



PIRAEUS PORT AUTHORITY S.A

**SIX-MONTH
FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE PERIOD**

JANUARY 1 – JUNE 30, 2018

(IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS
AS ADOPTED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION)

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Statements of the Members of the Boards of Directors

(in accordance with article 5 par. 2 of L. 3556/2007)

The following statements, which are effected in accordance with article 5 par. 2 of the L. 3556/2007, as applicable, are given by the following Members of the Board of Directors of the Company:

1. FU Chengqiu, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Managing Director
2. FENG Boming, Member of Board of Directors
3. ZHU Jianhui, Member of the Board of Directors

The undersigned, in our above-mentioned capacity, and in particular the third as specifically appointed by the Board of Directors of the societe anonyme company under the name "Piraeus Port Authority Societe Anonyme" and trade title "PPA S.A." (hereinafter referred to as "Company" or as "PPA"), we state and we assert that to the best of our knowledge:

- (a) the interim condensed financial information of the Company for the period from January 1, 2018 to June 30, 2018, which were compiled according to the applicable International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, provide a true and fair view of the assets and the liabilities, the equity and the results of the period of the Company, according to that stated in paragraphs 3 to 5 of article 5 of the L.3556/2007 and the relevant executive Decisions of the Board of Directors of the Capital Market Commission.
- (b) the Report of the Board of Directors of the Company provide a true and fair view of the evolution, the achievements and the financial position of the Company, including the description of the main risks and uncertainties they face and relevant information that is required according to paragraphs 6 of article 5 of the L. 3556/2007, and the relevant executive Decisions of the Board of Directors of the Capital Market Commission.

Piraeus, September 26, 2018

FU CHENGQIU

FENG BOMING

ZHU JIANHUI

Chairman of the
Board of Directors and
Managing Director
Passport No E92044606

Member of the
Board of Directors
Passport No PE0484459

Member of the
Board of Directors
Passport No PE0844394

BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT ON THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION
of
«PIRAEUS PORT AUTHORITY S.A. -OLP S.A.»
(according to the regulations of par. 6 of article 5 of L. 3556/2007)

Regarding the Interim Condensed Financial information
for the six month period ended June 30, 2018

The Board of Directors report on the interim condensed financial information was compiled and is in accordance with the prevailing legislation (par. 6 art. 5 of L.3556/2007) and the administrative decisions of the Capital Market Commission's Board of Directors (1/434/3-7-2007, 7/448/11-10-2007).

The report aims to inform investors about:

- The financial status, results and the general prospects of the Company for the aforementioned period as well as changes that were made.
- The most important events that took place in the first semester of the current financial period and their effect on the half year financial reports .
- The risks and uncertainties that may arise for the company within the 2nd semester of 2018.
- The transactions and balances between the Company and any related parties, as well as the Board of Directors members' remuneration.

A. REPORT ON 1ST SEMESTER 2018

Period results:

Statement of comprehensive income

i. Revenues

Total revenues for the first semester amounted to € 63.5 million, which - compared to the same period of 2017 (€ 52.0 million) – increased by € 11.5 million or 22.1%. This increase is due to the significant increase in revenue from the concession agreement of Pier II+III, container terminal sector, car terminal sector as well ship repairing sector by 29.5%, 20.1%, 29.7% and 48.3% or by € 6.1 million, € 2.1 million, 1.8 million and € 1.5 million respectively. On the contrary, a slight decrease of 10.0%, or by approximately € 0.4 million, occurred in the revenues of cruise sector.

ii. Other income

Other income for the period amounted to € 5.5 million, compared to the corresponding period of 2017 (€ 3.7 million), increased by € 1.8 million or 48.6%. The change is mainly due to the increase in the reverse of unused provision for bad debtors of € 1,4 million as well as the increases in the reversal of provision for legal cases amounting to € 1.4 million (Note 22). This increase mainly mitigated by the decrease by 1.0 million in the other operating income from unused provisions and European Union programs.

iii. Expenses

The key operating costs are the staff costs which in the 1st semester of 2018 decreased to € 28.8 million from € 30.2 million in the 1st semester of 2017. The significant decrease is mainly due to the granting of voluntary retirement incentives to those employees who have been entitled to retirement with any provisions and according to specific conditions set by the administration. Until June 30, 2018, the use of incentives was made by 7 employees and 1 worker who received voluntary incentives of € 0.3 million. Also, due to the use of incentives by a total of 83 employees of the Company since the initial application of the voluntary retirement, there was a decrease in wages and employers' contributions of € 1.1 million compared to the corresponding semester of 2017.

As far as the other non-personnel costs are concerned, the largest increase is noticed in "Third Party Fees" and "Concession Agreement Fee", which amounted to € 7.0 million versus € 5.7 million. The changes were mainly due to the increase from electricity and water supply, in the concession fee to Greek State, insurance premiums mainly on property and the repairs of buildings.

A significant increase to the provision for legal cases by € 1.3 million recorded in the current period, where no such provision for the prior period was recorded.

Depreciation expenses amounted to € 7.0 million (June 30, 2017: € 6.7 million) present an increase, due to the depreciation on period's additions.

Finally, a significant increase by € 2.2 million was noted in the provision for trade debtors and other receivables relating to the expected credit losses due to the change of Company's accounting policy by the adoption of IFRS 9, where no such provision for the prior period was recorded.

iv. Other Operating Expenses

Other operating expenses for the period amounted to € 0.4 million, compared to the corresponding period of 2017 (€ 0.8 million), showing a slight decrease of € 0.4 million. The decrease is mainly due to the reduction of the compensation paid to third parties.

Statement of financial position

i. Total Assets

Total assets at June 30, 2018 amounted to € 374,6 million, higher by 2.9% or € 10.7 million at (December 31, 2017: € 363.9 million).

The increase in total assets is mainly due to the increase of the net book value of property, plant and equipment by the amount of € 25.1 million which includes the purchase of floating dock and payment for the completion of oil pier, totaling to € 32.5 million.

This increase of above assets was partly offset, mainly by the decrease of € 13.7 million in cash and cash equivalents compared to December 31, 2017.

ii. Total Liabilities

Total liabilities at June 30, 2018 amounted to € 180.1 million (31.12.2017: € 178.0 million).

The difference in total liabilities is mainly due to the changes in the following:

- the reduction of long term borrowings by € 3.0 million due to the repayment of two installments,
- the decrease of the deferred income by € 0.6 million,
- the decrease of provisions for legal cases by € 0.5 million (Note 13) as well as the reduction of the government grants by € 0.4 million.

These decreases were mainly offset by the increase of income taxes payable by € 5.2million as well as the increase in trade payables by € 1.5 million.

Alternative Performance Measures (APMs):

Financial Structure ratios

	<u>30.06.2018</u>		<u>31/12/2017</u>
1. <u>Current assets</u>	76,412,531.06		90,100,075.63
Current liabilities	39,833,612.46	1.92	33,349,325.73
2. <u>Borrowings</u>	65,537,484.22		68,568,507.92
Total equity	194,488,237.45	0.34	185,899,439.73

Performance and efficiency ratios
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	<u>30.06.2018</u>		<u>30.06.2017</u>
3. <u>EBITDA</u>	25,729,711.88		15,169,218.28
Revenue	63,514,414.55	0.41	52,038,757.04

The Company uses as Alternative Performance Measures (“APMs”) the above ratios in the context of making decisions concerning its financial, operational and strategic planning, as well as assessing and publishing its performance. These APMs help to understand better the Company 's financial and operating results, financial position and cash flow statement. Alternative performance measures (APMs) must always be taken into account in combination with the financial results prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and will not replace the latter under any circumstances.

B. Highlights of the 1st semester 2018
Major Projects

- Presented (22.01.2018) at a public consultation the PPA SA proposals for the “Master Plan of the Piraeus Port”, as provided by the Concession Agreement between PPA SA and Hellenic Republic, according to:
 - (i) the laws and regulations of general implementation, together with all the existing applicable regulatory rules,
 - (ii) the methodology and specifications quoted in the “Specifications of Master Plan” document,
 - (iii) the regulations and guidelines for the establishment of Program Design as listed in ANNEX 6.2 of the Concession Agreement 2016.

- Arrived in March 2018 in Perama ship Repair Zone the new "PIRAEUS III" floating dock of 22,000 tons lifting capacity, which can serve ships up to 240 m. length, 35 m. width, with transport capacity of 80,000 tons (PANAMAX) and on April 2018 completed the procedure for its installation and mooring in a permanent position and performed its trial operation with the first ship's docking. The floating dock has not yet received all the relevant permissions and certifications by the responsible organization, Hellenic Register of Shipping. In addition, in the Ship Repair Zone, extensive works for the infrastructure improvement are carried out, such as:
 - Upgrading of the quay wall.
 - Reconstruction of dock floors.
 - Repair / reconstruction of tracks.
 - Improvement of electromechanical installations and networks.
- Started the project of redesigning and replacement of the PPA's network infrastructure (assigned to Huawei Technologies). By modernizing its network infrastructure, PPA SA will enjoy network services of guaranteed availability, high-speed data rates from 20Gbps up to 80Gbps, capable of supporting any future need as well as shielding against network threats.
- Submitted for approval to the Independent Engineer the study for the Project "Passenger Port Expansion (Southern Zone Phase A)"
- Submitted to Prefecture of Attica (having previously been approved by Specification Consultant and Supervisor (SCS) the projects:
 - Construction of the new drain system (boxed storm water channel) in the G2 Ro-Ro Terminal,
 - Provision and installation of Cone Cranes Fenders in Pier I.
- Approved:
 - the call of tendering process and afterwards the tender result for the procurement of three (3) engine powered 8-ton forklift trucks for the PPA SA Car Terminal of, at the amount of € 235.200 plus VAT,
 - the carrying out of tendering process for the procurement of twenty (20) tractors for the operational needs of Container Terminal Department,
 - the call of tendering process and afterwards the tender result for the procurement of two (2) crane telescopic spreaders for the coverage of Container Terminal operational needs, at the amount of € 478.800 plus VAT.

C. Evolution of Business Activities.

Cruise

Passenger traffic in the cruise sector during the first half of 2018 recorded mixed signs. In particular, homeport passengers recorded an increase of 2.8%, while transit passengers decreased by 17.5%. As a result, the total passenger cruise work during the first half of 2018 decreased by approximately 12.1% compared to the first half of 2017, from 377,603 to 336,712 passengers.

The reduction in transit passengers is the result of reduced cruise demand and offerings in the eastern Mediterranean due to the geopolitical instability prevailing in some countries in the region. On the other hand, even the slight increase in homeport passenger (to 127,732 in 2018 from 124,254 in 2017) indicates an improved service provision that helped companies with a long-term strategy in the region to continue to offer routes from Piraeus with an enhanced number of approaches within Greece.

Coastal Shipping

The number of total passenger throughout rose 2.3% to 6.58 million from 6.43 million passengers compared to the previous year, while the throughput of vehicles increased by 1.70% to 1.20 million from 1.18 million vehicles.

More specifically, the increase is due to an increase in the passenger throughput of the domestic and Argosaronikos ferry services by 9.0% and 11.5% respectively, which was partly offset by the reduction in the passenger traffic of the Salamina ferry line by 4.0%. Piraeus continues to be by far the largest passenger port of Europe and is (in many cases) the island's communication hub of the Aegean archipelago with the hinterland, contributing to maintaining the country's social cohesion.

Car Terminals

In the first half of 2018, the traffic in the car terminals recorded an increase of about 23.5% compared to the corresponding period of 2017. In total, 243,873 vehicles were transported in the first half of 2018 compared to 197,515 in the corresponding period of 2017. In particular, local and transshipment vehicles increased by 24% and 23% respectively (in absolute figures an increase of 14,047 and 32,311 units of vehicles respectively).

The increase in traffic recorded in the first half of 2018 follows another increase in the same period in 2017, indicating a trend stabilisation. The fact that vehicle traffic for the domestic market for the third consecutive year records a double-digit growth rate creates positive prospects for the car terminal sector that before the Greek financial crisis amounted to about a quarter of a million per year.

Container Terminal

Handling of the Container Terminal in Pier I in the first half of 2018 amounted to 253,489 TEU recording an increase of 2.2% compared to the corresponding period of 2017. This change was accompanied by a significant change in the traffic mix as the transshipment cargo decreased during the period by 2% while domestic cargo (imports and exports) increased by 29%.

The increase in domestic cargo is in line with the increase in exports and imports of the country. In addition, there was a positive impact from the improvement in the quality of services provided and especially the increase in average productivity in the first half of 2018 by 7% compared to the corresponding period in 2017.

Ship Repair

In the ship repair sector, an increase was recorded in the hire days and the number of vessels that were serviced. In particular, in all PPA docks, during the first half of 2018, 62 ships were served compared to 43 in the corresponding period of 2017. However, the comparison of the periods is not accurate as in 2017 the «Piraeus I» large floating dock remained out of service for almost the whole first semester period (up to 23th of June).

Undoubtedly, the demand for service immediately after completing the necessary repairs and the reactivation of the «Piraeus I» dock and the procurement of the newly acquired 80,000 tons «Piraeus III» dock provide the necessary conditions for the revitalization of this activity and the improvement of the contribution of the activity to the Company's financial results.

D. Environmental, Social, Working Issues

D.1. Care for the Environment

PPA S.A., as a member of the European EcoPorts Network, implements an environmental management program certified according to the European Environmental System focused in port sector: PERS (Port Environmental Review System), established by the European Environmental Ports Organization (ESPO).

Within the framework of the PERS environmental management system, PPA S.A. has developed and implements a specific environmental policy and maintains an updated record of the environmental parameters related to the company's activities. In accordance with European and International standards, PPA S.A. aims at the continuous improvement of its environmental performance, by protecting the environment and preserving natural resources for future generations as follows:

- I. Environmental quality monitoring programs across the port area related to:
 - Audible environment: noise measurements twice a year
 - Air pollution: Permanent air quality measurement station and 24-hour recording
- II. Integrated waste management system produced in areas of PPA, which includes:
 - Separate management of all generated waste streams,
 - Recycling of packaging (paper, aluminum, plastic, tetrapak) through the use of a dense network of collection points in passenger terminals and other areas of the port,
 - Segregation of waste in order to keep environmental indicators by activity.
- III. Ship-generated Waste Management Plan in accordance with the European Directive 2000/59 and the International Convention on Marine Pollution MARPOL 73/78. According to the Plan a system for Port Reception Facilities is established for the collection and management of solid and liquid Ship-generated waste.
- IV. Emergency plans for the prevention and preparedness of response to marine and land pollution from petroleum products and harmful substances and daily monitoring of the purification of the marine and terrestrial area of the PPA S.A.

With the provision of the Legislation, PPA S.A. has in recent years succeeded in removing over 100 abandoned and semi-sunken vessels from its areas of responsibility, aiming at upgrading the shipping safety and improving environmental management, in line with European and International standards for the environmental protection. In the above framework were completed the tender processes related with the removing the designated as dangerous and harmful vessels "Dimitra", "Piraeus III" and "Alkyon" outside of PPA port area.

D.2. Social Responsibility

The Company pays particular attention to social contribution, as demonstrated and expressed through the timeless efforts and initiatives of both Management and Employees.

The Company aims to contribute to the development of its society and especially the creation of added value for the communities that surround it.

PPA S.A. activities, with regards to aiding the community, are related with:

- Boosting employment and the local economy,
- Economic support of social groups through ongoing (monthly) support of social institutions of neighboring municipalities,
- Facilitating the charitable effort of the Holy Metropolis of Piraeus,
- Aiding orphanages, special schools, sports clubs and cultural associations of Piraeus Region.

D.3. Care for the employees

Health and Safety in the working environment

The Company attributes utmost importance to the provision of safe workplaces to employees, but also safe traffic-to-traffic areas for all involved, traders, passengers etc.

All areas of the Port are regularly inspected to ensure that employees comply with health and safety rules of the company and the instructions of those responsible.

PPA S.A. also monitors and controls the compliance of third parties (contractors) with the Occupational Health and Safety legislation, requiring health and safety plans before and during the implementation of technical projects.

For this purpose, a safety engineer and a doctor are employed, reporting any safety issues to the Management of the Company, in accordance with Law No. 3850/2010. Potential accidents are recorded and investigated, and corrective actions are planned in order not to be repeated.

Additionally, at high-risk areas (Container Terminal and Perama Shipyards Zone) the organization provides two ambulances with trained rescue personnel that are available 24/7.

Within the first six months of 2018, the Company, aiming to maintain the level of safety, proceeded with the procedures for the renewal of the contract (amounting to € 416,000) for the provision of emergency pre-hospital care for two years through the staffing of the two ambulances of the PPA S.A. in the areas of Container Terminal and Ship Repair Zone.

Training

Education is PPA's development objective to improve the service and increase productivity.

PPA S.A. is planning employee training programs, in which they are invited to participate at the expense of the Company and is establishing an Annual Training Program which is formed by the Human Resources Dept. This Annual Training Program is either a result of the Department's call to all Departments to submit requests-proposals for training seminars' conduction for their staff or anytime throughout the year if it is considered necessary.

The approval for the implementation of the Annual Training Program is taken by Management. In cases where the conduct of a seminar can be integrated into subsidized programs by LAEK 0,24% the Human Resources Department carry out appropriate actions to take that grant.

In the 1st semester of 2018, we had 155 participations of PPA's employees in 15 in & out - house seminars and 1 In-House training for Safe Handling of Machinery and Heavy Vehicles.

Seminars involving staff training (employees and technicians) are related mainly on ISO Certification, Law - Economics – Taxes - Insurance, Internal Control Issues, Administration, Information Technology, Strategic Planning, Crane Control systems and DRONE operator training.

Eight (8) seminars of all were submitted for subsidy at the OAED -LAEK 0, 24%. In total, the above educational programs covered approximately 39% of the total amount approved for 2018.

Respectively the 1st semester of 2017 we had 118 participations of PPA's staff in 16 in & out –house seminars and in 1 Conference. The educational programs for the 1st semester of 2017 had covered approximately 31% of the total year's budget.

D.4. Certifications

In April 2018, PPA SA has been awarded double certification against ISO 9001:2015 for Quality Management and ISO 14001:2015 for Environmental Management by Lloyd's Register (LR) which covers the:

- Provision of Port Cruise, Ferry, RoRo and Pier I Container Terminal services
- Management of Logistics center (at former ODDY area)
- Port Construction & Maintenance Projects Management

PPA SA extended the double certification that previously covered only at the Cruise and RoRo Terminal services and achieved the transition to the new versions of the standards (ISO 9001:2015 & ISO 14001:2015)

The effectiveness of the applied Integrated Quality & Environmental Management System was evidenced during the certification audit. Previously, a Risk & Opportunities Assessment and an Environmental Aspects Assessment were conducted. Also, PPA Quality & Environmental Policy has been updated.

In this framework, internal audits are conducted regularly and the top management, through the Management Reviews, assesses the effectiveness of the Integrated Quality & Environmental Management System, the achievement of the objectives set and supports actions to ensure continual improvement.

Also, the certification process for PPA to become an Authorized Economic Operator (AEO/ Security and Safety), is in progress. This certification will offer customs simplifications, thus facilitate customs procedures.

D.5.Participation in European Financed Programs

In 2018, PPA SA participates in thirteen European research & development co-funded projects, which are under implementation process:

1	TEN-T	Poseidon MED II	Poseidon MED II
2	CIP	MITIGATE	Multidimensional Integrated risk assessment framework and dynamic collaborative Risk Management tools for critical information infrastructures (finalized 28/2/2018)
3	H2020	AUGGMED	Automated Serious Game Scenario Generator for Mixed Reality Training (finalized 31/5/2018)
4	MED	PROTeuS	PROMoting security and safeTy by crEating a MED cLUster on Maritime Surveillance
5	TEN-T	ELEMED	Electrification Mediterranean (finalized 31/3/2018)
6	H2020	SAURON	Scalable multidimensionAl sitUation awaReness sOLution for protectiNg european ports
7	CBRN	SSEE	Shielding South-East Europe from CBRN-E threats
8	ADRION	SUPAIR	SUstainable Ports in the Adriatic Ionian Region
9	ADRION	SUPER-LNG	SUstainability PERformance of LNG-based maritime mobility
10	ADRION	NEORION	Green ShipBuilding
11	ADRION	MultiAPRO	Multidisciplinary approach and solutions to development of intermodal transport in region
12	H2020	PIXEL	Port IoT for Environmental Leverage
13	H2020	TRESSPASS	Robust Risk based Screening and alert System for Passengers and luggage

Within 2018, the following proposals related with HORIZON2020 program and which PPA S.A. participates as a partner passed successfully the 1st phase of evaluation. The final evaluation is expected in 2018

1	H2020	SHIPAIR	Cost-effective systems and tools for assessing airborne shipping emissions in real-world operating conditions
2	H2020	MARLIN	MARitime human factors Lessons for Innovations in Nautical industries

Within 2018, the following proposals were submitted for evaluation under the Greece-China Program.

1	Greece-China	HYDRAWECS	Cooperative Research on the Hydrodynamic Performance of Offshore Multi-Task Wave energy Converters
2	Greece-China	CIREM	Climate-induced Risk and Emergency Management for protection of critical infrastructures and transport resilience in line with 'One Belt-One Road' initiative
3	Greece-China	ATOS	Advances in terminal operations in the 'One Belt-One Road' strategic context

E. Prospects and expected developments, Main Risks and Uncertainties in the 2nd semester.

The nature of PPA's business activities largely depends on the wider international economic environment, the global geopolitical developments, the political and economic development of the Southeastern Mediterranean countries and of the countries served through the port of Piraeus, the developments taking place in the global port industry in general, but also in the further development of individual port activities which up to a large extent are related to both the investment plan of PPA S.A. and the level of service provided to port users.

In the commercial port (Container and Ro-Ro terminals), in addition to further highlighting the strategic advantage of the port's geographical location as a transshipment hub at the crossroads of three continents, the main challenges come from the international trade environment.

The application of tariffs on European and Chinese products from the US is expected to affect commodity flows in the medium term, while it is expected to limit the pace of international trade expansion. At the same time, it creates conditions for strengthening trade between Europe and China as a counterweight to US tariffs and the reduced competitiveness of products towards the world's largest economy. Against this background, despite the fact that a trade war will undoubtedly affect the growth rate of world trade, the increase in flows between Europe and Asia is expected to positively affect volumes in the port of Piraeus in the medium term.

The recent reduction in Turkey's Lira exchange rate is likely to affect imported products especially those priced in euros. Despite the fact that Turkey is a major trading partner of Greece, the largest volume concerns petroleum products not moving through the port of Piraeus. In addition, a significant number of TIR trucks serviced in Piraeus are from Turkey and the increase in export competitiveness due to the reduction in the Turkish Lira exchange rate, in the absence of extreme economic adjustment, is likely to contribute to the increase in these flows, but without a significant impact on the financial figures of the Company, as this activity is of small economic importance (less than 1% of revenue).

In the field of cruise, the evolution of figures in the first half confirms the estimate that the traffic volumes of 2018 will move around the same levels as in 2017 as the continuing instability in the eastern Mediterranean region still does not allow the full potential of Piraeus to be unveiled. Despite the fact that total traffic volumes registered a small decrease during the first half, there is also a rise in homeport compared to the corresponding period of 2017. Given that the structural change in the passenger mix will be maintained in the second half, revenue is expected to improve despite a small decrease in volumes.

In the ship repair sector, the first half figures indicate a significant improvement due to the increase in the docs availability and the increase in demand for ship services. This trend is expected to continue in the second half, boosted by the demand from large yachts that now choose Piraeus and from merchant ships that will need to be converted in view of the 2020 GHG regulations.

In coastal shipping, during the first half of the year, traffic volumes recorded a small increase, which is expected to remain in peak months as well, contributing to the corresponding financial improvement. In the longer term though, rising fuel prices are expected to have a negative impact both on the cost of providing coastal shipping services and on the competitiveness of the fleet over air transport thus a challenge exists for the future.

The above combined with the concerted effort of internal reorganization of services and regulatory reform, set the necessary bases for the immediate future to strengthen the PPA S.A. position at a national and international level.

Credit Risk: There is no significant credit risk for the Company towards the contracting parties, since it receives advance payments or letters of guarantee from customers. In addition, the Company's deposits are placed in bank financial institutions in Greece with ratings Caa2 (Moody's credit rating).

Foreign Exchange Risk: The Company is neither involved in international trade nor has any long term loans in foreign currency and therefore is not exposed to foreign exchange risk resulting from foreign currency rate fluctuations.

Interest rate risk: The Company bank loans are in Euro at floating interest rates. The Company does not use derivatives in financial instruments in order to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk fluctuation as at the balance-sheet date. The Company management believes that there is no significant risk resulting from a possible interest rate fluctuation.

F. RELATED PARTIES:

The Company provides services to certain related parties in the normal course of business. The Company's transactions and account balances with related companies are as follows:

Related party	Relation with the Company	Period ended	Sales to related parties	Purchases from related parties
PIRAEUS CONTAINER TERMINAL S..A	Related Party	30.06.2018	26,833,105.23	1,169,212.07
		30.06.2017	20,715,685.72	10,757,113.95
COSCO (Shanghai) SHIPYARD Co LTD	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	23,835,000.00
		30.06.2017	-	-
COSCO SHIPPING LINES GREECE S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	61,043.29	1,000.00
		30.06.2017	9,470.65	
PCDC S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	20,044.93	1,000.00
		30.06.2017	-	
COSCO (HONG KONG) INSURANCE BROKERS L.T.D.	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	418,306.44
		30.06.2017	-	345,000.00
	Total	30.06.2018	26,914,193.45	25,423,518.51
	Total	30.06.2017	20,725,156.37	11,102,113.95

Related party	Relation with the Company	Year/Period ended	Amounts due from related parties	Amounts due to related parties
PIRAEUS CONTAINER TERMINAL S..A	Related Party	30.06.2018	8,123,672.74	-
		31.12.2017	2,530,385.67	5,890.33
COSCO SHIPPING LINES GREECE S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	294.20	-
		31.12.2017	-	94,616.63
PCDC S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	3,100.00	6,000.51
		31.12.2017	-	-
COSCO (Shanghai) SHIPYARD Co LTD	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	2,383,500.00
		31.12.2017	7,150,500.00	-
COSCO SHIPPING AIR FREIGHT CO	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	180.00
		31.12.2017	-	12,976.00
	Total	30.06.2018	8,127,066.94	2,389,680,51
	Total	31.12.2017	9,680,885.67	113,482.96

The revenues and receivables from Piraeus Container Terminal S.A. (PCT S.A.) are related to the fixed and variable revenue from the concession agreement (PIER II & III). PCT S.A. is considered as a related party after the acquisition of the majority stake of PPA S.A by the COSCO SHIPPING (Hong Kong) Limited on August 10, 2016. Expenses from PCT S.A. related to invoices to PPA S.A. for the construction of the petroleum pier that has been undertaken by a contractor through PCT S.A.

The transaction with COSCO (HONG KONG) INSURANCE BROKERS L.T.D. relates to the insurance coverage of PPA S.A. regarding third party liability, employer' s liability, property and business interruption and directors and officers liability for the period 1.1-31.12.2018, according to article 17 of the Concession Agreement (Greek Law 4404/2016).

The balance with COSCO (Shanghai) SHIPYARD Co LTD for the year ended December 31, 2017 relates to a payment in advance for the purchase of a floating dock intended to locate at Perama Ship Repair Yard based on a contract signed on September 4, 2017. In the current period the floating dock has been invoiced and delivered but not still in full operational status. The amount due as at June 30, 2018 concerns the same transaction.

Board of Directors Members Remuneration: For the period ended on June 30, 2018, remuneration and attendance costs, amounting to € 288,286.78 (June 30, 2017: € 120,780.45) were paid to the Board of Directors members. Furthermore during the period ended June 30, 2018 emoluments of € 178,615.10 (June 30, 2017: € 207,636.05) were paid to Managers/Directors for services rendered.

G. GOING CONCERN DISCLOSURE:

The Board of Directors having taken into account:

- the Company's financial position;
 - the risks facing the Company that could impact on its business model and capital adequacy;
- and
- the fact that no uncertainties are identified to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future and in any event over a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the Interim Condensed Financial Information and states that it considers it appropriate for the Company to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its Financial Statements and that no uncertainties are identified to the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its Financial Information in the foreseeable future and in any event over a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of Interim Condensed Financial Information.

Piraeus, September 26, 2018

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BoD

FU Chengqiu

[Translation from the original text in Greek]

Report on Review of six-month financial report

To the Board of directors of Piraeus Port Authority S.A.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed statement of financial position of Piraeus Port Authority S.A (the “Company”), as of 30 June 2018 and the related condensed statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders’ equity and cash flow statements for the six-month period then ended, with the selected explanatory notes that comprise the interim condensed financial information and the other data of the six-month financial report. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as they have been adopted by the European Union and applied to interim financial reporting (International Accounting Standard “IAS 34”) and of the other data of the six-month financial report. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this six-month financial report based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity”. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, as they have been transposed into Greek Law and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, and the other data of the six-month financial report in accordance with article 5 of Law 3556/2007.



Pricewaterhouse Coopers S.A
268 Kifissias Avenue
152 32 Halandri
SOEL Reg. No. 113

Athens, 26 September 2018
The Certified Auditor

Despina Marinou
SOEL Reg. No. 17681

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Notes	01.01-30.06.2018	01.01-30.06.2017*
Revenue	20	63,514,414.55	52,038,757.04
Cost of sales	21	<u>(36,758,352.38)</u>	<u>(37,715,244.16)</u>
Gross profit		26,756,062.17	14,323,512.88
Administrative expenses	21	(13,089,513.33)	(8,695,426.87)
Other operating expenses	22	(420,607.04)	(846,657.91)
Other operating income	22	5,522,312.37	3,724,481.51
Financial income	23	401,034.76	383,219.94
Financial expenses	23	<u>(470,687.43)</u>	<u>(273,954.89)</u>
Profit before income taxes		18,698,601.50	8,615,174.66
Income taxes	5	<u>(5,438,991.84)</u>	<u>(4,175,196.10)</u>
Net profit after taxes (A)		13,259,609.66	4,439,978.56
Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified in profit or loss in subsequent period:			
Actuarial losses	14	(30,571.98)	(297,491.92)
Income taxes	5	<u>8,865.87</u>	<u>86,272.66</u>
Other total comprehensive income after tax (B)		(21,706.11)	(211,219.26)
Total comprehensive income after tax (A)+(B)		13,237,903.55	4,228,759.30
Profit per share (Basic and diluted)			
	26	0.5304	0.1776
Weighted Average Number of Shares (Basic)	26	25,000,000	25,000,000
Weighted Average Number of Shares (Diluted)	26	25,000,000	25,000,000

*IFRS 9 and 15 have been applied with the cumulative impact recognised in retained earnings without restating the 2017 comparatives (note 3).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Interim Condensed Financial Information

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

	Notes	30.06.2018	31.12.2017*
ASSETS			
Non current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	284,493,075.84	259,362,795.09
Investment property		734,338.38	734,338.38
Intangible assets		35,118.75	20,276.35
Other non-current assets	6	4,746,593.14	5,094,403.95
Deferred tax assets	5	8,203,057.11	8,609,824.57
Total non current assets		298,212,183.22	273,821,638.34
Current assets			
Inventories	7	2,482,961.42	2,313,380.54
Trade and Other Receivables	8	25,562,464.29	25,711,258.40
Restricted cash	9	213,267.48	213,267.48
Cash and cash equivalents	9	48,153,837.87	61,862,169.21
Total Current Assets		76,412,531.06	90,100,075.63
TOTAL ASSETS		374,624,714.28	363,921,713.97
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	10	50,000,000.00	50,000,000.00
Other reserves	11	77,896,081.62	77,896,081.62
Retained earnings		66,592,155.83	58,003,358.11
Total equity		194,488,237.45	185,899,439.73
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	15	59,499,999.99	62,499,999.99
Government grants	12	18,003,938.34	18,443,135.19
Reserve for staff retirement indemnities	14	11,549,854.02	11,391,297.02
Provisions	13	13,700,138.90	14,211,380.65
Deferred income	18	37,548,933.12	38,127,135.66
Total Non-Current Liabilities		140,302,864.37	144,672,948.51
Current Liabilities			
Trade accounts payable		5,240,618.40	3,687,754.18
Short term of long term borrowings	15	6,000,000.00	6,000,000.00
Short-term leases		37,484.23	68,507.93
Income tax		8,652,778.37	3,524,363.03
Accrued and other current liabilities	17	19,902,731.46	20,068,700.59
Total Current Liabilities		39,833,612.46	33,349,325.73
Total liabilities		180,136,476.83	178,022,274.24
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		374,624,714.28	363,921,713.97

*IFRS 9 and 15 have been applied with the cumulative impact recognised in retained earnings without restating the 2017 comparatives (note 3).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Interim Condensed Financial Statements Information

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Notes	Share capital	Statutory reserve (Note 11)	Other reserves (Note 11)	Retained earnings	Total
Total Equity at January 1, 2017		50,000,000.00	9,044,583.33	68,287,029.53	50,259,822.63	177,591,435.49
Net profit after taxes		-	-	-	4,439,978.56	4,439,978.56
Total comprehensive income after income taxes of the period		-	-	-	(211,219.26)	(211,219.26)
Total comprehensive income after income taxes		-	-	-	4,228,759.30	4,228,759.30
Dividens	16	-	-	-	(2,230,000.00)	(2,230,000.00)
Total Equity at June 30, 2017		50,000,000.00	9,044,583.33	68,287,029.53	52,258,581.93	179,590,194.79
Total Equity at January 1, 2018 as originally presented		50,000,000.00	9,609,052.09	68,287,029.53	58,003,358.11	185,899,439.73
Change in accounting policy (IFRS 9 and IFRS 15)	3	-	-	-	(369,105.83)	(369,105.83)
Restated Total Equity at January 1, 2018		50,000,000.00	9,609,052.09	68,287,029.53	57,634,252.28	185,530,333.90
Profit after income taxes		-	-	-	13,259,609.66	13,259,609.66
Other comprehensive loss after income taxes		-	-	-	(21,706.11)	(21,706.11)
Total comprehensive income after income taxes		-	-	-	13,237,903.55	13,237,903.55
Dividens	16	-	-	-	(4,280,000.00)	(4,280,000.00)
Total Equity at June 30, 2018		50,000,000.00	9,609,052.09	68,287,029.53	66,592,155.84	194,488,237.46

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Interim Condensed Financial Information

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>01.01-30.06.2018</u>	<u>01.01-30.06.2017*</u>
Cash flows from Operating Activities			
Profit before income taxes		18,698,601.50	8,615,174.66
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortisation	24	7,400,654.56	7,102,677.41
Amortisation of subsidies	24	(439,196.85)	(439,368.74)
(Gain)/ Losses on disposal of property, plant & equipment		(2,500.00)	12,467.27
Financial income	23	69,652.67	(109,265.05)
Provision for staff retirement indemnities	14	367,985.02	374,443.58
Other Provisions		268,492.70	(823,647.31)
Operating profit before working capital changes		26,363,689.60	14,732,481.82
(Increase)/Decrease in:			
Inventories		(169,580.88)	(2,144.30)
Trade and other receivables		(13,828,423.21)	(11,175,957.50)
Other long term assets		309,534.91	(16,653.73)
Increase/(Decrease) in:			
Trade accounts payable		(830,635.78)	(187,875.96)
Accrued and other current liabilities		(4,417,391.52)	725,010.35
Deferred income		(578,202.54)	(425,429.66)
Decrease in restricted cash		-	262,090.10
Interest paid		(376,683.87)	(232,520.98)
Cash receipt from municipality	6	4,608,844.90	-
Payments for staff leaving indemnities	14	(240,000.00)	(815,350.50)
Interest on debtors late payments		179,716.42	243,701.97
Net cash from Operating Activities		11,020,868.03	3,107,351.61
Cash flow from Investing activities			
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment		2,500.00	-
Capital expenditure for property, plant and equipment		(21,842,565.84)	(1,627,520.66)
Interest and related income received		224,385.01	136,401.30
Net cash used in Investing Activities		(21,615,680.83)	(1,491,119.36)
Cash flows from Financing Activities			
Net change in long-term borrowings		(3,000,000.00)	(3,000,000.00)
Interest paid		(82,494.84)	(34,938.65)
Net change in leases		(31,023.70)	(30,616.00)
Net cash used in Financing Activities		(3,113,518.54)	(3,065,554.65)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(13,708,331.34)	(1,449,322.40)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	9	61,862,169.21	43,763,194.93
Cash and cash equivalents of the end of the period	9	48,153,837.87	42,313,872.53

*IFRS 9 and 15 have been applied with the cumulative impact recognised in retained earnings without restating the 2017 comparatives (note 3).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Interim Condensed Financial Information

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

1. ESTABLISHMENT AND ACTIVITY OF THE COMPANY:

“Piraeus Port Authority S.A” (“PPA S.A.” or “Company”) was established in 1930 as Civil Law Legal Corporation (C.L.L.C.) by Law 4748/1930, which was revised by L.1559/1950 and was ratified by L.1630/1951 and converted into a Société Anonyme (S.A.) by Law 2688/1999. The Company is located at the Municipality of Piraeus, at 10 Akti Miaouli Street.

The Company’s main objects based on its article of incorporation is to perform its obligations, conduct its activities and exercise its faculties under or in respect of the concession agreement between the Company and the Hellenic Republic dated 13 February 2002 regarding the use and exploitation of certain areas and assets within the Port of Piraeus, as amended and in force.

The Company may, by way of an illustrative but no means exhaustive list, conduct and be engaged in the following activities:

- use all rights assigned to the Company pursuant to the Concession Agreement and maintain, utilize and exploit all concession assets in accordance with the Concession Agreement;
- provide services and facilities to vessels, cargo and passengers, including ship berthing and cargo and passenger handling to and from the port;
- install, organize and exploit all kinds of port infrastructure;
- undertake any activities related to the port and all other commercial activities associated with or reasonably incidental to the operation of the port of Piraeus;
- engage third parties to provide any kind of port services;
- award contracts for works;
- engage in such further activities as are prudent or customary for the proper conduct of its business and operations in accordance with the Concession Agreement; and
- engage in any and all activities, transactions or operations of a type that are generally conducted by commercial corporations.

The main activities of the Company are anchoring services of vessels, handling cargo, loading and unloading services as well as goods storage and car transportation service. The Company is also responsible for the maintenance of port facilities, the supply of port services (water, electricity, telephone connection etc. supply), for services provided to travelers (coastal and cruise ships) and for renting space to third parties.

The Company is governed by the principles of Company Law 2190/1920 and the founding Law 2688/1999, as amended by Law 2881/2001 and Law 4404/2016.

The duration period of the Company is one hundred (100) years from the effective date of Law 2688/1999. This period may be extended by special resolution of the shareholders general meeting.

The Company is a subsidiary of COSCO SHIPPING (Hong Kong) Limited which controls 51% of the voting rights, with date of transfer of such rights on 10 August 2016. COSCO SHIPPING (Hong Kong) Limited is 100% held by China Ocean Shipping (Group) Company, which is 100% held by China COSCO SHIPPING Corporation Limited, a Chinese state-owned company. As a result, China COSCO SHIPPING Corporation Limited, by indirectly holding 100% of COSCO SHIPPING (Hong Kong) Limited, indirectly holds 51% of the voting rights in PPA.

The Company’s number of employees at June 30, 2018 amounted to 1,023. At December 31, 2017, the respective number of employees was 1,025.

2. BASIS OF PREPERATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION:

(a) Basis of Preparation of Financial information:

The accompanying interim condensed financial information that refer to the period ended on June 30, 2018, have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 34 “Interim Financial Reporting”.

The accompanying interim condensed financial information do not include all the information required in the annual financial information and therefore should be examined in combination with the published annual financial information for the year ended 2017, which are available on the internet in the address www.olp.gr.

(b) Approval of Financial information:

The Board of Directors of Piraeus Port Authority S.A. approved the six-month financial report for the period ended at June 30, 2018, on September 26, 2018.

(c) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates:

The Company makes estimates and judgments concerning the future. Estimates and judgments adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed financial information are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed financial information, are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2017, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations applicable for fiscal periods beginning at January 1, 2018.

New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations: Certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued that are mandatory for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company’s evaluation of the effect of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations is as follows:

Standards and Interpretations effective for the current financial year

IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” and subsequent amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

IFRS 9 replaces the guidance in IAS 39 which deals with the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities and it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model that was applied under IAS 39. IFRS 9 establishes a more principles-based approach to hedge accounting and addresses inconsistencies and weaknesses in the previous model in IAS 39.

The Company applied the standard retrospectively without restatement of the comparative information for prior years, on January 1, 2018. Therefore the adjustments arising from impairment rules are not reflected in the statement of financial position on December 31, 2017, but are recognised in the opening statement of financial position on 1 January 2018.

The Company applied the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses (ECLs) on the trade and other receivables balances at the date of initial application. The result of the new requirements was an increase in the Company's impairment allowance for doubtful debts of € 138,455.83 with a corresponding impact in the opening retained earnings.

There was no impact from the classification and measurement of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company.

The change in accounting policy by the adoption of IFRS 9 is described below:

The Company record an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all financial assets not held at FVPL.

For trade receivables and other receivables, the Company has applied the simplified approach and have calculated ECLs based on lifetime expected credit losses.

For other financial assets, the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL. The 12-month ECL is the portion of lifetime ECLs that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL.

IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

IFRS 15 has been issued in May 2014. The objective of the standard is to provide a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers to improve comparability within industries, across industries, and across capital markets. It contains principles that an entity will apply to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognised. The underlying principle is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

The new standard establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The standard requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies the accounting for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract.

The Company performed an assessment on its revenue streams based on the five steps prescribed in the standard in order to identify any impacted areas. Management has determined that contracts in general comprise of a single performance obligation and prices are fixed, based on stand-alone selling prices derived from price lists. Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the service is provided to the customer.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted IFRS 15 by using the modified retrospective approach, meaning that the cumulative impact of the adoption was recognized in retained earnings and comparatives were not restated. The result of the adoption was an increase in the Company's contract liabilities of € 230,650.00 with a corresponding impact in the opening retained earnings. As of June 30, 2018 the contract liability has been derecognized as the performance obligation to the customer was satisfied.

The change in accounting policy by the adoption of IFRS 15 is described below:

Revenue is the amount of consideration expected to be received in exchange for transferring promised services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (value-added tax, other sales taxes etc.).

Revenue is recognized when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied by transferring the control of a promised service to the customer. A customer obtains control of a service if it has the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from that service. Control is transferred over time or at a point in time when the service is provided to the customer.

Revenue arising from services is recognised at a point in the time in the accounting period in which the services are rendered, and it is measured based on stand-alone selling prices derived from price lists.

A receivable is recognised when there is an unconditional right to consideration for the performance obligations to the customer that are satisfied.

A contract asset is recognized when the performance obligation to the customer is satisfied before the customer pays or before payment is due, usually when services are transferred to the customer before the Company has a right to invoice.

A contract liability is recognized when there is an obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration from the customer (prepayments) or there is an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Company transfers a service (deferred income). The contract liability is derecognized when the promise is fulfilled and revenue is recorded in the profit or loss statement.

Revenue from rental income arising, from operating leases, is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Interest is accounted for on accrual basis taking into account the actual investment return.

The following table summarizes the adjustments recognised for each individual line item of the statements of financial position on January 1, 2018, because of the adoption of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15:

	<u>31.12.2017</u>	<u>IFRS 15 - TRANSITION ADJUSTMENT</u>	<u>IFRS 9 - TRANSITION ADJUSTMENT</u>	<u>1.1.2018 - RESTATED</u>
ASSETS				
Non current assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	259,362,795.09	-	-	259,362,795.09
Investment property	734,338.38	-	-	734,338.38
Intangible assets	20,276.35	-	-	20,276.35
Other non-current assets	5,094,403.95	-	-	5,094,403.95
Deferred tax assets	8,609,824.57	-	-	8,609,824.57
Total non current assets	<u>273,821,638.34</u>	-	-	<u>273,821,638.34</u>
Current assets				
Inventories	2,313,380.54	-	-	2,313,380.54
Trade and Other Receivables	25,711,258.40	-	(138,455.83)	25,572,802.57
Restricted cash	213,267.48	-	-	213,267.48
Cash and cash equivalents	61,862,169.21	-	-	61,862,169.21
Total Current Assets	<u>90,100,075.63</u>	-	(138,455.83)	<u>89,961,619.80</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>363,921,713.97</u>	-	(138,455.83)	<u>363,783,258.14</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Share capital	50,000,000.00	-	-	50,000,000.00
Other reserves	77,896,081.62	-	-	77,896,081.62
Retained earnings	58,003,358.11	(230,650.00)	(138,455.83)	57,634,252.28
Total equity	<u>185,899,439.73</u>	<u>(230,650.00)</u>	<u>(138,455.83)</u>	<u>185,530,333.90</u>
Non-current liabilities				
Long-term borrowings	62,499,999.99	-	-	62,499,999.99
Government grants	18,443,135.19	-	-	18,443,135.19
Reserve for staff retirement indemnities	11,391,297.02	-	-	11,391,297.02
Provisions	14,211,380.65	-	-	14,211,380.65
Deferred income	38,127,135.66	-	-	38,127,135.66
Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u>144,672,948.51</u>	-	-	<u>144,672,948.51</u>
Current Liabilities				
Trade accounts payable	3,687,754.18	-	-	3,687,754.18
Contract liabilities	-	230,650.00	-	230,650.00
Short term of long term borrowings	6,000,000.00	-	-	6,000,000.00
Short-term leases	68,507.93	-	-	68,507.93
Income tax	3,524,363.03	-	-	3,524,363.03
Accrued and other current liabilities	20,068,700.59	-	-	20,068,700.59
Total Current Liabilities	<u>33,349,325.73</u>	<u>230,650.00</u>	-	<u>33,579,975.73</u>
Total liabilities	<u>178,022,274.24</u>	<u>230,650.00</u>	-	<u>178,252,924.24</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	<u>363,921,713.97</u>	-	(138,455.83)	<u>363,783,258.14</u>

IFRS 4 (Amendments) “Applying IFRS 9 *Financial instruments* with IFRS 4 *Insurance contracts*”

The amendments introduce two approaches. The amended standard: a) gives all companies that issue insurance contracts the option to recognise in other comprehensive income, rather than profit or loss, the volatility that could arise when IFRS 9 is applied before the new insurance contracts standard is issued; and b) gives companies, whose activities are predominantly connected with insurance, an optional temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 until 2021. The entities that have elected to defer the application of IFRS 9 continue to apply the existing financial instruments standard—IAS 39. The IFRS 4 is not applicable for the Company.

IFRS 2 (Amendments) “Classification and measurement of Shared-based Payment transactions”

The amendment clarifies the measurement basis for cash-settled, share-based payments and the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled to equity-settled. It also introduces an exception to the principles in IFRS 2 that will require an award to be treated as if it was wholly equity-settled, where an employer is obliged to withhold an amount for the employee’s tax obligation associated with a share-based payment and pay that amount to the tax authority. The IFRS 2 is not applicable for the Company.

IAS 40 (Amendments) “Transfers of Investment Property”

The amendments clarified that to transfer to, or from, investment properties there must be a change in use. To conclude if a property has changed use there should be an assessment of whether the property meets the definition and the change must be supported by evidence.

IFRIC 22 “Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration”

The interpretation provides guidance on how to determine the date of the transaction when applying the standard on foreign currency transactions, IAS 21. The interpretation applies where an entity either pays or receives consideration in advance for foreign currency-denominated contracts. The IFRIC 22 is not applicable for the Company.

Annual Improvements to IFRS 2014 (2014 – 2016 Cycle)

IAS 28 “Investments in associates and Joint ventures”

The amendments clarified that when venture capital organisations, mutual funds, unit trusts and similar entities use the election to measure their investments in associates or joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), this election should be made separately for each associate or joint venture at initial recognition.

Standards and Interpretations effective for subsequent periods

IFRS 16 “Leases” (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019). IFRS 16 has been issued in January 2016 and supersedes IAS 17. The objective of the standard is to ensure the lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. IFRS 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

The Company do not intend to adopt the standard before its effective date and they may use the exception for short-term and low-value leases.

The Company expects to recognise a significant amount of new assets and liabilities due to its exclusive right of use and exploitation of port zone land, buildings and facilities of Piraeus Port granted to the Company by the Greek State until 2052, in exchange of an annual percentage payment based on Company’s income with a minimum annual fee of Euro 3.5 million.

IFRS 9 (Amendments) “Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation” (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019).The amendments allow companies to measure particular prepayable financial assets with so-called negative compensation at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income if a specified condition is met—instead of at fair value through profit or loss.

IFRS 17 “Insurance contracts” (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021).IFRS 17 has been issued in May 2017 and supersedes IFRS 4. IFRS 17 establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts within the scope of the Standard and its objective is to ensure that an entity provides relevant information that faithfully represents those contracts. The new standard solves the comparison problems created by IFRS 4 by requiring all insurance contracts to be accounted for in a consistent manner. Insurance obligations will be accounted for using current values instead of historical cost. The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IAS 28 (Amendments) “Long term interests in associates and joint ventures” (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019).The amendments clarify that companies account for long-term interests in an associate or joint venture—to which the equity method is not applied—using IFRS 9. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IFRIC 23 “Uncertainty over income tax treatments” (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019).The interpretation explains how to recognise and measure deferred and current income tax assets and liabilities where there is uncertainty over a tax treatment. IFRIC 23 applies to all aspects of income tax accounting where there is such uncertainty, including taxable profit or loss, the tax bases of assets and liabilities, tax losses and credits and tax rates. The interpretation has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IAS 19 (Amendments) “Plan amendment, curtailment or settlement” (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019).The amendments specify how companies determine pension expenses when changes to a defined benefit pension plan occur. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

Annual Improvements to IFRS (2015 – 2017 Cycle) (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019).The amendments set out below include changes to four IFRSs. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IFRS 3 “Business combinations”

The amendments clarify that a company remeasures its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains control of the business.

IFRS 11 “Joint arrangements”

The amendments clarify that a company does not remeasure its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains joint control of the business.

IAS 12 “Income taxes”

The amendments clarify that a company accounts for all income tax consequences of dividend payments in the same way.

IAS 23 “Borrowing costs”

The amendments clarify that a company treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are analysed as follows:

	Buildings	Machinery & equipment	Motor vehicles	Furniture, fixtures and fittings	Advances & Assets under construction	Total
<u>COST</u>						
Balance January 1, 2017	226,054,079.93	165,014,047.17	16,359,617.27	7,083,597.91	6,705,137.93	421,216,480.21
Additions	738,954.46	125,538.00	2,266,628.98	361,570.88	14,300,396.04	17,793,088.36
Disposals/ write off	-	-	(262,634.53)	(13,266.47)	-	(275,901.00)
Transfers	18,498,261.16	-	-	-	(18,498,261.16)	-
Balance December 31, 2017	245,291,295.55	165,139,585.17	18,363,611.72	7,431,902.32	2,507,272.81	438,733,667.57
Additions	1,616,321.38	5,155.54	-	235,350.70	30,669,078.14	32,525,905.79
Disposals/ write off	-	(352,16)	-	(7,160.90)	-	(7,513.06)
Transfers	6,530,774.84	72,800.00	-	616,791.94	(7,220,366.78)	-
Balance June 30, 2018	253,438,391.77	165,217,188.55	18,363,611.72	8,276,884.06	25,955,984.20	471,252,060.30
<u>DEPRECIATION</u>						
Depreciation January 1, 2017	(66,154,419.32)	(85,972,401.73)	(7,725,341.99)	(5,468,163.63)	-	(165,320,326.67)
Depreciation	(7,056,900.82)	(6,311,780.55)	(592,520.17)	(352,777.60)	-	(14,313,979.14)
Disposals/ write off	-	-	262,634.13	799.20	-	263,433.33
Depreciation December 31, 2017	(73,211,320.14)	(92,284,182.28)	(8,055,228.03)	(5,820,142.03)	-	(179,370,872.48)
Depreciation (Note 24)	(3,803,784.78)	(3,061,782.27)	(336,991.42)	(193,066.35)	-	(7,395,624.82)
Disposals/ write off	-	352.15	-	7,160.69	-	7,512.84
Depreciation June 30, 2018	(77,015,104.92)	(95,345,612.40)	(8,392,219.45)	(6,006,047.69)	-	(186,758,984.46)
<u>NET BOOK VALUE</u>						
January 1, 2017	159,899,660.61	79,041,645.44	8,634,275.28	1,615,434.28	6,705,137.93	255,896,153.54
December 31, 2017	172,079,975.41	72,855,402.89	10,308,383.69	1,611,760.29	2,507,272.81	259,362,795.09
June 30, 2018	176,423,286.85	69,871,576.15	9,971,392.27	2,270,836.37	25,955,984.20	284,493,075.84

During the period ended June 30, 2018, the total investments of the Company's property, plant and equipment amounted to € 32,525,905.79 and referred mainly to the improvement of port infrastructure and delivery of a floating dock (at 01.01-30.06.2017 amounted to € 11,342,370.15). During the first semester of 2018, a total amount of € 1,169,212.07, which is related to the balance of the supplier who has undertaken the construction of the new oil terminal, was offset equally to its balance as a debtor.

There is no property, plant and equipment that have been pledged as security. The title of the capitalized leased assets has been retained by the lessor. The net book value of the Company's capitalized leased assets at June 30, 2018 and at December 31, 2017, amounted to € 182,160.48 and € 199,941.78 respectively.

5. INCOME TAX (CURRENT AND DEFERRED)

According to the Greek tax law L.4334/GGA' 80/16.07.2015, the tax rate for the Societies Anonymes in Greece, is 29% (31.12.2017: 29%).

The amounts of income taxes which are analysed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>30/06/2017</u>
Current income tax	5,023,358.51	2,169,337.15
Deferred income tax	415,633.33	2,005,858.95
Total	<u>5,438,991.84</u>	<u>4,175,196.10</u>
<u>Other Comprehensive Income</u>		
Deferred income taxes	(8,865.87)	(86,272.66)
Total	<u>(8,865.87)</u>	<u>(86,272.66)</u>

Deferred taxes are defined as timing differences that exist in assets and liabilities between the accounting records and tax records (mainly provisions and differences in depreciation rates of fixed assets) and are calculated by applying the official tax rates.

The movement of deferred tax asset is analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Opening balance	8,609,824.57	12,532,939.52
Income taxes credit	(415,633.33)	(4,230,012.99)
Income taxes debit-		
Other Comprehensive Income	8,865.87	306,898.04
Closing balance	<u>8,203,057.11</u>	<u>8,609,824.57</u>

The audit from the tax authorities for the years 2009 to 2010 was completed on 2/5/2017 and the final tax report notified to the Company on 9/6/2017. As a result of the tax audit, an amount of € 534,665.95 and € 260,699.41 arose for the years 2009 and 2010 respectively, for which the Company had adequately provided for in the past.

The tax audit for the financial years 2011 to 2016 was performed by the statutory auditors of the Company. The tax audit for 2017 financial year is in progress by the Company's statutory auditors. The tax certificate will be granted after the publication of the interim financial information.

During the prior year, the Company reassessed the deferred tax assets and proceeded with impairment by the amount of € 3,639,276.83 which relates to a deferred tax asset from a write-off of bad debts that is not expected to be offset in the future. An additional amount of deferred tax asset of € 991,878.25 on prior year provision for bad debts was recognized by the Company.

The deferred tax asset balance has been built mainly in previous years (before 2016) when the Company was operating under specific legislation Law 1559/1950 and Law 2688/1999. According to these the company believes that they have taken the ultimate possible measure for collecting a long outstanding receivable balance which is to assign those balances to tax department for collection. For such balances of € 25 million for which the company has recorded € 7,2 million deferred tax asset the Company intends to utilize this deferred asset when they will write off these balances in the future. That intention was declared in a notice letter to the Ministry of Finance but no response has been received yet. A response is critical for any future action to be determined by the Company.

6. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

This account consists of the following:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Guarantees to third parties	322,087.75	319,987.75
Car leases guarantees	66,002.00	71,429.75
Receivable from project contractor of Pier I	3,152,683.35	3,535,442.31
Less: Allowance for project contractor of Pier I	(315,268.33)	(353,544.23)
Receivable from compulsory seizure of municipality	1,521,088.37	1,521,088.37
Total	<u>4,746,593.14</u>	<u>5,094,403.95</u>

The movement of the allowance for project contractor of Pier I is analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>30/06/2017</u>
Beginning balance	353,544.23	416,852.02
Provision reversal	(38,275.90)	<u>(37,790.53)</u>
Ending balance	<u>315,268.33</u>	<u>379,061.49</u>

Receivables from project contractor of Pier I: This claim represents the difference found in incorrect data application on some review rates of the Ministry (IPEXODE) and was recognized by the project contractor of Pier I. At March 9, 2012 the Company and the project contractor of Pier I consigned an "extrajudicial agreement of debt acknowledgment", under which the requirement from the later will be paid in seven (7) instalments up to December 31, 2012. Then on the September 24, 2012, the request of the contractor of the project "Pier I" was partially approved and the debt settled in fourteen (14) monthly instalments starting from September 30, 2012 onwards until October 31, 2013.

Due to non-compliance of settlement, the PPA held in October 2013 in forfeiture contractor's guarantee letters for accrued interest of € 1.5 million and is expected to debate the re-settlement agreement instalments.

Furthermore, due to this non-compliance of settlement, the Company, through its Board of Directors, decided on the 24th of February 2014 to exercise any remedy and recourse to any procedure for the forced recovery of its claim.

Receivable from compulsory seizure of municipality: The Municipality of Piraeus proceeded to the compulsory seizure of the amount of € 6,285,940.08 against the Company, which concerns to municipal charges of cleaning and lighting as well as electrified land taxes over the past years that were imposed to the Company (Note 8). After the final court decisions issued during 2017, the Municipality of Piraeus was forced to return immediately (within 2018) the amount of € 4,764,851.71. For the remaining withheld amount of € 1,521,088.37, the final decision by the court is expected within 2019. On January 29, 2018, the Municipality of Piraeus deposited in favour of PPA the amount of € 4,608,844.90. According to the Company's Legal Department, the cancellation of all charges against the Company is expected considering the virtual certainty.

7. INVENTORIES

This account is analysed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Consumable materials	1,115,280.29	986,554.71
Fixed assets spare parts	1,367,681.13	1,326,825.83
Total	<u>2,482,961.42</u>	<u>2,313,380.54</u>

The total cost of inventory consumption for the period ended June 30,2018 amounted to € 900,878.76 while that of the respective period ended June 30,2017 amounted to € 845,895.32 (Note 21). There was no inventory devaluation to their net realizable value.

8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

This account is analysed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Trade Debtors	59,817,875.65	50,129,181.41
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(39,280,302.33)	(39,698,921.72)
Total trade receivables	<u>20,537,573.32</u>	<u>10,430,259.69</u>
Personnel loans	366,397.96	282,194.09
Prepaid Expenses	535,214.17	787,898.14
Receivable from Greek State-Value Added Tax (VAT)	2,947,558.82	-
Advances to suppliers	1,331,570.09	8,455,698.00
Other receivable	2,048,193.47	6,625,283.24
Less: Provision for other receivables and advances to suppliers	(2,204,043.54)	(870,074.76)
Total other receivables	<u>5,024,890.97</u>	<u>15,280,998.71</u>
Total trade and other receivables	<u>25,562,464.29</u>	<u>25,711,258.40</u>

Trade receivables are interest bearing and are normally settled on 10 days' terms. One single customer represents 42% of the Company's total revenue (Note 20) (December 31, 2017: 39%). The outstanding amount of this customer as at June 30, 2018 amounted to € 7,648.33 (December 31, 2017: € 4,457.37).

The movement in the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable is analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>30/06/2017</u>
Beginning balance	<u>39,698,921.72</u>	<u>38,557,092.09</u>
Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts receivables -Change in accounting policy (IFRS 9)	138,455.83	-
Provision for the period (Note 21)	885,063.53	-
Reversal of provision (Note 22)	(1,401,021.95)	-
Utilisation of provision	(41,116.80)	(380,956.37)
Ending balance	<u>39,280,302.33</u>	<u>38,176,135.72</u>

On 1 January 2018, the Company applied the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses (ECLs) on the trade and other receivables balances at the date of initial application. The result of the new requirements was an increase in the Company's impairment allowances of € 138.455.83 with a corresponding impact in the opening retained earnings.

The reversal of the provision of € 1,401,021.95 concerns two customers who, during the current period, repaid part of their debt and for which provision for doubtful debts had been made in prior years.

The provision utilized for the current period of € 41.116,80 relates to the write-off of a customer's debt based on a decision of the Managing Director and for which a provision for doubtful debts had been made in a previous year. The utilisation of the provision of € 380,956.37 relates to a decision of the Annual General Assembly of June 28, 2017, according to which it was decided the settlement of debts and the signing of contracts by these debtors for their extension of use of premises and in order to continue to operate in the repair zone of PPA S.A.

The movement in the allowance for doubtful other receivable is analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>
Beginning balance	870,074.76
Provision for the period (Note 21)	1,333,968.78
Ending balance	<u>2,204,043.54</u>

During the current period and according to the assessment of the likely outcome of the claim from the Company's Legal Department, an additional provision of € 1,333,968.78 was recorded, of which € 870.074,76 concerns the claim from the Municipality of Drapetsona and the remaining amount of € 463.894,02 concerns advances to suppliers.

Personnel loans: The Company provides interest-free loans to its personnel. The loan amount per employee does not exceed approximately € 3,000.00 and loan repayments are made by withholding monthly installments from the employee salaries.

Other receivable: Other receivable includes the short term of the compulsory seizure of Piraeus municipality (Note 6) amounted to € 156,006.81 (31.12.2017: € 4,764,851.71), following the receipt of € 4,608,844.90 on January 29, 2018 from the Municipality of Piraeus (Note 6).

Advances to suppliers: The balance receivable from advances to suppliers as at December 31, 2017 mainly relates to an advance of € 7,150,500.00 for the purchase of floating dock (Note 28). The floating dock has been delivered during 2018 (Note 4).

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Cash in hand	64,236.86	96,576.52
Cash at banks and time deposits	48,089,601.01	61,765,592.69
Total	<u>48,153,837.87</u>	<u>61,862,169.21</u>
Restricted cash	213,267.48	213,267.48
Total	<u>48,367,105.35</u>	<u>62,075,436.69</u>

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on monthly bank deposit rates. Interest earned on cash at banks and time deposits is accounted for on an accrual basis and for the period ended June 30, 2018, amounted to € 221,318.34 (for the period ended June 30, 2017, amounted to € 139,517.97) and is included to financial income in the statement of comprehensive income .

Furthermore restricted cash of € 213,267.48 refers to compulsory seizure of Company's deposits, in favor of a municipality against which there are pending trials.

10. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's share capital amounts to € 50,000,000.00, fully paid up and consists of 25,000,000 ordinary shares, of nominal value € 2.00 each. In the Company's share capital there are neither shares which do not represent Company's capital nor bond acquisition rights.

11. RESERVES

Reserves are analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Statutory reserve	9,609,052.09	9,609,052.09
Special tax free reserve L. 2881/2001	61,282,225.52	61,282,225.52
Specially taxed income reserve	728,128.36	728,128.36
Taxed reserve L. 4171/2013 art. 72	6,087,915.56	6,087,915.56
Taxed reserve based on general provisions	188,760.09	188,760.09
Total	<u>77,896,081.62</u>	<u>77,896,081.62</u>

Statutory reserve: Under the provisions of Greek corporate Law companies are obliged to transfer at least 5% of their annual net profit, as defined, to a statutory reserve, until the reserve equals the 1/3 of the issued share capital. The reserve is not available for distribution throughout the Company activity.

Special tax free reserve Law 2881/2001: This reserve was created during the PPA S.A. conversion to a Société Anonyme. The total Company net shareholder funds (Equity) was valued, by the article 9 Committee of the Codified Law 2190/1920, at € 111.282.225,52, € 50.000.000,00 out of which was decided by Law 2881/2001 to form the Company share capital and the remaining € 61.282.225,52 to form this special reserve.

Untaxed or specially taxed income reserve: This is interest income which was either not taxed or taxed by withholding 15% tax at source. In case these reserves are distributed, they are subject to tax on the general income tax provision basis. Based on Article 72 par.11 of Law 4172/2013 those reserves are subject (from 1 January 2014) to an independent taxation at a rate of 19%. On December 30th, 2014, the Company proceed to the taxation of those reserves which amounted to € 1,428,029.58. After the tax deduction the taxed reserves of Article 72 N.4172/2013 and the taxed reserve with the general provisions amounting to € 6,087,915.56 and € 188,760.09 respectively were created.

12. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The movement of government grants is analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Initial value	28,641,523.86	28,655,259.25
Additions for the period	-	(13,735.39)
Closing value	28,641,523.86	28,641,523.86
Accumulated amortisation	(10,637,585.52)	(10,198,388.67)
Net Book Value	<u>18,003,938.34</u>	<u>18,443,135.19</u>

Grants received up to December 31, 2011 relate to the requirements of the Olympic Games of 2004 (€ 11,400,000.00) and on the construction of infrastructure for the OSE S.A. port station (€ 3,700,000.00).

Also, a grant of € 3,653,518.80 has been received in 2012 and is divided in a) € 2,536,168.80, which relates to the widening of the quay Port Alon and b) € 1,117,350.00 for the construction of new dock at the area of Agios Nikolaos in the central port of Piraeus, under the operational program "Improvement of accessibility-energy" of the Attica region. According to a decision of Attica Region issued during 2017, it

was decided to return the amount of € 13,735.39 for the correction of the subsidy for the project "Widening of the quay Port Alon " of the total € 3,653,518.80 collected back in 2012.

Finally, a grant amounted to € 9,901,740.45 has been received in December 2013 and relates to the operational program "Support Accessibility" of the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Network and in particular, in two projects which have been completed.

There are no other obligations regarding the received grants.

13. PROVISIONS

Provisions are analyzed as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Provisions for legal claims by third parties	13,700,138.90	14,211,380.65
Total	<u>13,700,138.90</u>	<u>14,211,380.65</u>

The Company has made provisions for various pending court cases as at June 30, 2018 amounting to € 13,700,138.90 for lawsuits from personnel and other third party.

The movement of the provision is as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>30/06/2017</u>
Opening balance	14.211.380,65	15.861.054,00
Provision for the period (Note 21)	1,283,209.17	-
Reversal of provision (Note 22)	(1,572,290.55)	(189.415,00)
Provision used	(222,160.37)	-
Closing balance	<u>13,700,138.90</u>	<u>15.671.639,00</u>

The movement of the provision relates mainly to legal cases which have been reassessed by the Company's legal department or finalized in favor of the Company.

14. RESERVE FOR STAFF RETIREMENT INDEMNITIES

The relevant provision movement for the period ended on June 30, 2018 and the financial year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Liability in Statement of Financial Position 31.12.2016	<u>11,618,207.02</u>
Current cost of Employment	522,200.00
Interest cost on liability	224,231.40
Gain from financial assumption change-OCI	(155,851.00)
Experience loss-OCI	1,214,120.10
Benefits paid	(2,031,610.50)
Liability in Statement of Financial Position 31.12.2017	<u>11,391,297.02</u>
Current cost of Employment	258,059.00
Interest cost on liability	109,926.02
Loss from financial assumption change-OCI	30,571.98
Benefits paid	(240,000.00)
Liability in Statement of Financial Position 30.06.2018	<u>11,549,854.02</u>

	<u>30/06/2018:</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Discount Rate	1.93%	1.93%
Salaries increase	0.00%	0.00%
Average annual growth rate of long-term inflation	2.00%	2.00%

The principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

15. LONG AND SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS
a) Long-term borrowings

The Long term borrowings as at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 respectively, are as follows:

	<u>30/06/2018</u>	<u>31/12/2017</u>
Total of Long-term borrowings	65,499,999.99	68,499,999.99
Less: Short term portion of long-term borrowings	<u>6,000,000.00</u>	<u>6,000,000.00</u>
Long term portion	<u>59,499,999.99</u>	<u>62,499,999.99</u>

Balance included in the following loans between the Company and the European Investment Bank:

1. Loan of € 35,000,000.00 for the construction of Container Terminal Pier I, issued on 30/7/2008.

The repayment of the loan will be in thirty (30) semi-annual installments, payable from December 15, 2013 up to and including June 15, 2028. As amended in October 2, 2017 the loan bears an annual interest rate, that is the sum of a variable interest rate and a margin of 0.25% which is payable quarterly.

From this contract there are obligations and restrictions for the Company, the most important of which are summarized as follows: (i) to submit the annual financial statements within 1 month of publication along with a Certificate of Compliance audited by a recognized firm of certified auditors, and (ii) to hold throughout the duration of the loan and until fully repaid, the following financial ratios, calculated on annual financial statements, audited by certified auditors, for each financial year:

1. EBITDA [Profit / (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization] / Interest ≥ 3.00
2. Total net bank debt / EBITDA [Profit / (loss) before interest, tax, depreciation, amortization] ≤ 9.80
3. Total shareholders' equity ≥ 140 million

2. Loan of € 55,000,000.00 for the construction of Container Terminal Pier I issued on the 10/02/2010.

The repayment of the loan will be in thirty (30) semi-annual installments, payable from 15 June 2015 up to and including 15 December 2029. As amended in October 2, 2017 the loan bears an annual interest rate, that is the sum of a variable interest rate and a margin of 0.25% which is payable quarterly.

From this contract there are obligations and restrictions for the company, the most important of which are summarized as follows: (i) to submit the annual financial statements within 1 month of publication along with a Certificate of Compliance audited by a recognized firm of certified auditors, and (ii) to hold throughout the duration of the loan and until fully repaid, the following financial ratios, calculated on annual financial statements, audited by certified auditors, for each financial year:

1. EBITDA [Profit / (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization] / Interest ≥ 3.00
2. Total net bank debt / EBITDA [Profit / (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization] ≤ 9.80
3. Current assets / current liabilities ≥ 1.2
4. Total shareholders' equity ≥ 140 million.

On September 26, 2017 a Guarantee Issuance Facility Agreement was signed between the Company and the "Export Import Bank of China", in respect of the issuance of guarantees of an initial amount of € 75.074.999,99 to support the loans from the European Investment Bank outstanding debt. The amount of guarantee is variable and is based on an amortization table linked to the total outstanding balance of both loans agreements. On June 30, 2018 based on the amortization table the guarantee for both loans amounted to € 68,775,000.00. The guarantee bears an issuance fee of zero point six per cent (0.6%) of the relevant maximum guarantee amount.

Total interest expenses on long-term loans for the periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, amounted to € 102,936.40 and € 45,353.17 respectively and are included in financial expenses (Note 23).

b) Short-term loans:

The Company has a credit line available for € 50,000,000.00 with National Bank of Greece valid until September 28, 2018. The credit line bears annual variable interest rates of Euribor, plus margin 3.75%. The Company has not utilised any amount under the overdraft agreement.

16. DIVIDENDS

Proposal for distribution of dividend for the year 2017: The Company's General Assembly of the Shareholders approved on June 22, 2018 the proposal of the Board of Directors for a dividend distribution, for the fiscal year 2017, amounted to € 4,280,000.00 or € 0.1712 per share (2016: € 2,230,000.00 or € 0.0892 per share). A withholding tax will be calculated according to the relevant tax rate. The dividend for the year 2017 was paid on July 25, 2018.

17. ACCRUED AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

This account is analyzed as follows:

	30/06/2018	31/12/2017
Taxes payable (except Income taxes)	1,013,260.60	2,281,593.35
National insurance and other contribution	1,866,637.54	2,392,501.33
Salaries Payable	322,215.35	294,757.41
Concession Agreement Payment	2,416,285.44	4,138,881.92
Other Creditors	543,592.12	1,514,693.48
Other Third Party Short-term obligations	1,125,519.35	1,525,889.26
Regulatory Authority for Ports	565,172.03	356,858.84
Greek State committed dividends	804,000.00	804,000.00
Liability to "Loan and Consignment Fund"	77,271.48	77,271.48
Customer advance payments	3,732,537.50	4,550,351.40
Indemnity for untaken leave	486,589.31	486,589.31
Provision for employee's voluntary retirement incentives (Note 25)	832,500.00	787,500.00
Dividends payable (Note 16)	4,280,000.00	-
Accrued expenses	1,837,150.74	857,812.81
Total	19,902,731.46	20,068,700.59

Taxes Payable: Current period amount consists of: a) Value Added Tax € 0 (December 31, 2017: € 961,534.39), b) Employee withheld income tax € 888,727.51 (December 31, 2017: € 1,095,321.01 and c) other third party taxes € 124,553.09 (December 31, 2017: € 224,737.95). The Company has a VAT receivable of € 2,947,558.82 at June 30, 2018 (Note 8).

Concession Agreement Liability: The amount is calculated as 3.5% on total revenues of the year excluding finance income.

The Company receives payments in advance for services rendered on an ordinary basis, which are then settled on a regular basis. Customer payments in advance amounted to € 3,732,537.50 (December 31, 2017: € 4,550,351.40).

18. DEFERRED INCOME

- a) On April 27, 2009 “PCT S.A.” paid € 50,000,000.00 as a one-off consideration for the use of port facilities of Piers II and III of SEMPO of PPA (N.3755/2009). From the aforementioned amount, € 2,930,211.41 was offset with the cost of supplies and parts provided by PCT S.A., while the remaining amount of € 47,069,788.59 is amortized over the concession period.

On August 2009, PPA S.A received from PCT S.A. three letters of guarantee amounted to € 61.4 million, € 21.0 million and € 42.0 million respectively for the concession agreement, the upgrade of PIER I and the construction of PIER II respectively. On September 2016, the last letter of guarantee reduced by 50% upon completion of the project construction of the eastern side of PIER III.

The initial concession period is thirty (30) years, which may be increased to thirty five (35) years, provided that PCT S.A. completes the construction of the port infrastructure on the east side of Pier III. Following the transfer of the cumulative amount € 11,767,447.13 on revenue of the years 2009 until June 30, 2018 the new balance at June 30, 2018 amounted to € 35,302,341.46 (December 31, 2017: € 35,974,767.01).

- b) The Company receives Fixed Annual Consideration from PCT S.A based on the length and surface of conceded land. Fixed Annual Considerations is invoiced in advance in April and October of each fiscal year. As a result the Company has recognized a deferred revenue of € 2,210,308.47 and € 2,152,368.65 as at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 respectively.

Balance December 31, 2016	39,430,497.87
Less: Amortization of the year – Initial concession	(1,344,851.10)
Less: Deferred Fixed Annual Consideration for the period 1.1.2017-31.3.2017 realized	(2,110,879.76)
Plus: Deferred Fixed Annual Consideration for the period 1.1.2018-31.3.2018	<u>2,152,368.65</u>
Balance December 31, 2017	38,127,135.66
Less: Amortization of the year – Initial concession (1.7.2018-31.12.2018)	(672,425.55)
Less: Deferred Fixed Annual Consideration for the period 1.1.2018-31.3.2018 realized	(2,152,368.65)
Plus: Deferred Fixed Annual Consideration for the period 1.7.2018-30.9.2018	<u>2,210,308.47</u>
Balance June 30, 2018	<u>37,512,649.93</u>

- c) Additionally as at June 30, 2018, deferred income includes an amount of € 36,283.19 which relates to the deferred income from rentals.

19. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in Greece, regardless of the fact that its clientele includes international companies. Additionally, the Company has no other commercial or industrial activities other than the provision of services solely in the Port area and does not have income or assets from foreign customers (based on the geographical area in which they operate).

The port of Piraeus is a port complex activities, putting work in many areas of port activity , such as containers Car-terminal, shipping, cruise, Ro-Ro, ship repairing, environmental and logistics services.

It is the main port of coastal connecting mainland Greece and the islands, the main cruise port service in the country , the main port container , the main car – terminal port of the country.

The PPA SA provides all the requested port services: water, fuel oil, solid and liquid slot tankers, jack residual oil, electricity, fiber optics and internet, victuals, repairs, environmental services and is fully connected to all activities with modern computer systems.

The management of PPA SA monitors at the level of results of the above activities and takes business decisions based on the implemented internal management information system.

Based on the above and in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 8, the Company has determined to disclose the following segments:

- Container Terminal
- Handling Car
- Coasting
- Cruise
- Ship repairing
- Other segments (water supply, space management, merchandise management)

The other segments include activities representing less than 10 % of total revenue and profit in all segments and therefore are not disclosed as separate operating segments.

The Company level, includes revenues and expenses that are not allocated by operating segment because management monitors them at entity level.

Management does not make business decisions and does not monitor periodically the assets and liabilities of the business sectors and for this reason does not make the relevant disclosures as required by the provisions of IFRS 8.

The segment information for the period ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, is analysed as follows:

	CONTAINER TERMINAL		CAR TERMINAL	COASTING	CRUISE	SHIP REPAIRING (TANKS AND DOCK)	OTHER SEGMENTS	COMPANY	TOTAL
	CONTAINER TERMINAL OPERATION	CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT PIER I&II							
30.06.2018									
Revenues	12,293,230.25	26,833,105.24	7,900,570.35	4,481,951.20	3,866,643.47	4,710,621.02	3,428,293.02	-	63,514,414.55
Cost of sales	(16,975,360.54)	(2,214,509.19)	(4,574,599.45)	(3,329,935.59)	(3,099,408.98)	(2,881,145.68)	(3,683,392.95)	-	(36,758,352.38)
Gross profit/(loss)	(4,682,130.29)	24,618,596.05	3,325,970.90	1,152,015.61	767,234.49	1,829,475.34	(255,099.93)	-	26,756,062.17
Other expenses	(1,707,732.11)	(3,744,247.34)	(1,095,317.05)	(612,085.07)	(484,347.26)	(721,643.29)	(628,914.75)	(4,515,833.51)	(13,510,120.37)
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	445,571.00	1,399,416.31	3,677,325.06	5,522,312.37
Financial income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	401,034.76	401,034.76
Financial expenses	(331,746.24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(138,941.19)	(470,687.43)
Profit / (loss) before income taxes	(6,721,608.64)	20,874,348.71	2,230,653.85	539,930.54	282,887.23	1,553,403.05	515,401.63	(576,414.88)	18,698,601.50
Income taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,438,991.84)	(5,438,991.84)
Net profit/(loss) after taxes	(6,721,608.64)	20,874,348.71	2,230,653.85	539,930.54	282,887.23	1,553,403.05	515,401.63	(6,015,406.72)	13,259,609.66
Depreciation and amortisation	2,763,591.81	1,326,737.74	298,352.89	601,467.79	709,186.58	554,067.96	708,052.94	-	6,961,457.71
Earnings/ (Losses) before income taxes, interest, depreciation and amortisation	(3,626,270.59)	22,201,086.45	2,529,006.74	1,141,398.33	992,073.82	2,107,471.02	1,223,454.57	(838,508.45)	25,729,711.88

	CONTAINER TERMINAL		CAR TERMINAL	COASTING	CRUISE	SHIP REPAIRING (TANKS AND DOCK)	OTHER SEGMENTS	COMPANY	TOTAL
	CONTAINER TERMINAL OPERATION	CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT PIER I&II							
30.06.2017									
Revenues	10,238,633.94	20,713,313.39	6,091,188.70	4,321,618.62	4,294,746.14	3,176,394.46	3,202,861.79	-	52,038,757.04
Cost of sales	(17,535,254.66)	(2,163,719.72)	(4,443,976.25)	(3,495,483.00)	(3,591,406.85)	(2,851,541.18)	(3,633,862.50)	-	(37,715,244.16)
Gross profit/(loss)	(7,296,620.72)	18,549,593.67	1,647,212.45	826,135.62	703,339.29	324,853.28	(431,000.71)	-	14,323,512.88
Other expenses	(1,552,301.94)	(2,997,062.85)	(917,312.00)	(646,195.69)	(653,579.39)	(485,642.44)	(689,478.97)	(1,600,511.51)	(9,542,084.78)
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	178,167.88	1,622,290.42	1,924,023.21	3,724,481.51
Financial income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	383,219.94	383,219.94
Financial expenses	(45,901.00)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(228,053.89)	(273,954.89)
Profit / (loss) before income taxes	(8,894,941.64)	15,552,479.24	729,850.72	179,864.00	49,675.66	17,330.92	501,735.02	479,180.74	8,615,174.66
Income taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,175,196.10)	(4,175,196.10)
Net profit/(loss) after taxes	(8,894,941.64)	15,552,479.24	729,850.72	179,864.00	49,675.66	17,330.92	501,735.02	(3,696,015.36)	4,439,978.56
Depreciation and amortisation	2,856,317.59	1,509,974.18	278,470.79	553,151.86	733,664.36	401,869.04	329,860.85	-	6,663,308.67
Earnings/ (Losses) before income taxes, interest, depreciation and amortisation	(5,992,723.05)	17,062,453.42	1,008,321.51	733,015.86	783,340.02	419,199.96	831,595.87	324,014.69	15,169,218.27

20. REVENUES

Revenues are analyzed as follows:

	<u>1/1-30/06/2018</u>	<u>1/1-30/06/2017</u>
Revenue from:		
Loading and Unloading	15,378,118.32	12,850,123.14
Storage	1,851,541.36	1,311,126.79
Supply of water	1,141,930.19	1,116,207.46
Dry docking services	2,472,381.85	1,050,174.76
Cruise services	2,450,415.98	2,631,484.99
Ferry services	3,362,502.96	3,147,044.14
Environmental services	1,172,134.95	1,189,089.64
Mooring services	4,281,090.54	4,346,875.90
Ship repair zone services	2,238,239.17	2,126,219.24
Other supporting services	2,210,441.62	1,437,514.96
Revenue from concession of liquid wastes' collection and transportation	122,512.38	119,582.64
Total	<u>36,681,309.32</u>	<u>31,325,443.66</u>
Revenue from Fixed and Variable Consideration:		
Revenue from concession agreement Pier II+III	26,134,167.68	20,019,975.83
Other income from concession agreement Pier II+III	698,937.55	693,337.55
Total	<u>63,514,414.55</u>	<u>52,038,757.04</u>

The increase in revenue from the concession Piers II + III is due to the increase in Consolidated Income of PCT S.A. of the prior contractual year which forms the basis of variable consideration received.

21. ANALYSIS OF EXPENSES

Expenses (cost of sales and administrative expenses) are analyzed as follows:

	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Payroll and related costs (Note 25)	28,779,140.61	30,182,667.39
Third party fees	326,474.58	708,014.42
Third party services	4,557,943.41	3,641,943.88
Concession agreement fee	2,416,285.44	2,070,126.05
Depreciation- Amortisation (Note 24)	6,961,457.71	6,663,308.67
Taxes and duties	384,446.04	261,330.99
General expenses	2,018,997.68	1,958,477.27
Provision for doubtful trade receivables (Note 8)	885,063.53	-
Provisions for compensation of beneficiaries L.4331/2015	-	78,907.04
Provision for pending lawsuits (Note 13)	1,283,209.17	-
Provision for doubtful other receivables (Note 8)	1,333,968.78	-
Cost of sales of inventory and consumables	900,878.76	845,895.32
Total	<u>49,847,865.71</u>	<u>46,410,671.03</u>
The above expenses are analyzed as follows:		
	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Cost of sales	36,758,352.38	37,715,244.16
Administrative expenses	13,089,513.33	8,695,426.87
Total	<u>49,847,865.71</u>	<u>46,410,671.03</u>

22. OTHER OPERATING INCOME / EXPENSES
OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Rental income	1,691,297.94	1,660,807.08
Income from European Union's programs	305,239.13	557,566.00
Income from reversal of legal provisions (Note 13)	1,572,290.55	189,415.00
Income from unused provisions	-	704,634.64
Income from reversal of bad debt provisions (Note 8)	1,401,021.95	-
Various other operating income	552,462.80	612,058.79
Total	<u>5,522,312.37</u>	<u>3,724,481.51</u>

Rental income concerns land and building rents.

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Third parties compensation	105,705.98	537,860.34
Research and development cost	29,875.00	36,000.00
Losses on sale of fixed assets	4,316.36	4,316.36
Other expenses	280,709.70	268,481.21
Total	<u>420,607.04</u>	<u>846,657.91</u>

23. FINANCIAL INCOME/ (EXPENSES)

The amounts are analyzed as follows:

	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Interest income and related financial income	221,318.34	139,517.97
Interest expense and related financial expenses	(470,687.43)	(273,954.89)
Total	<u>(249,369.09)</u>	<u>(134,436.92)</u>
Interest income from overdue balances	179,716.42	243,701.97
Total	<u>69,652.67</u>	<u>109,265.05</u>

24. DEPRECIATION- AMORTISATION

The amounts are analyzed as follows:

	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7,395,624.84	7,091,197.07
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,029.72	11,480.34
Amortization grants (Note 12)	(439,196.85)	(439,368.74)
Total	<u>6,961,457.71</u>	<u>6,663,308.67</u>

25. PAYROLL AND RELATED COSTS

The amounts are analyzed as follows:

	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Wages and salaries (including directors remuneration - note 28)	22,212,327.09	22,962,554.69
Social security costs	5,444,090.33	5,688,256.21
Other staff costs	507,238.17	450,207.21
Employee retirement incentives	247,500.00	707,205.70
Provision for staff leaving indemnities	367,985.02	374,443.58
Total	<u>28,779,140.61</u>	<u>30,182,667.39</u>

The Company announced during the prior year the offer of voluntary retirement incentives to those employees who are close to retirement date. Until December 31, 2017 75 employees have used the incentives (€ 1,715,757.12) and a provision was made for another 35 employees who announced their intention to use the incentive in 2018 (€ 787,500).

During the current period, the incentives were used by 7 employees and 1 worker for whom the provision was made as of December 31, 2017. An additional provision amounted to € 225,000.00 for 9 employees and 1 worker was recorded in the current period. The rest of the provision for retirement incentives as at 30 June 2018 amounts to € 832,500.00 (note 17).

26. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The amounts are analyzed as follows:

	<u>01/01-30/06/2018</u>	<u>01/01-30/06/2017</u>
Profit for the period	13,259,609.66	4,439,978.56
Weighted number of shares	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00
Earnings per share	<u>0.5304</u>	<u>0.1776</u>

27. COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

(a) Litigation and Claims: The Company is currently involved in a number of legal proceedings and has various claims of a total amount of approximately € 181.1 million concerning mainly labour disputes and legal proceedings with municipalities around the port, arising in the ordinary course of business. Based on currently available information, management and its legal department believe that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a significant effect on the Company's operating results or financial position, except for the recorded provisions in Note 13.

(b) Liabilities arising from letters of Guarantee: The Company has issued letters of guarantee amounting to € 19,611,093.01 (December 31, 2017: € 24,919,042.25), of which € 4,546,581.01 (December 31, 2017: € 9,854,530.25) in favor of the General Directorate of Customs (E 'and F' Customs Office) of the Ministry of Economy for the operation of all warehouses for temporary storage of goods PPA S.A. Under the current concession agreement of 24.06.2016 between the PPA and the Greek Government, PPA has issued a letter of guarantee in favor of the Ministry of Finance General Secretariat of Public Property amounted to € 15,000,000.00.

(c) Operating leases:

- i) The Company has entered into commercial operating lease agreements for the lease of transportation means. These lease agreements have an average life of 3 to 5 years with renewal terms included in certain contracts. Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases as at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	<u>June 30</u> <u>2018</u>
Within one year	149,161.38
2-5 years	26,259.52
Total	<u>175,420.90</u>

- ii) The Greek State transfers its exclusive right of use and exploitation of port zone land, buildings and facilities of Piraeus Port to the Company until 2052, in exchange of an annual percentage payment based on Company's income. Based on the new Concession Agreement signed on 24/6/2016 the percentage to Greek State increased to 3.5% of the Company's consolidated annual income (except financial income) and the annual minimum payment is 3.5 million annually. Future minimum concession agreement payable as at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	<u>June 30</u> <u>2018</u>
Within one year	3,500,000.00
Between 2-5 years	14,000,000.00
Over 5 years	103,250,000.00
Total	<u>120,750,00.00</u>

Future minimum rentals receivable: Future minimum rentals receivable, under non-cancellable operating leases as at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2018</u>
Within one year	1,694,562.54
2-5 years	2,712,849.10
Over 5 years	14,722,103.67
Total	<u>19,129,515.31</u>

- (d) **Contractual commitments:** The outstanding balance of the contractual commitments with suppliers on significant infrastructure projects (construction, maintenance, improvements, etc.) at June 30, 2018 amounted to approximately € 2.5 million (December 31, 2017: approximately € 17.9 million).

- (e) **Special Contribution to Social Insurance Institute (IKA – TEAM):** On November 7, 2011 the Company notified the management of IKA its intention to stop paying the special contribution in favour of the assistant fund of PPA's S.A. employees, since after the merger of IKA with IKA – TEAM the management of the Company considers that there is no further obligation. After not getting any official answer, the Company decided to cease the payments of those contributions, starting October 2013. If the payment of the contribution has not been ceased, then as at June 30, 2018, this contribution will amount to around € 4.3 millions (December 31, 2017: around € 3.8 millions). Since the approval date of the condensed financial information, there were no official reply from the management of the Social Insurance Institute. The management of the Company believes that this contingent liability could be settled without significant adverse effects on its financial position.
- (f) **Commitments for investments based on concession arrangement:** Based on the concession arrangement signed on June 24, 2016 between the PPA and the Greek Government derives the commitment to invest the PPA in projects into the Port within the next five years an amount of € 293.8 million.

28. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company provides services to certain related parties in the normal course of business. The Company's transactions and account balances with related companies are as follows:

Related party	Relation with the Company	Period ended	Sales to related parties	Purchases from related parties
PIRAEUS CONTAINER TERMINAL S..A	Related Party	30.06.2018	26,833,105.23	1,169,212.07
		30.06.2017	20,715,685.72	10,757,113.95
COSCO (Shanghai) SHIPYARD Co LTD	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	23,835,000.00
		30.06.2017	-	-
COSCO SHIPPING LINES GREECE S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	61,043.29	1,000.00
		30.06.2017	9,470.65	-
PCDC S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	20,044.93	1,000.00
		30.06.2017	-	-
COSCO (HONG KONG) INSURANCE BROKERS L.T.D.	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	418,306.44
		30.06.2017	-	345,000.00
	Total	30.06.2018	26,914,193.45	25,423,518.51
	Total	30.06.2017	20,725,156.37	11,102,113.95

PIRAEUS PORT AUTHORITY S.A

Interim Condensed Financial Information for the period ended June 30, 2018

(amounts in Euro, unless stated otherwise)

Related party	Relation with the Company	Year/Period ended	Amounts due from related parties	Amounts due to related parties
PIRAEUS CONTAINER TERMINAL S..A	Related Party	30.06.2018	8,123,672.74	-
		31.12.2017	2,530,385.67	5,890.33
COSCO SHIPPING LINES GREECE S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	294.20	-
		31.12.2017	-	94,616.63
PCDC S.A.	Related Party	30.06.2018	3,100.00	6,000.51
		31.12.2017	-	-
COSCO (Shanghai) SHIPYARD Co LTD	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	2,383,500.00
		31.12.2017	7,150,500.00	-
COSCO SHIPPING AIR FREIGHT CO	Related Party	30.06.2018	-	180.00
		31.12.2017	-	12,976.00
	Total	30.06.2018	8,127,066.94	2,389,680,51
	Total	31.12.2017	9,680,885.67	113,482.96

The revenues and receivables from Piraeus Container Terminal S.A. (PCT S.A.) are related to the fixed and variable revenue from the concession agreement (PIER II & III). PCT S.A. is considered as a related party after the acquisition of the majority stake of PPA S.A by the COSCO SHIPPING (Hong Kong) Limited on August 10, 2016. Expenses from PCT S.A. related to invoices to PPA S.A. for the construction of the petroleum pier that has been undertaken by a contractor through PCT S.A.

The transaction with COSCO (HONG KONG) INSURANCE BROKERS L.T.D. relates to the insurance coverage of PPA S.A. regarding third party liability, employer' s liability, property and business interruption and directors and officers liability for the period 1.1-31.12.2018, according to article 17 of the Concession Agreement (Greek Law 4404/2016).

The balance with COSCO (Shanghai) SHIPYARD Co LTD for the year ended December 31, 2017 relates to a payment in advance for the purchase of a floating dock intended to locate at Perama Ship Repair Yard based on a contract signed on September 4, 2017. In the current period the floating dock has been invoiced and delivered but not still in full operational status. The amount due as at June 30, 2018 concerns the same transaction.

Board of Directors Members Remuneration: For the period ended on June 30, 2018, remuneration and attendance costs, amounting to € 288,286.78 (June 30, 2017: € 120,780.45) were paid to the Board of Directors members. Furthermore during the period ended June 30, 2018 emoluments of € 178,615.10 (June 30, 2017: € 207,636.05) were paid to Managers/Directors for services rendered.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value: The carrying amounts reflected in the accompanying sheets of financial position for cash and cash equivalents, trade and other accounts receivable, prepayments, trade and other accounts payable and accrued and other current liabilities approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

The fair value of variable rate loans and borrowings approximate the amounts appearing in the statements of financial position.

The Company categorized its financial instruments carried at fair value in three categories, defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) values from active financial markets for identical negotiable assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Other techniques for which all inflows that have a significant impact on the recorded fair value are identified or determined directly or indirectly from active financial markets.

Level 3: Techniques that use inflows that have a significant impact on the recorded fair value and are not based on quoted prices from active financial markets.

During the period ended June 30, 2018, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

As at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company held the following financial instruments measured at fair value:

June 30, 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities				
Interest bearing loans and borrowings (including short term portion)	-	65,499,999.99	-	65,499,999.99
December 31, 2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial liabilities				
Interest bearing loans and borrowings (including short term portion)	-	68,499,999.99	-	68,499,999.99

30. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no subsequent events after June 30, 2018 that may significantly affect the Company's financial position.

Piraeus, September 26, 2018

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF
DIRECTORS
And
MANAGING DIRECTOR

FU CHENGQU
Passport No E92044606

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF
DIRECTORS

FENG BOMING
Passport No PE0484459

FINANCIAL MANAGER

IOANNIS KOUKIS
License No. O.E.E. 0007437
A' Class