIRFYS ENERGEIAKI S.A.	51%	51%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
36. FILOTAS ENERGEIAKI S.A.	90%	90%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
37. MALESINA ENERGEIAKI LTD	80%	80%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
38. ORHOMENOS ENERGEIAKI LTD	80%	80%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
39. ALISTRATI ENERGEIAKI LTD	80%	80%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
40. TERNA ENERGY AI-GIORIS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
41. TERNA AIOLIKI AMARYNTHOU S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
42. TERNA AIOLIKI AITOLOAKARNANIAS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
43. TERNA ILIAKI VIOTIAS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
44. VATHYCHORI DYO ENERGIAKI S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
45. TERNA AIOLIKI XIROVOUNIOU S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
46. TERNA ILIAKI ILIOKASTROU S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
47.TERNA ILIAKI PANORAMATOS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
48. AIOLIKI KARYSTIAS EVIAS S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6	
49. GEOTHERMAL ENERGY DEVELOPMENT S.A.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
50. TERNA ILIAKI PELOPONNISOU S.A.	100%	-	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
51. GP ENERGY LTD	100%	100%	Trade of Electric Energy	8	
52. EOL TECHNICS CONSULT SRL	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	4	
53.TERNA ENERGY OVERSEAS LTD	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	4	
54. EOLOS POLSKA sp.z.o.o.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
55. EOLOS NOWOGRODZEC sp.z.o.o.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
56. TERNA ENERGY NETHERLANDS BV	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	4	
57. HAOS INVEST 1 EAD	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
58. VALE PLUS LTD	100%	100%	Trade of Electric Energy Equipment	3	
59. GALLETTE LTD	100%	100%	Holdings	4	
60.ECO ENERGY DOBRICH 2 EOOD	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
61.ECO ENERGY DOBRICH 3 EOOD	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	

Participation Percentage					
Company Name	30/6/2013	31/12/2012	Business Activity	Tax un- audited fiscal years	
62.ECO ENERGY DOBRICH 4 EOOD	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
63. COLD SPRINGS WINDFARM LLC	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
64.DESERT MEADOW WINDFARM LLC	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
65.HAMMETTHILL WINDFARM LLC	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
66. MAINLINE WINDFARM LLC	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
67. RYEGRASS WINDFARM. LLC	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
68. TWO PONDS WINDFARM. LLC	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
69. MOUNTAIN AIR WIND. LLC	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	
70. TERNA ENERGY USA HOLDING CORPORATION	100%	100%	Holdings	2	
71. TERNA ENERGY TRANSATLANTIC sp.z.o.o.	100%	100%	Holdings	2	
72. EOLOS NORTH sp.z.o.o.	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	
73. EOLOS EAST sp.z.o.o.	100%	-	Production of Electric Energy from RES	1	

ii) Subsidiaries with the form of a General Partnership (G.P.)

Participation Percentage						
Company Name	30/6/2013	31/12/2012	Activity	Tax Un- audited Years		
1. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI POLYKASTROU GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
2. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA ENERGEIAKI VELANIDION LAKONIA GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
3. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA ENERGEIAKI DYSTION EVIA GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
4. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI PASTRA ATTICA GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
5. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA ENERGEIAKI ARI SAPPON GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
6. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI EASTERN GREECE GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
7. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI MARMARIOU EVIA GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
8. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA ENERGEIAKI PETRION EVIA GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
9. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI ROKANI DERVENOCHORION GP	99%	99%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		
10. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA ENERGEIAKI STYRON EVIA GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6		

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Participation Percentage					
Company Name	30/6/2013	31/12/2012	Activity	Tax Un- audited Years	
11. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA ENERGEIAKI KAFIREOS EVIA GP	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6	
12. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI PROVATA TRAIANOUPOLEOS	100%	100%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	6	
13. TERNA ENERGY SA VECTOR WIND PARKS GREECE - WIND PARK TROULOS G.P.	90%	90%	Production of Electric Energy from RES	2	

B) Joint ventures of TERNA ENERGY SA consolidated with the proportionate method

i) Joint Ventures

	Company Name	Participation Percentage 2013 & 2012	Tax un-audited fiscal years
1	J/V ENVAGELISMOU, PROJECT C'	50%	8
2	J/V TERNA ENERGY – TSAMPR. DRAMAS HOSPITAL	40%	8
3	J/V EPL DRAMAS	24%	8
4	J/V K. MANIOTIS - TERNA - TERNA ENERGY	37.5%	8
5	J/V/ EMBEDOS – PANTECHNIKI - TERNA ENERGY	50.1%	4
6	J/V THEMELI - TERNA ENERGY - TERNA SA IMPREGILO SPA	40%	4
7	J/V/ KL. ROUTSIS - TERNA ENERGY ABETE	50%	4

ii) General Partnerships (GP) and Limited Partnerships (LP)

		Participation	n Percentage		
Company Name	Establishment	30/6/2013	31/12/2012	Activity	Tax Un- audited Years
1. TERNA ENERGY SA - M.E.L. MACEDONIAN PAPER COMPANY SA & SIA CO-PRODUCTION GP	12.02.2001	50%	50%	Construction/ Operation of co-production unit of electricity for serving of needs of MEL	5
2. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA LP	24.05.2000	70%	70%	Completion of construction works of section Kakavia – Kalpaki	5

The above company No. 1 is currently inactive. The company No. 2 had essentially completed the aforementioned project from 2003.

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All aforementioned companies and joint ventures have been established in Greece, except for GP ENERGY LTD and HAOS INVEST 1EAD, ECO ENERGY DOBRICH 2, ECO ENERGY DOBRICH 3 and ECO ENERGY DOBRICH 4 which have been established in Bulgaria, EOL TECHICHS CONSULT SRL established in Romania, TERNA ENERGY OVERSEAS LTD, VALUE PLUS LTD and GALLETTE LTD established in Cyprus, EOLOS POLSKA Spzoo, EOLOS NOWOGRODZEC Spzoo, EOLOS NORTH sp.z.o.o., EOLOS EAST sp.z.o.o. and TERNA ENERGY TRANSATLANTIC Spzoo, which were established in Poland, TERNA ENERGY NETHERLANDS, which was established in Holland, and the companies COLD SPRINGS WINDFARM LLC, DESERT MEADOW WINDFARM LLC, HAMMETT HILL WINDFARM LLC, MAINLINE WINDFARM LLC, RYEGRASS WINDFARM LLC, TWO PONDS WINDFARM LLC, MOUNTAIN AIR WIND LLC, TERNA ENERGY USA HOLDING CORPORATION, which were established in the United States of America.

C) Associates of TERNA ENERGY SA

Company Name	Domicile	Perce	ipation entage %	Consolidation Method	Tax un-audited fiscal years
		2013	2012		
Renewable Energy Center RES Cyclades SA *	Greece	45	45	Equity	1
EN.ER.MEL. S.A.	Greece	48	-	Equity	1

^{*} Participation through IWECO CHONOS LASITHIOU CRETE S.A.

5. OPERATING SEGMENTS

An operating sector is a component of an economic entity: a) that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses that concern transactions with other components of the same economic entity) and, b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker of the entity to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess of its performance. The term "chief operating decision maker" defines the function of the Group that is responsible for the allocation of resources and the assessment of the economic entity's operating segments. For the application of IFRS 8, this function is assigned to the Managing Director (Chief Executive Officer).

The economic entity presents separately the information on each operating segment that fulfils certain criteria of characteristics and exceeds certain quantitative limits.

The amount of each element of the segment is that which is presented to the chief operating decision maker with regard to the allocation of resources to the segment and the evaluation of its performance.

The above information is presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position and comprehensive income according to the IFRS, whereas previously recorded operating segments –as presented in the financial statements of the previous period- require no modifications. The Group recognizes the following operating segments that must be reported, whereas no other segments exist that could be incorporated in the "other segments" category.

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

<u>Construction:</u> refers, almost exclusively, to contracts for the construction of technical projects.

<u>Electricity from renewable sources of energy:</u> refers, mainly, to the electricity production from wind generators (wind parks), photovoltaic parks and hydroelectric plants.

In line with the application of the revised standard, the Group allocates –whenever such allocation is not possible to be made directly- all assets and liabilities per segment as well as the corresponding income and expenses for the period, such as financial results and income tax.

Apart from the income tax receivables that can be allocated directly to the corresponding segment, the allocation of the income tax expense, liabilities and other receivables is based on the financial results of each segment for the period.

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

Business segments	Construction	Electricity from renewable	Consolidation	Total Consolidated
30.6.2013		energy sources	Write-offs	.
Income from external customers				
Sales of products	-	51,424	-	51,424
Income from construction services	16,065	<u>-</u>	-	16,065
Total income from external customers	16,065	51,424	-	67,489
Inter-segment income	5,078	-	(5,078)	-
Total income	21,143	51,424	(5,078)	67,489
Net Earnings per Segment	8	5,314	-	5,322
Depreciations	(51)	(18,269)	-	(18,320)
Amortization of grants	-	3,653	-	3,653
Net financial results	(302)	(10,029)	-	(10,331)
Foreign exchange differences	-	(419)	-	(419)
Income tax	56	(4,200)	-	(4,144)
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation & amortization (EBIDTA)	305	34,578	-	34,883
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	254	19,962	-	20,216
Segment assets	29,421	1,083,611	-	1,113,032
Investments in associates	-	5,451	-	5,451
Total Assets	29,421	1,089,062	-	1,118,483
Segment liabilities	29,659	736,830	-	766,489
Loan liabilities 30.6.2013	-	382,884		382,884
Cash 30.6.2013	(1,654)	(107,073)		(108,727)
Net debt / (surplus) 30.6.2013	(1,654)	275,811		274,157
Capital expenditure	11	14,517	-	14,528

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Business segments	Construction	Electricity from renewable	Consolidation	Total Consolidated
30.6.2012	-	energy sources	Write-offs	
Income from external customers				
Sales of products	-	38,244	-	38,244
Income from construction services	16,968	<u> </u>	-	16,968
Total income from external customers	16,968	38,244	-	55,212
Inter-segment income	2,403	-	(2,403)	-
Total income	19,371	38,244	(2,403)	55,212
Net Earnings per Segment	(118)	8,342	-	8,224
Depreciations	(74)	(11,141)	-	(11,215)
Amortization of grants	-	1,969	-	1,969
Net financial results	(122)	(6,557)	-	(6,679)
Foreign exchange differences	-	372	-	372
Income tax	(165)	(3,081)	-	(3,246)
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation & amortization (EBIDTA)	243	26,780	-	27,023
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	169	17,608	-	17,777
31.12.2012				
Segment assets	25,152	1,150,510	-	1,175,662
Investments in associates		5,391	-	5,391
Total Assets	25,152	1,155,901		1,181,053
Segment liabilities	25,929	792,070		817,999
Loan liabilities 30.6.2012	-	383,336		383,336
Cash 30.6.2012	(2,077)	(109,694)		(111,771)
Net debt / (surplus) 30.6.2012	(2,077)	273,642		271,565
Capital expenditure	43	216,594	-	216,637

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Geographic segments 30.06.2013	Greece	Eastern Europe	America	Total consolidated
Turnover from external customers	50,296	9,935	7,258	67,489
Non-current assets	484,568	129,669	203,450	817,687
Capital expenditure	7,225	2,348	4,955	14,528
30.06.2012				
Turnover from external customers	48,703	6,509	-	55,212
31.12.2012				
Non-current assets	465,965	137,930	205,626	809,521
Capital expenditure	27,147	33,431	156,059	216,637

6. FIXED ASSETS (intangible and tangible)

The summary movement of intangible and tangible fixed assets, is as follows:

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Net book value as at 1 January	799,013	612,522	131,793	135,428	
Additions during the period	14,528	139,500	366	2,673	
Depreciation and other movements	(18,320)	(15,697)	(4,157)	(4,087)	
Foreign Exchange Differences	(2,290)	-	-	-	
Net book value as at 30 June	792,931	736,325	128,002	134,014	

From the total value of the Group's fixed assets on 30/6/2013, an amount of € 146,422 concerns Assets under Construction and Prepayments for Purchases of Fixed Assets.

7. CAPITAL

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated 25 April 2013, decided on the increase of the Company's share capital by the amount of euro 9,838,716 with capitalization of part of the share premium account with increase of the nominal value per share from euro 0.30 to euro 0.39 and at the same time the General Meeting decided on the decrease of the Company's share capital by the amount of 9,838,716 with decrease of the nominal value per share from euro 0.39 to 0.30 euro and the return of the respective amount to shareholders. Following the above, the Company's share capital amounts to euro 32,795,721 and is divided into 109,319,070 common registered shares with a nominal value of euro 0.30 each. During the period 01.01.2013 − 30.06.2013 the Company bought back 3,350,254 shares with an acquisition value of 8,451 thousand euro. The total number of treasury shares held by the company on 30.06.2013 corresponded to 4,587,829 shares, namely a percentage of 4.197% of the company's total share capital, with a total acquisition cost of € 10,204 thousand.

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

8. LOANS

The summary movement of the short-term and long-term loans of the group and company during 30.06.2013 and 30.06.2012, is presented as follows:

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Balance 1 January	422,465	305,073	71,086	75,077	
New loans	51,122	152,074	10,510	11,796	
Foreign Exchange Differences	(1,859)	-	-	-	
Repayment of loans	(88,844)	(73,810)	(15,668)	(10,430)	
Balance 30 June	382,884	383,337	65,928	76,443	

The total loans concern the energy segment of the Group and are related to financing wind park installations.

9. FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES

The liabilities and receivables from financial derivatives on 30.06.2013 and 30.06.2012 are analyzed as follows:

			GR	OUP	COMPANY		
	Nominal Value		rinal Value Fair Value of Fair Value of Liability of Liabili		Fair Value of Liability	Fair Value of Liability	
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	
Interest Rate Swaps:	-	158,815	-	7,306	-	-	
Interest Rate Swaps:	6,563	6,563	397	354	397	354	
Interest Rate Swaps:	5,772	-	245	-	-	-	
Interest Rate Swaps:	17,000	-	1,047	-	-	-	
Interest Rate Swaps: Synthetic Forward	15,400	-	271	-	-	-	
Foreign Exchange Swaps:	-	50,000	-	1,220	-	1,220	
			1,960	8,880	397	1,574	

		•	GR	OUP	COMPANY					
	Nominal	Nominal Value		Nominal Value		inal Value		Fair Value of Receivable	Fair Value of Receivable	Fair Value of Receivable
	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	30.6.2013	30.6.2012	30.6.2013	30.6.2012				
Interest Rate Swaps:	25,000	-	1,182	-						
			1,182	-	-					

The above amount of receivables is included in the Non-Current Assets account "Other investments".

It is Group policy to minimize its exposure to cash flow interest rate risk as regards to long-term financing. The Group applies hedge accounting for the above agreements, and the loss from their valuation has been recognized in the account "Losses from cash flow hedges" in the statement of comprehensive income.

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10. PROVISIONS

The summary movement of the group's and company's provisions on 30.06.2013 and 30.06.2012, is analyzed as follows:

	GR	OUP	COMPANY			
	2013 2012		2013	2012		
Balance 1 January	4,328	2,718	1,191	1,064		
Additional provisions charged in the period's						
results	43	72	43	72		
Additional provisions charged on assets	442	-	-	-		
Used provisions	(105)	(37)	(105)	(37)		
Foreign Exchange Differences	(96)	-	_	-		
Balance 30 June	4,612	2,753	1,129	1,099		

11. GRANTS

The summary movement of the group's and company's grants on 30.06.2013 and 30.06.2012, is presented as follows:

	GRO	OUP	COMPANY			
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Balance 1 January	288,885	184,067	49,494	36,134		
Approved and received grants	-	8,306	-	2,635		
Approved and non-received grants	-	5,669	-	-		
Transfer of the period's proportion to the results	(3,652)	(1,969)	(639)	(654)		
Foreign Exchange Differences	514	-	-	-		
Balance 30 June	285,747	196,073	48,855	38,115		

12. OTHER INCOME/EXPENSES

The analysis of the amount of other income/expenses for 30 June 2013 and 2012 respectively, which are of irregular nature, is presented in the following table:

	GRO	UP	COMPANY			
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Amortization of grants	3,652	1,969	639	654		
Income from lease of property	119	68	41	41		
Income from insurance indemnities	388	204	388	204		
Other income	628	170	107	84		
Foreign exchange differences	(419)	372	-	(39)		
Windfall Tax of Law 4093/2012	(3,850)	-	(1,416)	-		
Total	518	2,783	(241)	944		

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13. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of employees under full-time employment at the group, during the first half of 2013 was 183 employees and at the company 163 (152 and 140 employees respectively during the first half of 2012).

14. INCOME TAX

The expense for income tax is registered based on the best possible estimation by management of the weighted average annual tax rate for a full year.

The weighted tax rate for 30.06.2013 was 43.78% for the Group and 30.66% for the Company.

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The transactions of the Company and the Group with related parties for the period 01.01 - 30.06.2013 and 01.01 - 30.06.2012, as well as the balances of receivables and liabilities that resulted from the above transactions as of 30.06.2013 and 30.06.2012 are as follows:

1/1-30/6/2013		GR	OUP		COMPANY						
Related party	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances			
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	3,044	145	57,537	16,730			
Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Parent	64	86	7,238	15	53	86	3,006	15			
Other related parties Basic management	1,775	600	22,891	2,725	1,446	500	9,030	1,471			
executives	-	602	-	426	-	593	-	426			
Period											

1/1-30/6/2012	1/1-30/6/2012 GROUP						COMPANY							
Related party	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances						
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	2,860	91	41,619	16,807						
Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-	-	611	-						
Parent	27	86	1,618	-	27	86	1,608	-						
Other related parties	1,514	860	9,231	1,083	1,514	778	8,718	1,056						
Basic management executives	-	1,150	-	550	-	532	-	400						

16. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE PERIOD

The receipt of a 77 mil USD grant, which concerned the company's project in IDAHO U.S.A. was concluded, thus significantly reducing the Group's short-term debt. Moreover, a license was issued in Greece for the installation of a 29.7MW wind park and an operation license was issued also in Greece for a photovoltaic park of 1.49MW. In Poland a Wind Park of 8MW was set into operation.

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In the construction segment, the Company signed an agreement for the construction of the project "Restoration of the electromovement – telemanagement system of the railway line section Acharnes – Tithorea", with a contractual price of $\[\in \] 21,223,162.$

The total construction backlog towards third parties on 30 June 2013 amounts to € 63.6 million.

17. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The company was announced as the lowest bidder for the tender bid of the Integrated Waste Management of the Peloponnese Prefecture through Public and Private Partnerships.

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the execution of projects, the Group may face contingent legal claims by third parties. According to the Management, as well as the legal counselor of the Group there are no cases under litigation or arbitration except from the following:

Several claims made at the Council of State for cancellation of the planned installation of the Wind Park by the subsidiary "AIOLIKI PANORAMATOS DERVENOCHORION SA", are pending. The court session took place in November 2009 and the Council of State has ordered a pause on the building works for 17 out of 40 wind generators.

PERISTERIS GEORGIOS

MARAGOUDAKIS EMMANUEL

THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

THE HEAD ACCOUNTANT

DELIKATERINIS VASILIOS

MANAVERIS NIKOLAOS

Semi-Annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2013 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

V. DATA AND INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD 1.1 – 30.6.2013

	TERNA ENERGY S.A. Reg. No.318/06/B/86/28 85 Mesogeion Ave., 11526 Athens Greece BATA AND INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 01/01/2013 TO 30/06/2013 In accordance with the Decision No. 48/07/28.4.2009 issued by the Board of Directors of the Hollenic Capital Market Commission The following data and information that have been derived from the financial statements are providing general information on the financial position and results of TERNA ENERGY SA and its Group. Therefore, before proceeding with any kind of investment choice or other transaction with the company's weekles where the financial statements are providing entered in the new rewire upon the legisla auditor, when applicable.										
			COMPANY INFORMATION								
Relevant Authority: Board of Directors' Composition:	Ministry of Development Compe Division of Société Anonyme Co Georgios Peristeris (chairman), chairman), Emmanuel Maragouc Georgios Spyrou (executive dire Panagiotis Pothos (executive me executive member), Aristeidis Ni (independent non executive mer	mpanies and Credit Georgios Perdikaris (vice- dadis (managing director), ictor), Michael Gourzis & embers), Theodoros Tagas (non tasis & Nikolaos Kalamaras	Approval Date by the Board of Directors of the Interim Financial Statements Legal Auditor: Auditing Firm: Type of Review Report: Company Website:	Deligiannis Georgios	s (SOEL Reg. No. : 1579 N SA (SOEL Reg. No.: 1	11) 27)					
STATEMENT O	F FINANCIAL POSITION			8	STATEMENT OF COMP	REHENSIVE I	NCOME				
Amounts (Consolidated & non-consolidated data)	s in thousand euro <u>GROUP</u> 30/6/2013 31/12/2012	COMPANY 30/6/2013 31/12/2012	(Consolidated & non-consolidated data)	1/1-30/6/2013	Amounts in thousand et <u>GROUP</u> 1/4-30/6/2013 1/1	-30/6/2012	1/4-30/6/2012	1/1-30/6/2013	COMI 1/4-30/6/2013	1/1-30/6/2012	1/4-30/6/2012
ASSETS Self used tangible fixed assets	763.512 769.424	126.515 130.263	Turnover Gross profit / (losses) Earnings/(Loss) before interest and tax (EBIT)	67.489 27.228 19.797	32.456 10.653 6.477	55.212 23.063 18.149	29.124 12.151 9.774	35.800 10.102 5.226	19.477 4.017 1.501	32.086 8.225 4.372	16.874 3.932 1.512
Investment property Intangible assets	923 923 29.419 29.589	923 923 1.487 1.530	Earnings/(Loss) before tax	9.466	1.643	11.470	5.728	4.227	1.154	3.302	794
Other non-current assets Inventories	32.727 17.325 4.909 3.303	273.612 288.569 4.598 2.959	Earnings/(Loss) after tax (A) Allocated to:	5.322	(387)	8.224	3.993	2.931	598	2.449	359
Trade receivables Cash & cash equivalents	57.811 56.805 108.727 126.778	47.919 42.369 22.181 27.556	Company Shareholders Non controlling interests	5.070 252	(513) 126	7.920 304	3.856 137				
Other current assets TOTAL ASSETS	120.455 176.906 1.118.483 1.181.053	28.503 27.702 505.738 521.871		5.322	(387)	8.224	3.993				
			Other comprehensive income after taxes (B) Total comprehensive income after taxes (A+B)	1.859 7.181	467 80	(3.781) 4.443	(5.530) (1.537)	173 3.104	609	(1.319) 1.130	(1.319) (960)
EQUITY & LIABILITIES Share capital	32.796 32.796	32.796 32.796	Allocated to: Company Shareholders Non controlling interests	6.929 252	(46) 126	4.139 304	(1.674) 137				
Other items of Shareholders' Equity Total Shareholders' Equity (a)	316.565 327.929 349.361 360.725	303.609 318.795 336.405 351.591	rear continuing interests	252 7.181	80	4.443	(1.537)				
Non-controlling interests (b) Total Equity (c) = (a) + (b)	2.633 2.329 351.994 363.054	336.405 351.591	Earnings/(Losses) after tax per share - basic (in €)	0,0476	(0,0049)	0,0726	0,0354	0,0275	0,0057	0,0224	0,0033
Long-term bank liabilities Provisions/Other-long-term liabilities	295.572 292.582 332.943 337.048	54.123 61.934 50.502 51.224	Earnings/(Losses) before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)	34.883	14.298	27.395	14.302	8.744	3.266	7.804	3.160
Short-term bank liabilities Other-short-term liabilities Total liabilities (d)	87.312 129.883 50.662 58.486 766.489 817.999	11.805 9.152 52.903 47.970									
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES (c) + (d)	766.489 817.999 1.118.483 1.181.053	169.333 170.280 505.738 521.871		ST	ATEMENT OF CASH F	OWS (indired	t method)				
				Amounts	in thousand euro GROUP	LOTTO (manee	i memouj		COMPANY		
STATEMENT O	OF CHANGES IN EQUITY		(Consolidated & non-consolidated data) Operating activities	1/1-30/6/2013		-30/6/2012		1/1-30/6/2013		1/1-30/6/2012	
Amounts	in thousand euro GROUP	COMPANY	Profit before tax Plus/less adjustments for:	9.466		11.470		4.227		3.302	
(Consolidated & non-consolidated data) Total equity at beginning of period (01/01/2013 and	30/6/2013 363.054 369.609	30/6/2013 30/6/2012 351.591 361.121	Depreciation Provisions	18.320 (62)		11.215 35		4.157 (62)		4.087 35	
01/01/2012) Total comprehensive income after taxes Purchases / (sales) of treasury shares	7.181 4.443 (8.451) (1.371)	3.104 1.130 (8.451) (1.371)	Interest income and related income Interest expenses and related expenses Foreign exchange differences	(2.399) 12.730 419		(2.146) 8.825		(2.144) 3.143		(2.449) 3.519	
Return of share capital Cancellation of treasury shares	(9.787) (5.206)	(9.839) (5.206)	Amortization of grants Other adjustments	(3.653)		(1.969)		(639)		(655)	
Dividends Transfers - other movements	0 (6.680)	0 (6.680) 0 1	Operating profit before changes in working capital Plus/Less adjustments for working capital account movements	35.238		27.058		8.682		7.839	
Total equity at end of period (30/06/2013 and 30/06/2012)	351.994 360.791	336.405 348.994	or movements related to operating activities:								
			Decrease / (increase) in inventories Decrease / (increase) in receivables	(1.605) (14.973)		87 (15.594)		(1.639) (5.428)		53 10.500	
			(Decrease) / increase in liabilities (other than to banks) (Less): Taxes paid	3.038		(16.287)		(4.431)		(18.478)	
ADDITIONAL DA	ATA AND INFORMATION		Total inflows / (outflows) from operating activities (a)	19.772		(6.154)		(3.650)		(534)	
There was no change in the accounting policies and est or reclassification of accounts in the financial statements.		correction of accounting errors	Investing activities Purchases of tangible & intangible assets	(11.945)		(112.413)		(366)		(2.673)	
The Basic Accounting Principles of the financial statements. The group during the present period employed 183 indi	ents as of 31/12/2012 have been fi	ollowed.	Grants received Interest received	58.084 3.391		8.306 1.796		1.230		2.636 1.611	
individuals. During the present period the company emplo previous year the company employed 140 individuals.	oyed 163 individuals, while during t	he respective period of the	(Purchases)/sales of participations and securities Net change of provided loans	(15.628)		(790)		(598) 15.310		(33.924) (22.785)	
The Company has been audited by the tax authorities used financial report refers to the tax un-audited fiscal years of 5. Claims to cancel the planned installation of the Wind Parameters.	up to fiscal year 2008 included. Not the consolidated entities.	e No 4 of the semi-annual	Total inflows / (outflows) from investing activities (b)	33.902		(103.101)		15.576		(55.135)	
DERVENOCHORION SA" are pending before the Council	I of State. The hearing of the case	took place in November 2009,	Financing activities								
and until it issues its decision, the Council of State has ord 40 wind generators under construction. Reference to such			Purchases of treasury shares Return of share capital	(8.451) (549) 1.439		(1.371) - 107 708		(8.451) (549) (7.768)		(1.371)	
Earnings per share were calculated based on the weigh The financial statements of the group are included in the	hted average number of shares.	of GEK TERNA SA	Net change in long-term loans Net change in short-term loans Dividends paid	(40.533)		(36.483)		2.645		(6.680)	
consolidated with the full consolidation method. The afore 30/6/2013 owned 47.0251% of the company's share capit.	mentioned parent company is registal.	stered in Greece and on	Change in financial liabilities Interest paid	(11.790) (11.605)		(10.546)		(3.178)		(3.416)	
8. The amounts of sales and purchases (goods and service as the balances of receivables and liabilities of the compa	es) cumulatively from the beginning any at the end of the present period	g of the financial period, as well d, that have emerged from its	Total inflows / (outflows) from financing activities (c) Effect of FX differences on cash equivalents (d)	(71.489) (236)		52.628 606		(17.301)		(10.204)	
transactions with its related parties, as such are defined by	y IAS 24, are as follows:	GROUP COMPANY	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period (a) + (b) + (c) + (d)	(18.051)		(56.021)		(5.375)		(65.873)	
a) Sales of goods and services b) Purchases of goods and services		1.839 4.543 686 731	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	126.778 108.727	_	167.792 111.771		27.556 22.181		121.798 55.925	
c) Receivables d) Liabilities	d avec tives	30.129 69.573 2.740 18.216		-				_		-	
e) Transactions & remuneration of Board members and f) Receivables from Board members and executives a) Liabilities to Board members and executives	u executives	602 593 426 426									
g) Liabilities to Board members and executives The provisions of the company and group are presented analyzed as follows:	d in detail in note 10 of the semi-ar										
Provision for unaudited tax years	GROUP COMPANY 80 80										
Other provisions 10. The names, domiciles, participation percentages and of the names of the na	4.803 1.320	s and joint ventures that were									
consolidated in the financial statements of 30/06/2013 are	e mentioned in detail in Note 4 of th	e financial statements.									
11. During 30 June 2013 no new company was incorporat that ended on 31 December 2012.											
During 30 June 2013 the following company was incorfinancial statements compared to the respective period of Company Name	the previous year:	metnod in the consolidated									
Company Name EOLOS EAST sp.z.o.o. 13. The number of treasury shares owned by the company		stablishment 23.7.2012 n 4 587 829 shares with a total									
acquisition cost of 10,204.33 thousand €. 14. The amounts and nature of other comprehensive incomprehensive	•	alyzed as follows:									
Income tax recognized directly in equity		GROUP COMPANY 52 140									
Foreign exchange differences from conversion of incorporated Income / expenses from hedging of cash flow risk Expenses for share capital increase of subsidiary	u rureign operations	(721) - 2.811 141 (283) (109)									
Expenses for share capital increase of subsidiary 15. No sector or company has ceased operations.		(283) (108) 1.859 173									
Social of company has ceased operations.											
			Athens, 26/08/2013								
THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD	THE MA	NAGING DIRECTOR	THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFF	FICER			THE HEAD ACCOU	UNTANT			
GEORGIOS PERISTERIS ID No. : AB 560298		JEL MARAGOUDAKIS No.: AB 986527	VASILIS DELIKATERINI ID No.: AI 03606				NIKOLAOS M ID No.:AE	567798			
							License Reg. No.				