# LAMDA Development S.A.



# Semi-annual financial report

# For the period from January 1, 2019 – June 30, 2019 (In accordance with Article 5 of Law 3556/2007)

G.E.MI.:3379701000 37<sup>A</sup> Kifissias Ave. 15123, Maroussi

These financial statements have been translated from the original statutory financial statements that have been prepared in the Greek language. In the event that differences exist between this translation and the original Greek language financial statements, the Greek language financial statements will prevail over this document.

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#### STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF

#### "LAMDA Development S.A." for the condensed consolidated and company financial statements for the six month period ended June 30, 2019

#### (according to the article 5 par.2 of the Law 3556/2007)

We state to the best of our knowledge, that the semi-annual condensed Consolidated and Company financial statements for the six month period ended June 30, 2019, which have been prepared in accordance with the international accounting standards in effect, reflect fairly the assets, liabilities, equity and the results of LAMDA Development S.A., as well as of the companies that are included in the consolidation taken as a whole.

Furthermore, we state to the best of our knowledge that the Semi-Annual Report of the Board of Directors reflects fairly the development, the performance and the status of LAMDA Development S.A., as well as of the companies that are included in the consolidation taken as a whole, and includes a description of the main risks and uncertainties they confront.

Maroussi, September 10, 2019

The undersigned

Anastasios K.Giannitsis	Odyssefs E.Athanasiou	Evgenia G.Paizi
Chairman of the BoD	Chief Executive Officer	Member of the BoD

#### SEMI-ANNUAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT OF "LAMDA Development S.A." FOR THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 1, 2019 - JUNE 30, 2019

Dear Shareholders,

According to the provisions of the laws 3556/2007 and the decisions of the Hellenic Capital Market Commission, we present the semi-annual Board of Directors' report of "LAMDA Development S.A." concerning the Consolidated and Company Financial Statements for the six-month period that ended on June 30, 2019.

#### FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE GROUP

According to the International Financial Reporting Standards, the main financial results for the Group and the Company for the six-month period that ended 30.06.2019 are the following:

Consolidated results after tax amount to profits  $\notin$ 45.230 thousands compared to profits  $\notin$ 35.891 thousands in the comparative period of 2018.

During current period, there was an increase of  $\notin$ 49.687 thousands in the net gains from fair value adjustment on investment property compared to  $\notin$ 45.585 thousands in the comparative period of 2018.

Consolidated turnover reached €39.511 thousands compared to €38.481 thousands in the comparative period of 2018.

The Net Asset Value that is attributable to the Company's owner reached  $\notin$ 486.078 thousands at 30.06.2019 compared to  $\notin$ 438.928 thousands at 31.12.2018 showing an increase of 10.8%.

(amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands)	2019	2018	Variation
NET ASSET VALUE (NAV) (as exported by the internal information of the Group)	486.078	438.928	10.7%
Shareholders' Equity	391.777	355.117	10.3%
Earnings before valuations	27.050	25.082	7.8%
Fair Value Gains from investment property	49.687	45.585	9.0%
Profit before tax	63.202	56.951	11.0%
Net Profit after tax & non-controlling interests	37.179	25.099	48.1%
Turnover	39.511	38.481	2.7%

"The Mall Athens" recorded an increase in EBITDA by 0.7% reaching  $\notin$ 14.4m. Mediterranean Cosmos" in Pylaia Thessaloniki recorded an increase in EBITDA by 23.3% reaching  $\notin$ 9.0m which is attributed to applying IFRS 16. According to the new standard, hereinafter part of the lease for the current period is recognized as finance cost, amounting to  $\notin$ 1.7m. Finally, "Golden Hall" remained stable at  $\notin$ 8.6m.

The financial ratios NET DEBT / TOTAL ASSETS and NET DEBT / EQUITY reached 39.2% and 78.8% accordingly.

The Group uses certain Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) due to certain special features of the business category.

Definitions (APMs)

- 1. Net Asset Value: Group Equity adjusted by the deferred tax liability and asset attributable to the Group's shareholders
- 2. Total Group operating results (EBITDA) before valuations: Group operating results (EBITDA) without taking into account the fair value gains/losses that occur from the valuations of the shopping centers, profit or loss from acquisition/disposal of interest held in participations, result from disposal of inventories-land, as well as other losses and the impairment losses of the other assets plus the share of net profit of investments accounted for using the equity method
- **3. Retail EBITDA:** Sum of each EBITDA of the shopping centers Golden Hall, Mediterranean Cosmos and The Mall Athens.
- **4. EBITDA of the shopping centers (The Mall Athens, Mediterranean Cosmos and Golden Hall):** Individual EBITDA of the companies Lamda Olympia Village SA, PYLAIA SA και Lamda Domi SA, which are involved in the exploitation of the shopping centers The Mall Athens, Mediterranean Cosmos and Golden Hall respectively.
- 5. Change in EBITDA of the shopping centers (The Mall Athens, Mediterranean Cosmos, Golden Hall): Percentage change of the current period vs last year's period.
- 6. Net Debt / Total Assets: (Debt minus Cash and cash equivalents minus Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss) over (Investment property plus Property, plant and equipment plus Investment in joint ventures and associates plus Inventories).
- 7. Net Debt / Equity (Debt minus Cash and cash equivalents minus Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss) over Equity.

#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

The Company's subsidiary LAMDA DOMI SA, continues the construction works for the development of the western part of the former International Broadcasting Center (IBC), where Golden Hall is operating, aiming to be completed before the end of 2019. The project, of a total budget of  $\notin$ 25m, is planned to will further strengthen and supplement the existing shopping center Golden Hall.

#### PROSPECTS

The Company observes the performance of the shopping centers through ratios, which, according to international standards, are mainly the customer visits ratio and the ratio of the shopkeepers' turnover. According to these ratios there is a decrease in the period of 01.01.2019-30.06.2019 in customer visits by 2.4% in relation to the comparative period of 2018. On the contrary, there is an increase in the shopkeepers' turnover by 1.1%. In July 2019 the shopkeepers' turnover was increased significantly by 7.3% and the customer visits increased by 5.4%. The Company is not able to accurately predict the course of shopkeepers' turnover in the medium term period of time. The occupancy of the shopping malls in the second semester of 2019 is expected to remain stable at levels that reach 98%.

#### **SIGNIFICANT RISKS FOR YEAR 2017**

#### Fluctuations in property values

Fluctuations in property values are reflected in the income statement and balance sheet according to their fair value. An increase in yields would have a significant impact on the Group's profitability and assets. However, due to the successful performance of Shopping and Leisure Centers "The Mall Athens", "Golden Hall" in Maroussi and "Mediterranean Cosmos" in Pylaia Thessaloniki, their market value is less likely to be reduced. In this context, we note that despite the existing factors of increased uncertainty, the values reported provide the best estimate for the Company's investment property. The complete impact of the consequences of the economic situation may affect the value of the Group's investment property in the future.

#### Credit risk

The credit risk management is monitored at Group level. The credit risk derives from tenants, bonds and mutual funds, as well as cash and cash equivalents.

With regard to the Group's income, they come mainly from tenants with good reputation whereas certain terms of sales and collections are applied.

Income will be significantly affected in case the tenants are unable to fulfil their contractual obligations due to either restriction in their financial activities or instability of the local banking system.

However, the Group at 30.06.2019 has a well-diversified tenant mix consisting mainly of profitable companies with good reputation. The customers' financial condition is monitored on a recurring basis. The Company's management does not expect significant losses from impaired receivables except for those that have been provided for.

#### Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Greece and the Balkans and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currencies. The majority of the Group's transactions are carried out in Euro. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions as well as the assets, liabilities and net asset value of investments operating in foreign countries.

The Group's standard practice is not to pre-purchase foreign exchange, not to enter into forward foreign exchange contracts with external counterparties and not to enter into currency hedging transactions.

The Group has participations in subsidiaries that operate abroad which equity is exposed to foreign exchange risk at the conversion of their financial statements for consolidation purposes. In relation to the operations outside Greece, the most significant operations take place in Serbia where the foreign exchange rate historically does not show considerable changes. Also, the Group's operations outside Greece do not include material commercial transactions and therefore there is not a significant foreign exchange risk.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk derives mainly from bank loans with floating interest rates based on Euribor. The risk is partially hedged with cash held at floating rates.

The group analyses its interest rate exposure and manages the interest rate risk through refinancing, renewal of existing loans, alternative financing and hedging. The interest rate risk is disclosed in note 2.11 of the annual consolidated and company financial statements of 2018.

#### Inflation risk

The Group's exposure to inflation risk is limited as the Group enters into long term operating lease arrangements for a minimum of 6 years that are adjusted annually according to the Consumer Price Index plus margin up to 2%.

#### Liquidity risk

At 30.06.2019 the short-term borrowings include mainly the Company's bond loan ( $\notin$ 95.1m), date of repayment in December 2019, as well as the loan of the subsidiary LAMDA Prime Properties SA ( $\notin$ 5.3m), date of repayment in September 2019. The management is undergoing negotiations with the counterparties in relation to the refinancing of the above-mentioned short-term loans, a procedure that has not been completed until the date of these financial statements' release. The Management expects that the procedure of refinancing will be completed successfully (note 11).

#### External factors

The Company has investments in Greece, Romania, Serbia and Montenegro. The Group can be affected by external factors such as political instability, economic uncertainty and changes in local tax regimes.

The financial risk factors are disclosed in note 3 of the annual consolidated and company financial statements of 2018.

#### PENDING LITIGATION

#### **1. THE MALL ATHENS**

With regard to the legal issues relating to the particular investment, the following should be noted:

In total, five (5) petitions for annulment have been filed before the Council of State, relating to the area where the Olympic Press Village (or "Olympiako Chorio Typou") and the Shopping Center "The Mall Athens" were built, whose legal owner is the Company's subsidiary "LAMDA OLYMPIA VILLAGE S.A." (hereinafter, "L.O.V."). Specifically:

(a) The first petition for annulment directly contests the validity of Law 3207/2003, which is in lieu of the building permit for all the buildings constructed on this particular area. The petition aims to have the Law declared null and void, on the basis that it is allegedly not compatible with the provisions of the Constitution of the Hellenic Republic. The petition was heard on 03.05.2006 and the Fifth Section of the Council of State sent the case to the court's Plenary Session by means of its decision No 391/2008. The petition was heard before the Plenary Session on 05.03.2010, further to successive postponements of hearings previously scheduled for 05.02.2010, 09.10.2009, 08.05.2009 and 07.11.2008.

By means of decision No 4076/2010 of the Plenary Session, the hearing of the petition was postponed until the issuance of a decision by the Court of Justice of the European Union over another case, in which– according to the Council of State – similar legal issues were raised. The Court issued in decision in October of 2011, further to which the petition was heard before the Plenary Session of the Council of State on 05.04.2013, following postponements on 11.01.2013 and 01.03.2013. By virtue of its decision No 376/2014, the Plenary Session accepted the said petition and the Court annulled the silent confirmation by the competent planning authority of the Ministry of Environment, Planning & Public Works (namely, DOKK) that the studies of the project submitted to such authority were compliant with article 6 paragraphs 1 and 2 of Law 3207/2003.

The Council of State annulled the aforementioned act, because it identified irregularities of a procedural nature in the issuance of the licenses required for the project. In light of such nature of the identified irregularities, it is estimated that they may be rectified, and LOV has already initiated the procedure required further to the issuance of the said decision. The completion of the above mentioned procedure, which of course requires the effective contribution of the involved competent public services, will safeguard the full and unhindered operation of the Shopping Center.

(b) The second petition seeks annulment of the deemed approval of the designs submitted by L.O.V. to the Ministry of Environment, Planning and Public Works, pursuant to article 6 paragraph 2 of Law 3207/2003. By means of its decision No 455/2008, the Fifth (E') Section of the Council of State postponed the hearing of the case, until the issuance of the decision by the Court's Plenary Session on the first petition for annulment. The petition was heard on 02.04.2014, further to a postponement of the hearing previously scheduled for 02.12.2009, 02.06.2010, 03.11.2010, 08.06.2011, 02.11.2011, 11.01.2012, 07.03.2012, 02.05.2012, 07.11.2012, 06.03.2013, 02.10.2013 and 05.02.2014. The Fifth Section issued its decision No 4932/2014, whereby the court cancelled the proceedings.

(c) The third and fourth petitions for annulment seek the annulment of a series of pre-approvals and operating licenses respectively, issued by the Municipality of Maroussi to a number of stores operating in the aforementioned Shopping Center, on the basis that the law on which said pre-approvals and licenses were issued is not compatible with the provisions of the Constitution. The said petitions were heard before the Fourth (D) Section of the Council of State on 24.04.2018, further to successive postponements of hearings previously scheduled for 09.01.2007, 23.10.2007, 08.01.2008, 07.10.2008, 16.06.2009, 12.10.2010, 29.03.2011, 14.02.2012, 09.10.2012, 12.02.2013, 04.06.2013, 19.11.2013,

06.05.2014, 11.11.2014, 16.06.2015, 08.12.2015 and 07.06.2016, 06.12.2016, 21.03.2017, 13.06.2017, 28.11.2017 and 20.03.2018.

In light of the aforementioned decision of the Court's Plenary Session, the Company's legal advisors believe that the third and fourth petitions for annulment will be accepted.

(d) The fifth petition for annulment contests the validity of the decision of the Board of Directors of OEK (Worker's Housing Organization or "Organismos Ergatikis Katoikias"), which authorized the sale to L.O.V. of the plot of land where the Shopping Center was erected. Similar to the foregoing cases, the legal basis of the petition for annulment is the alleged incompatibility of Law 3207/2003 with the provisions of the Constitution. The said petition was heard on 21.03.2017, further to successive postponements of hearings previously scheduled for 09.01.2007, 23.10.2007, 08.01.2008, 07.10.2008, 16.06.2009, 12.10.2010, 29.03.2011, 14.02.2012, 09.10.2012, 12.02.2013, 04.06.2013, 19.11.2013, 06.05.2014, 11.11.2014, 16.06.2015, 08.12.2015, 07.06.2016 and 06.12.2016, and the respective decision is expected to be issued

The fifth petition for annulment will probably be rejected on the grounds that the matter falls outside of the Court's jurisdiction (the decision under annulment not being an enforceable administrative act).

It is noted that L.O.V. has intervened in all cases as a third party in the proceedings to support the validity of the acts contested.

Finally, in the event that any of the above petitions for annulment is accepted, L.O.V. will be entitled to seek redress for any damages it may suffer against the Greek State.

Additionally, LOV had to pay for the transfer of specific real property in the past (on 2006), property transfer tax of approximately  $\in$  13,7m, reserving its rights with regard to this tax and finally taking recourse to the administrative courts against the silent rejection of its reservations by the competent Tax Authority. In 2013 the said recourse was accepted in part and the re-calculation of the owed property tax was ordered, which led to the returning to LOV of an amount of approximately  $\notin 9.5m$ . Further to appeals on points of law filed by both parties, the Council of State rejected LOV's appeal and accepted the Hellenic Republic's appeal; consequently the case was referred back to the Administrative Court of Appeals, which initially postponed the issue of a final decision and obliged the parties to adduce evidence for the determination of the market value of the property; after resuming hearing of the case, the Administrative Court of Appeals finally rejected the recourse, determined the taxable value of the property and obliged the competent Tax Authority to re-calculate the transfer tax due upon the new taxable value. Following this decision, LOV had to pay transfer tax of approximately €16,3m. Filing of an appeal on points of law is pending and is estimated by the legal counsels of the Company to have high chances of success. In specific, grounds of appeal challenging re-calculation of transfer tax upon the market value of the property, to the extent it exceeds the objective value, are expected to succeed with very high probability.

#### 2. MEDITERRANEAN COSMOS

With regard to the legal issues relating to the particular investment, the following should be noted:

Contractor "MICHANIKI S.A." undertook a significant part of the construction works for the "Mediterranean Cosmos" Shopping Center in Pylaia, Thessalokini. Both "PYLAIA S.A.", a subsidiary of the Company, and "MICHANIKI S.A." have filed actions and counter-actions, which were jointly heard on 01.04.2009, following a postponement of the hearing initially set for 02.04.2008. The total claims of "PYLAIA S.A." against "MICHANIKI S.A." stand at  $\in$  18,340,931.49 (including the amount of  $\in$  2,000,000 as compensation for moral distress). On the basis of the actions it has filed, "MICHANIKI S.A." claims the amount of  $\in$  34,826,329.14 (including the amount of  $\in$  10,000,000 as compensation for moral distress).

By virtue of its decision 8172/2009, the Athens Multi-Member 1st Instance Court:

(i) Rejected the claims of "PYLAIA S.A.", adopting the false reasoning that "PYLAIA S.A." had assigned its claims under the contracts in question (with "MICHANIKI S.A.") to the bondholder agent further to a respective agreement and, therefore, was not entitled to seek redress for its pertinent claims.

(ii) Rejected certain claims of "MICHANIKI S.A." as vague or unfounded and ordered a continuance hearing, to follow the issuance of an expert opinion on certain allegations of one of the actions.

"PYLAIA S.A." had lodged an appeal against the above decision, seeking to reverse it to the extent that it rejected "PYLAIA S.A."'s actions as per point (i) above. The appeal was heard before the Athens Court of Appeal on 28.02.2013 (following a postponement of the initial hearing date which was the 27.09.2012) and rejected by virtue of the court's decision No. 3977/ 2013. The court ruled that since "PYLAIA S.A." had assigned its claims from said contracts with "MICHANIKI S.A." to the bondholder agent under respective contract, it was not legally entitled to achieve the satisfaction of those claims. The Company submitted an appeal on points of law in front of the Supreme Court, which was heard on 11.05.2015. The Court recently accepted the appeal of "PYLAIA S.A." by means of its Decision No 208/2016, despite the negative opinion issued by the Judge Rapporteur, and sent the case back to the Court of Appeals for a new hearing. Further to the hearing of the case on 07.02.2019, the Court of Appeals issued its decision No 2776/2019, whereby the appeal filed by PYLEA S.A. was accepted and the Court ordered the carrying out of an expert opinion. The case will be heard once the experts submit their opinion. Moreover, as far as the lawsuits of "MICHANIKI SA" are concerned, following the submission to the Court of the expert's report which is favorable to "PYLAIA SA", and further to postponements, the hearing of said lawsuits took place on 10.10.2018 and the respective decision is expected to be issued.

In addition, "PYLAIA SA" filed a third lawsuit against "MICHANIKI SA" on 24.12.2010 claiming additional compensation of  $\notin$  2,073,123.13 (which includes the amount of  $\notin$ 500,000 for moral damages). The hearing had been scheduled for 25.02.2015, following a postponement on 21.11.2012, but it was cancelled. Given the outcome of the hearing before the Supreme Court, it is likely that a new hearing will be set for said action as well.

Moreover, on 28.12.2010 "PYLEA S.A." filed the nrs.13132, 13134 and 13129/2010 lawsuits to the Athens Multi-Member 1st Instance Court against "MICHANIKI SA", the hearing of which took place on 13.02.2013, following a postponement of the hearing of the case on 14.11.2012. Such lawsuits are identical to the previously presented lawsuits, save that they have been filed jointly with the company "EUROHYPO S.A.", to address the event where the Court rules that "PYLAIA SA" is not entitled to file these lawsuits in its name. This is the reason why the hearing of those lawsuits was cancelled on 13.02.2013 and was reenacted so that those lawsuits were scheduled to be heard on 18.03.2015, but the hearing was postponed for 25.01.2017 and then cancelled. A new hearing for these lawsuits had been set for 21.02.2018, when it was cancelled once again.

Finally, on 09.11.2012 "MICHANIKI S.A." filed a lawsuit before the Athens Multimember Court of First Instance, claiming additional compensation amounting to  $\notin$  2,293,016.59, namely the amount that "PYLAIA S.A." collected from Alpha Bank by forfeiture of "MICHANIKI S.A."'s bank bonds, and an additional amount of  $\notin$  500,000.00 as moral damages. The lawsuit was set to be heard on 28.05.2015, but was postponed for 12.10.2017, when it was cancelled.

In general, pursuant to the assessment of Company's legal counsels, the substantiated claims of "PYLAIA S.A." against "MICHANIKI S.A." significantly exceed the substantiated counterclaims of the latter against "PYLAIA S.A.".

#### **RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The related-party transactions according to IAS 24 of the Company and the Group are disclosed in the note 16 of the consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended on 30 June 2019.

Maroussi, September 10, 2019

The Board of Directors

Anastasios K.Giannitsis	Odyssefs E.Athanasiou	Evgenia G.Paizi
Chairman of the BoD	Chief Executive Officer	Member of the BoD

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Translation from the original text in Greek

### **Report on Review of Interim Financial Information**

#### To the Board of Directors of "LAMDA Development S.A."

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed company and consolidated statement of financial position of "LAMDA Development S.A." (the "Company"), as of 30 June 2019 and the related condensed company and consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flow statements for the six-month period then ended, and the selected explanatory notes that comprise the interim condensed financial information and which form an integral part of the six-month financial report as required by L.3556/2007.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as they have been adopted by the European Union and applied to interim financial reporting (International Accounting Standard "IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, as they have been transposed into Greek Law and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Our review has not revealed any material inconsistency or misstatement in the statements of the members of the Board of Directors and the information of the six-month Board of Directors Report, as defined in articles 5 and 5a of Law 3556/2007, in relation to the accompanying condensed interim financial information.



PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditing Company S.A. 268 Kifissias Avenue Halandri 15232 Athens, Greece SOEL Reg No 113 Athens, 10 September 2019

The Certified Auditor Accountant

Despina Marinou SOEL Reg No 17681

# Condensed Interim Consolidated and Company Financial Information for the period from January 1, 2019 - June 30, 2019

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	_	GROU	Р	COMP	ANY
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Note	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Investment property	5	988.665	852.115	1.840	1.840
Right-of-use assets	19	200	-	1.221	-
Property, plant and equipment	6	4.364	5.877	1.602	648
Investments in subsidiaries	7	-	-	310.283	308.307
Investments in joint ventures and associates	7	32.063	30.529	7.759	7.759
Deferred tax assets		8.749	7.739	8.169	7.185
Derivative financial instruments	12	285	285	-	-
Receivables	-	27.060	27.339	8.024	8.013
	-	1.061.386	923.885	338.898	333.754
Current assets		0.267	0.266		
Inventories		9.367	9.366	-	-
Trade and other receivables		35.581 3.046	40.574	22.704 2.988	24.424 2.987
Current tax assets Financial instruments held at fair value through profit			3.567	2.988	2.987
or loss	8	594	595	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	9	71.941	67.875	4.214	12.245
	-	120.528	121.976	29.905	39.656
Total assets	-	1.181.914	1.045.861	368.803	373.410
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent					
Share capital		376.663	376.663	376.663	376.663
Other reserves		7.061	6.900	3.012	3.012
Retained earnings/(Accumulated losses)	-	8.052	(28.447)	(192.057)	(187.233)
		391.776	355.117	187.618	192.442
Non-controlling interests	-	84.259	79.500	-	- 102 442
Total equity	-	476.035	434.616	187.618	192.442
LIABILITIES					
Non-current liabilities		22 4 2 52	205.025		
Borrowings	11	324.363	305.835	-	-
Lease liability	19	78.292	-	428	-
Deferred tax liabilities Derivative financial instruments	12	119.900 1.014	106.683	-	-
	12	1.014	- 1.202	812	812
Retirement benefit obligations Other non-current liabilities		1.191	1.202	54.440	53.654
Other non-current natimes	-	526.291	415.049	55.680	54.466
	-				
Current liabilities		100.000	4 4 4 9 9 4	05.400	
Borrowings	11	123.233	141.006	95.128	96.128
Lease liability	19	420	-	801	-
Trade and other payables		49.371 6.564	53.626 1.563	29.576	30.374
Current tax liabilities	-	179.588	1.363 196.195	125.505	126.502
Total liabilities	=	705.879	611.244	181.185	120.968
Total liabilities	-	1.181.914	1.045.861	368.803	373.410
Total equity and liabilities	-	1,101,714	1.040.001	200.003	575.410

# Statement of financial position (Company and Consolidated)

These condensed consolidated and Company interim financial statements of LAMDA Development SA have been approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on September 10, 2019.

		GROUP		COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Note	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	
Revenue		39.511	38.481	685	1.680	
Dividends		135	-	2.363	3.262	
Net gain from fair value adjustment on investment property	5	49.687	45.585	-		
Loss from inventory impairment		-	(170)	-		
Other direct property operating expenses		(4.721)	(6.303)	-		
Employee benefits expense		(4.629)	(3.993)	(2.740)	(3.054)	
Depreciation	6,19	(428)	(371)	(492)	(74)	
Impairment provision relating to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	7	-	-	(100)	-	
Other operating income / (expenses) - net		(1.979)	(2.725)	(1.799)	(1.776)	
Operating profit/(loss)		77.576	70.504	(2.082)	38	
Finance income		23	99	561	81	
Finance costs		(13.129)	(13.273)	(4.287)	(5.651)	
Share of net profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	7	(1.267)	(379)	-		
Profit/(loss) before income tax		63.202	56.951	(5.808)	(5.532)	
Income tax expense		(17.972)	(21.060)	984	1.110	
Profit/(loss) for the period		45.230	35.891	(4.824)	(4.422)	
Profit/(loss) attributable to:						
Equity holders of the parent		37.179	25.099	(4.824)	(4.422)	
Non-controlling interests		8.051	10.791	-	-	
		45.230	35.891	(4.824)	(4.422)	

holders of the parent (expressed in  $\varepsilon$  per share)

0,48 0,32 (0,06) (0,06)

# **Income Statement (Company and Consolidated)**

	GROUP		COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	01.04.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.04.2018 to 30.06.2018	01.04.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.04.2018 to 30.06.2018	
Revenue	19.296	18.797	338	836	
Dividends	135	-	2.363	3.262	
Net gain from fair value adjustment on investment property	49.687	45.585	-	-	
Loss from inventory impairment	-	(170)	-	-	
Other direct property operating expenses	(2.677)	(3.683)	-	-	
Employee benefits expense	(2.455)	(2.023)	(1.344)	(1.540)	
Depreciation	(217)	(179)	(250)	(40)	
Impairment provision relating to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	-	-	(100)	-	
Other operating income / (expenses) - net	(825)	(1.385)	(973)	(803)	
Operating profit	62.942	56.941	35	1.715	
Finance income	12	92	282	(196)	
Finance costs	(6.571)	(6.602)	(2.069)	(2.695)	
Share of net profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	(498)	(181)	-		
Profit/(loss) before income tax	55.886	50.251	(1.752)	(1.176)	
Income tax expense	(15.040)	(17.924)	306	351	
Profit/(loss) for the period	40.846	32.326	(1.445)	(825)	
Profit/(loss) attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent	34.328	22.932	(1.445)	(825)	
Non-controlling interests	6.517	9.394	-		
	40.846	32.326	(1.445)	(825)	
Earnings/(losses) per share attributable to the equity holders of the parent (expressed in $\in$ per share)					
	0,44	0,29	(0,02)	(0,01)	

# Statement of comprehensive income (Company and Consolidated)

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	
Profit/(loss) for the period	45.230	35.891	(4.824)	(4.422)	
Cash flow hedges, after tax	(761)	160	-	-	
Currency translation differences	-	(3)	-	-	
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	(761)	158	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the period	44.470	36.048	(4.824)	(4.422)	
Profit/(loss) attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent	36.660	25.206	(4.824)	(4.422)	
Non-controlling interest	7.810	10.842	-	-	
	44.470	36.048	(4.824)	(4.422)	

# Statement of changes in equity (Consolidated)

	A	ttributable to equit	y holders of the parent		_	
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings / (Accumulated losses)	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
GROUP						
1 January 2018	376.800	6.419	(70.377)	312.842	64.536	377.377
Total Income:						
Profit for the period	-	-	25.099	25.099	10.791	35.891
Other comprehensive income for the period:						-
Cash flow hedges, after tax	-	109	-	109	51	160
Currency translation differences	-	(3)	-	(3)	-	(3)
Total comprehensive income for the period: Transactions with the shareholders:	-	107	25.099	25.205	10.842	36.048
Formation of reserves	-	28	(28)	-	-	-
Dividends to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	(3.778)	(3.778)
Increase in share capital of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	3	3
	-	28	(28)	-	(3.775)	(3.775)
30 June 2018	376.800	6.554	(45.307)	338.047	71.604	409.651
1 January 2019	376.663	6.900	(28.447)	355.117	79.500	434.616
Total Income:						
Profit for the period	-	-	37.179	37.179	8.051	45.230
Other comprehensive income for the period:						
Cash flow hedges, after tax	-	(520)	-	(520)	(241)	(761)
Actuarial gains/(losses), after tax	-	3	(3)	-		-
Total comprehensive income for the period:		(517)	37.177	36.660	7.810	44.470
Transactions with the shareholders:						
Formation of reserves	-	678	(678)	-	-	-
Dividends to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	(3.052)	(3.052)
	-	678	(678)	-	(3.052)	(3.052)
30 June 2019	376.663	7.061	8.052	391.776	84.259	476.035

# Statement of changes in equity (Company)

all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings / (Accumulated losses)	Total equity
COMPANY				
1 Ιανουαρίου 2018	376.800	3.007	(168.803)	211.004
Total Income:				
Loss for the period	-	-	(4.422)	(4.422)
Total comprehensive income for the period:	-	-	(4.422)	(4.422)
30 June 2018	376.800	3.007	(173.225)	206.582
1 January 2019	376.663	3.012	(187.233)	192.442
Total Income:				
Loss for the period	-	-	(4.824)	(4.824)
Total comprehensive income for the period:	-	-	(4.824)	(4.824)
30 June 2019	376.663	3.012	(192.057)	187.618

# **Cash Flow Statement (Company and Consolidated)**

		GRO	UP	COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Note	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	13	25.139	8.149	(4.826)	(8.216)	
Interest paid and interest related finance cost		(10.219)	(12.281)	(3.260)	(4.454)	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	19	(1.721)	-	(28)	-	
Income taxes paid		(0)	(66)	(0)	(1)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		13.200	(4.198)	(8.086)	(12.671)	
Cash flows from investing activities						
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and investment property	5,6	(7.228)	(1.311)	(1.030)	(81)	
Proceeds from sale of ppe and investment property	5,6	25	6.500	-	-	
Dividends/pre-dividends received		-	-	2.228	3.082	
Loans to/from related parties		-	-	-	(618)	
Interest received		22	64	-	74	
Proceeds from repayment of loans to related parties		-	-	-	168	
Proceeds from sale/liquidation of participation		-	2.963	-	2.963	
(Purchase)/sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		-	5.282	-	5.282	
(Increase)/decrease in the share capital of participations	7	(2.800)	-	(2.076)	5.801	
Restricted cash		-	(1.232)	2.500	(5.000)	
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities		(9.981)	12.266	1.622	11.671	
Cash flows from financing activities						
Increase in share capital of subsidiaries by non-controlling interests		-	3	-	-	
Dividends paid at non-controlling interests		(1.294)	(3.778)	-	-	
Repayment of borrowings from related parties	16	-	-	(169)	(700)	
Borrowings received	11	78.890	25.000	-	25.000	
Repayment of borrowings	11	(78.285)	(47.136)	(1.000)	(40.698)	
Lease payments	19	(163)	-	(398)	-	
Borrowings transaction costs	11	(802)	(364)	-	-	
Restricted cash		2.500	(5.000)	-	-	
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities		846	(31.275)	(1.567)	(16.398)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4.066	(23.206)	(8.031)	(17.398)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		67.875	86.244	12.245	29.894	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		71.941	63.038	4.214	12.496	

# Notes to the condensed consolidated and company interim financial statements

# 1. General information

These condensed financial statements include the company financial statements of the company LAMDA Development S.A. (the "Company") and the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") for the six month period ended June 30, 2019. The names of the subsidiaries are presented in note 7 of these financial statements. The annual financial statements of the Group's subsidiaries for the year that ended at December 30, 2018, have been uploaded at <u>www.lamdadev.com</u>.

The main activities of the Group comprise investment, development, leasing and maintenance of innovative real estate projects.

The Group operates mainly in Greece, as well as in other neighbouring Balkan countries mainly Romania, Serbia, Montenegro and the Company's shares are listed on the Athens Stock Exchange.

The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Greece, the address of its registered office is 37<sup>A</sup> Kifissias Ave., 15123, Maroussi with the Number in the General Electronic Commercial Registry: 3379701000 and its website address is <u>www.lamdadev.com</u>. The Company Consolidated Lamda Holdings S.A. ("parent" of the Company), which is domiciled in Luxembourg, is the main shareholder of the Company as at 30.06.2019 with interest held at 53.82% of the share capital and therefore the Group's financial statements are included in its consolidated financial statements.

The Group activities, and consequently its revenues are not expected to be substantially impacted by seasonal fluctuations.

These condensed consolidated and Company interim financial statements of LAMDA Development SA have been approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on September 10, 2019.

# 2. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

## 2.1. Basis of preparation

These condensed interim consolidated and company financial statements have been prepared by Management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and Interpretations by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), as they have been adopted by the European Union, and specifically in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". These condensed interim consolidated and company financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 which are available on the website address <u>www.lamdadev.com</u>.

The accounting principles that have been used in the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements are in accordance with those used for the preparation of the Company and Group annual financial statements as of December 31, 2018 apart from the adoption of the new IFRS 16 Leases, which effect is depicted in note 19.

The condensed interim consolidated and company financial statements present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company has plans in place to avoid material disruptions to its operations and available financial resources to meet its operating requirements. In this respect Management has concluded that (a) the going concern basis of preparation of these financial statements is appropriate, and (b) all assets and liabilities are appropriately presented in accordance with the Company's accounting policies.

The management is undergoing negotiations with the counterparties in relation to the refinancing of the Group short-term loans of  $\notin$ 100.4m, a procedure that has not been completed until the date of these

financial statements' release, as described in note 11. In relation to the Company's syndicated bond loan, amount of  $\notin$ 95.1m, the bond holders have approved an extension until 31.12.2019, following a respective request. The extension was regarded as necessary due to the complicity of the specific syndicate bond loan and will allow a more efficient negotiation for the rest of the programme's terms. In addition, the discussions regarding the loan of LAMDA Prime Properties S.A. (which owns the building Cecil at Kefalari), amount of  $\notin$ 5.3m, are at an advanced stage and the Management expects that the loan will be refinanced successfully, following a respective request for an extension, until 31.10.2019. The Management expects that the above mentioned loans will be refinanced successfully.

The following specific matters should be noted that may impact the operations of the Group in the foreseeable future:

The macroeconomic and financial environment in Greece is showing continuous signs of stability, following the successful completion of the third Program and the release of the third enhanced surveillance report by the European Commission on June 5, 2019. Following the elimination of the capital controls from September 1, 2019, initially imposed on June 28, 2015 and to the extent that will be no delays in the completion of key structural reforms, no material negative impact on the Group's Greek operations is anticipated.

Management continually assesses the possible impact of any changes in the macroeconomic and financial environment in Greece so as to ensure that all necessary actions and measures are taken in order to minimize any impact on the Group's Greek operations. Despite the aforementioned uncertainties, the Group's operations continue without any disruption while the Group's shopping centers show further improvement of their profitability and also, there is a positive change in the discount rates; however Management is not able to accurately predict the likely developments in the Greek economy and its impact on the Group activities.

As described in detail in note 15 "Contingent liabilities and assets", in January 2014, the Hellenic Council of State approved the petition for annulment of Codified Law 3207/2003, according to the provisions of which the Olympic Press Village (or "Olympiako Chorio Typou") and the Commercial and Leisure Centre "The Mall Athens" were constructed. This decision by the Hellenic Council of State has no direct impact on the operations of "The Mall Athens" and it is anticipated that the operations will continue unhindered for the foreseeable future. Management has assessed the required actions that have been indicated by the Group's legal advisors as imposed following the decision in order to cope with this situation and therefore has undertaken already all necessary actions to this direction. The completion of the above mentioned procedure, which of course requires the effective contribution of the involved competent public services, will safeguard the full and unhindered operation of the Shopping Center.

The factors above have been taken into account by Management when preparing the financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2019. In this uncertain economic environment, management continually assesses the situation, in this uncertain economic environment, and its possible future impact to ensure that all necessary actions and measures are taken in order to minimize any impact on the Group's Greek operations. In note 3 "Financial risk management" of the financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2018, there is information on the approach of the total risk management of the Group, as well as on the general financial risk that the Group faces on an ongoing basis.

These consolidated and Company condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the investment property, the financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss and the derivative financial instruments which are presented at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the group's accounting policies. In addition, the use of certain estimates and assumptions is required that affect the balances of the assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at date of preparation of the financial statements and the amounts of income and expense during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the best knowledge of management in relation to the current conditions and actions, the actual results can eventually differ from these estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4 of the annual financial statements as of December 31, 2018.

#### 2.2. Accounting principles

Certain new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued that are mandatory for periods beginning on or after 01.01.2019. The Group's evaluation of the effect of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations is as follows:

#### Standards and Interpretations effective for the current financial year

#### IFRS 16 "Leases"

IFRS 16 has been issued in January 2016 and supersedes IAS 17. The objective of the standard is to ensure the lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. IFRS 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. The effect from applying the standard to the Group is described in note 19. The adoption of the standard had no effect on leases were the Group is the lessor.

#### IAS 28 (Amendments) "Long term interests in associates and joint ventures"

The amendments clarify that companies account for long-term interests in an associate or joint venture to which the equity method is not applied—using IFRS 9. The amendment had no impact on the financial statements of the Group.

#### IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty over income tax treatments"

The interpretation explains how to recognise and measure deferred and current income tax assets and liabilities where there is uncertainty over a tax treatment. IFRIC 23 applies to all aspects of income tax accounting where there is such uncertainty, including taxable profit or loss, the tax bases of assets and liabilities, tax losses and credits and tax rates. The interpretation had no impact on the financial statements of the Group.

#### IAS 19 (Amendments) "Plan amendment, curtailment or settlement"

The amendments specify how companies determine pension expenses when changes to a defined benefit pension plan occur. The amendment had no impact on the financial statements of the Group.

#### Annual Improvements to IFRS (2015 – 2017 Cycle)

The amendments set out below include changes to four IFRSs.

#### IFRS 3 "Business combinations"

The amendments clarify that a company remeasures its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains control of the business.

#### IFRS 11 "Joint arrangements"

The amendments clarify that a company does not remeasure its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains joint control of the business.

#### IAS 12 "Income taxes"

The amendments clarify that a company accounts for all income tax consequences of dividend payments in the same way.

#### IAS 23 "Borrowing costs"

The amendments clarify that a company treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

#### Standards and Interpretations effective for subsequent periods

# **IFRS 3 (Amendments) "Definition of a business"** (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020)

The amended definition emphasizes that the output of a business is to provide goods and services to customers, whereas the previous definition focused on returns in the form of dividends, lower costs or other economic benefits to investors and others. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

# IAS 1 and IAS 8 (Amendments) "Definition of a material" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020)

The amendments clarify the definition of material and how it should be applied by including in the definition guidance which until now was featured elsewhere in IFRS. In addition, the explanations accompanying the definition have been improved. Finally, the amendments ensure that the definition of material is consistent across all IFRS. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU.

There are no other new standards or amendments to standards, which are mandatory for periods beginning during the current period and subsequent periods that may have significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

## 3. Financial risk management and fair value estimation

#### A) Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks such as market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The condensed interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements as at 31 December 2018 and so they should be read in conjunction with them. There have been no changes in the risk management policies since December 31, 2018.

Regarding the liquidity risk, at June 30, 2019 the short-term loans refer mainly to the syndicate bond loan of the Company (amount of  $\notin$ 95.1m) date of repayment in December 2019, as well as the subsidiary LAMDA Prime Properties SA (amount of  $\notin$ 5.3m) date of repayment in September 2019. The Management is undergoing negotiations with the counterparties in relation to the refinancing of the above mentioned short-term loans, a procedure that has not been completed until the date of these financial statements' release. The Management expects that the above mentioned loans will be refinanced successfully.

#### **B**) Fair value estimation

The Group and the Company use the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of the assets and liabilities by valuation method.

Level 1: based on quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: based on valuation techniques whereby all inputs having a significant effect on the fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly and includes quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Level 3: based on valuation techniques whereby all inputs having a significant effect on the fair value are not observable market data.

The financial instruments that are measured at fair value are the investment property (note 5), the derivative financial instruments (note 12) and the financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss (note 8).

## 4. Segment information

The Group is operating into the business segment of real estate in Greece and in other neighbouring Balkan countries. The BoD (which is responsible for the decision making) defines the segments according to the use and of the investment property and their geographical location.

Management monitors the operating results of each segment separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on revenue and EBITDA (Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization). It is noted that the Group applies the same accounting policies as those in the financial statements in order to measure the performance of the operating segment. Group financing, including finance costs and finance income, as well as income taxes are monitored on a group basis and are included within the administration segment without being allocated to the profit generating segments.

#### A) Group's operating segments

The segment results for the six month period ended 30 June 2019 were as follows:

		Real estate				
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	GRI	ECE	BALKANS	Administrative and Management Services	Eliminations among segments	Total
	Shopping centers	Other investment property	Other investment property		5	
Revenue from third parties	38.525	1.261	4	303	(582)	39.511
Net gains from fair value adjustment on investment property and inventories	49.107	580	-	-	-	49.687
Other direct property operating expenses	(6.275)	(421)	-	-	1.975	(4.721)
Other	(45)	(168)	(144)	(4.857)	(1.394)	(6.608)
Share of profit / (loss) from joint ventures and associates	-	(659)	(608)	-	-	(1.267)
EBITDA	81.311	592	(748)	(4.554)	-	76.602

#### The segment results for the six month period ended 30 June 2018 were as follows:

		Real estate				
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	GREECE		GREECE BALKANS		Eliminations among segments	Total
	Shopping centers	Other investment property	<u>Other</u> investment property		U	
Revenue from third parties	38.121	479	3	700	(822)	38.481
Net gains/losses from fair value adjustment on investment property and inventories	45.650	(135)	(100)		-	45.415
Other direct property operating expenses	(7.731)	(243)	-	-	1.672	(6.303)
Other	(197)	(142)	(250)	(5.279)	(850)	(6.718)
Share of profit / (loss) from joint ventures and associates	-	186	(525)	(40)	-	(379)
EBITDA	75.842	145	(871)	(4.619)	-	70.497

The segment results for the three month period ended 30 June 2019 were as follows:

		Real estate				
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	GRI	EECE	BALKANS	Administrative and Management Services	Eliminations among segments	Total
	Shopping centers	Other investment property	Other investment property			
Revenue from third parties	18.930	578	2	15	(230)	19.296
Net gains from fair value adjustment on investment property and inventories	49.107	580	-	-	-	49.687
Other direct property operating expenses	(3.359)	(273)	-	-	954	(2.677)
Other	80	(67)	(63)	(2.506)	(725)	(3.281)
Share of profit / (loss) from joint ventures and associates	-	(269)	(229)	-	-	(498)
EBITDA	64.758	549	(290)	(2.491)		62.526

The segment results for the three month period ended 30 June 2018 were as follows:

		Real estate				
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	GRI	EECE	BALKANS	Administrative and Management Services	Eliminations among segments	Total
	<u>Shopping</u> <u>centers</u>	Other investment property	Other investment property		_	
Revenue from third parties	18.683	211	2	313	(412)	18.797
Net gains/losses from fair value adjustment on investment property and inventories	45.650	(135)	(100)	-	-	45.415
Other direct property operating expenses	(4.390)	(115)	-	-	822	(3.683)
Other	(126)	(66)	(179)	(2.627)	(410)	(3.408)
Share of profit / (loss) from joint ventures and associates	-	80	(221)	(40)	-	(181)
EBITDA	59.817	(25)	(498)	(2.354)	-	56.941

As occurs from the above mentioned analysis, valuations for investment property and inventories are performed on a semi-annual basis therefore any fair value gain affects the interim quarters.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

		Real estate			
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	GRE	ECE	BALKANS	_	Total
	Shopping	Other	Other		
30 June 2019	centers	investment property	investment property	Administrative and Management Services	
Assets per segment	1.018.941	77.293	32.554	53.126	1.181.914
Expenditure of non-current assets	6.184	12	-	1.031	7.228
Liabilities per segment	536.631	49.204	198	119.846	705.879
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	GRI	<u>Real estate</u> ECE	BALKANS	_	Total
31 December 2018	Shopping centers	<u>Other</u> investment property	<u>Other</u> investment property	Administrative and Management Services	
Assets per segment	873.592	76.842	30.437	64.990	1.045.861
Expenditure of non-current assets	2.289	30.003	3	101	32.396
Liabilities per segment					

Certain figures for the comparative period of 2018 have been reclassified for comparability purposes.

The reconciliation of the segments' EBITDA to total profit after tax for the Group is as follows:

all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands		
Adjusted EBITDA for reportable segments	30.06.2019	30.06.2018
EBITDA	76.602	70.497
Depreciation of ppe	(428)	(371)
Dividends	135	-
Finance income	23	99
Finance costs	(13.129)	(13.273)
Profit before income tax	63.202	56.951
Income tax expense	(17.972)	(21.060)
Profit for the period	45.230	35.891

#### B) Geographical segments

The segment information for the six month period ended 30 June 2019 was as follows:

<b>30 June 2019</b> all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Total revenue	Non-current assets
Greece	39.507	1.032.149
Balkans	4	29.237
	39.511	1.061.386

The segment information for the annual period ended 31 December 2018 was as follows:

<b>31 December 2018</b> all amounts in $\mathcal{E}$ thousands	Total revenue	Non-current assets
Greece	79.253	896.604
Balkans	127	27.281
	79.379	923.885

## 5. Investment property

		GROUP		COMPANY	
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Note	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Balance at 1 January		852.115	768.415	1.840	1.840
Right-of-use assets	19	78.615	-	-	-
Net gain/(loss) from fair value adjustment on investment property		49.687	56.836	-	-
Acquisition of investment property		-	30.000	-	-
Subsequent expenditure on investment property	6	8.248	264	-	-
Additional property cost		-	3.100	-	-
Disposals			(6.500)		-
Balance at the end of period		988.665	852.115	1.840	1.840

The investment property includes property operating lease that amounts to  $\notin$ 182.1m and is related to the Mediterranean Cosmos Shopping Centre. The right-of-use of this property is recognized at 01.01.2019 and corresponds to the respective amount in lease liability of  $\notin$ 78.6m (note 19).

The fair value for all investment property was determined on the basis of its highest and best use by the Group taking into account each property's use which is physically possible, legally permissible and financially feasible. This estimate is based on the physical characteristics, the permitted use and the opportunity cost for each investment of the Group.

Investment property is valued each semester by independent qualified valuers using the Discounted Cash Flows (DCF) method. The cash flows are based on reliable estimates of future cash flows, supported by the terms of any existing lease and other contracts and (where possible) external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties in the same location and condition, and using discount rates that reflect each tenant's sector (food and restaurants, electronic appliances, apparel etc.) as well as the current

market assessments of the uncertainty in the amount and timing of the cash flows. In some cases, where necessary, the valuation is based on the Comparative Method. The aforementioned valuation methods come under hierarchy level 3 as described in note 3 of the annual financial statements as at 31 December 2018.

More precisely, at 30.06.2019, 93% of total fair value of the Group's investment property relates to Shopping Centres and 5% to Office Buildings. For both type of property, the valuation was determined using the DCF approach with the following significant assumptions:

- With regards to the Shopping Centres, The Mall Athens has a freehold status, Mediterranean Cosmos is held under a lease that expires in 2065 and Golden Hall has an 84 year exploitation period. As far as the office buildings are concerned, they are owned by the Group.
- In short, the yields according to the latest valuations at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Discount rate				
	30.06.2019 31.12.201				
Malls					
The Mall Athens	8,50%	9,00%			
Med.Cosmos	9,50%	9,75%			
Golden Hall	9,25%	9,50%			
Office buildings					
Ilida, Maroussi	8,75%	9,00%			
Cecil, Kefalari	8,75%	9,25%			

• In relation to the annual consideration that every tenant of the Malls pays (Base Consideration – fixed consideration that is set in the contract), it is adjusted annually according to the CPI plus a slight indexation which is differentiated between the tenants. The average CPI that has been used over the period is 1.50%.

The most significant valuation assumptions of the investment property are the assumption regarding the future EBITDA (including the estimations related to the future monthly lease) of each investment property as well as the estimated yields that are applied for the investment property's valuation. As a result, the table below presents two basic scenarios in relation to the impact on the valuations of the following investment properties of an increase or a decrease in the yields by 25 basis points (+0,25%) per Shopping Mall and office building.

all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Discount rate +0,25%	Discount rate -0,25%
The Mall Athens	-6,8	6,9
Med.Cosmos	-2,8	2,8
Golden Hall	-4,1	4,2
Malls	-13,7	13,9
Ilida, Maroussi	-0,5	0,5
Cecil, Kefalari	-0,2	0,2
Office buildings	-0,7	0,7
Total	-14,4	14,6

The above mentioned valuations of the investment property as at 30 June 2019 have taken into account the improved current economic conditions in Greece in relation to previous years (as described in note 2.1) and therefore, based on the current conditions, the values reported provide the best estimate for the Group's investment property. Management will observe the trends that will be formed in the investment property market in the next few months since the complete impact of the consequences of the economic situation in Greece may affect the value of the Group's investment property in the future.

There are real estate liens and pre-notices over the total investment property.

# 6. Property, plant and equipment

all amounts in $\mathcal E$ thousands	Lease hold land and buildings	Vehicles and machinery	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Software	Assets under construction	Total
GROUP - Cost	0	•				
1 January 2018	798	6.196	7.887	2.931	1.575	19.387
Additions	38	50	277	21	925	1.311
Disposals / Write-offs	-	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
Transfer to income statement		-	-	_	(344)	(344)
30 June 2018	836	6.246	8.163	2.952	2.156	20.354
1 January 2019	836	6.379	8.550	2.978	2.742	21.484
Additions	-	12	150	12	7.054	7.228
Disposals / Write-offs	(269)	-	(43)	(9)	-	(321)
Transfer to investment property	-	-	-	-	(8.248)	(8.248)
30 June 2019	567	6.391	8.657	2.981	1.548	20.143
Accumulated depreciation						
1 January 2018	(454)	(5.051)	(6.690)	(2.717)	-	(14.912)
Depreciation charge	(23)	(171)	(144)	(33)	-	(371)
Disposals / Write-offs	-	-	1	-	-	1
30 June 2018	(478)	(5.222)	(6.833)	(2.750)	-	(15.282)
1 January 2019	(501)	(5.362)	(6.963)	(2.782)	-	(15.608)
Depreciation charge	(16)	(173)	(146)	(31)	-	(365)
Disposals / Write-offs	143	-	41	9	-	194
30 June 2019	(374)	(5.535)	(7.068)	(2.803)	-	(15.779)
Closing net book amount at 30 June 2018	358	1.025	1.330	202	2.156	5.071
Closing net book amount at 30 June 2019	193	856	1.589	178	1.548	4.364
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	T open held land	Vehicles and	Furniture, fittings and	Calturan	Assets under	Tatal

all amounts in $\in$ thousands	Lease hold land	Vehicles and machinery	fittings and equipment	Software	Assets under construction	Total
COMPANY - Cost						
1 January 2018	367	190	1.392	2.736	-	4.685
Additions	-	(0)	61	21	-	81
Disposals / Write-offs	-	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
30 June 2018	367	190	1.452	2.757	-	4.765
1 January 2019	367	190	1.507	2.774	-	4.838
Additions		(0)	32	11	987	1.030
30 June 2019	367	190	1.539	2.786	987	5.868
Accumulated depreciation						
1 January 2018	(252)	(82)	(1.117)	(2.586)	-	(4.038)
Depreciation charge	(6)	(11)	(29)	(29)	-	(74)
Disposals / Write-offs	-	-	1	-	-	1
30 June 2018	(258)	(93)	(1.146)	(2.615)	-	(4.112)
1 January 2019	(264)	(102)	(1.182)	(2.642)	-	(4.190)
Depreciation charge	(6)	(8)	(37)	(26)	-	(77)
30 June 2019	(269)	(110)	(1.219)	(2.668)	-	(4.266)
Closing net book amount at 30 June 2018	109	97	306	142	-	654
Closing net book amount at 30 June 2019	97	80	320	118	987	1.602

# 7. Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

The Group's structure on June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Company	Country of Incorporation		% interest held	Company	Country of Incorporation		% interest held
LAMDA Development SA - Parent	Greece			company			
Subsidiari				Robies Proprietati Imobiliare SRL	Romania	Indirect	90,0%
PYLAIA SA	Greece	Indirect	68,3%	LAMDA Development Sofia EOOD	Bulgaria		100,0%
LAMDA Domi SA	Greece	Indirect	68,3%	TIHI EOOD	Bulgaria	Indirect	100,0%
LAMDA Malls SA	Greece		68,3%	LOV Luxembourg SARL	Luxembourg	Indirect	100,0%
LAMDA Olympia Village SA	Greece		100,0%	Hellinikon Global I SA	Luxembourg		100,0%
LAMDA Estate Development SA	Greece		100,0%	LAMDA Development (Netherlands) BV	Netherlands		100,0%
LAMDA Prime Properties SA	Greece		100,0%	Robies Services Ltd	Cyprus		90,0%
LAMDA ILIDA OFFICE SA	Greece		100,0%	Joint vent	ures		
MALLS MANAGEMENT SERVICES SA	Greece		100,0%	Lamda Dogus Marina Investments SA	Greece		50,0%
MC Property Management SA	Greece		100,0%	LAMDA Flisvos Marina SA	Greece	Indirect	32,2%
KRONOS PARKING SA	Greece	Indirect	100,0%	LAMDA Flisvos Holding SA	Greece	Indirect	41,7%
LAMDA Erga Anaptyxis SA	Greece		100,0%	LAMDA Akinhta SA	Greece		50,0%
LAMDA Leisure SA	Greece		100,0%	Singidunum-Buildings DOO	Serbia	Indirect	74,9%
GEAKAT SA	Greece		100,0%	GLS OOD	Bulgaria	Indirect	50,0%
LAMDA Real Estate Management SA	Greece		100,0%	Associat	es		
Property Development DOO	Serbia		100,0%	ATHENS METROPOLITAN EXPO SA	Greece		11,7%
LAMDA Development Montenegro DOO	Montenegro		100,0%	METROPOLITAN EVENTS	Greece	Indirect	11,7%
LAMDA Development Romania SRL	Romania		100,0%	SC LAMDA MED SRL	Romania	Indirect	40,0%

Notes on the above mentioned participations:

- The country of the establishment is the same with the country of operating.
- The interest held corresponds to equal voting rights.
- The investments in joint ventures correspond to the Group's strategic investments mainly due to the exploitation of investment property inside Greece and abroad.
- The investments in associates do not have significant impact to the Group's operations and results however they are consolidated with the equity method since the Group has control over their operations.
- The Group has contingencies in respect of bank guarantees as well as pledged shares deriving from its borrowings.

### (a) Investments of the Company in subsidiaries

The Company's investment in subsidiaries is as follows:

all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands				30.06.2019			31.12.2018	
	Country of				Carrying			Carrying
Name	incorporation	% interest held	Cost	Impairment	amount	Cost	Impairment	amount
LAMDA OLYMPIA VILLAGE SA	Greece	100%	159.365	-	159.365	159.365	-	159.365
LAMDA MALLS SA	Greece	68,3%	51.496	-	51.496	51.496	-	51.496
LAMDA ESTATE DEVELOPMENT SA	Greece	100%	45.461	27.424	18.036	46.184	27.424	18.760
LAMDA PRIME PROPERTIES SA	Greece	100%	9.272	-	9.272	9.272	-	9.272
LAMDA ILIDA OFFICE SA	Greece	100%	300	-	300	100	-	100
GEAKAT SA	Greece	100%	15.023	10.030	4.993	15.023	10.030	4.993
LAMDA ERGA ANAPTYXIS SA	Greece	100%	9.070	-	9.070	9.070	-	9.070
LAMDA REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT SA	Greece	100%	1.210	1.210	-	1.110	1.110	-
LAMDA LEISURE SA	Greece	100%	1.050	-	1.050	1.050	-	1.050
MC PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SA	Greece	100%	745	-	745	745	-	745
MALLS MANAGEMENT SERVICES SA	Greece	100%	1.224	-	1.224	1.224	-	1.224
LAMDA DEVELOPMENT SOFIA E.O.O.D.	Bulgaria	100%	363	363	-	363	363	-
PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT D.O.O.	Serbia	100%	11.685	11.685	-	11.685	11.685	-
PROPERTY INVESTMENTS D.O.O	Serbia	100%	-	-	-	1	-	1
LAMDA DEVELOPMENT ROMANIA SRL	Romania	100%	741	741	-	741	741	-
ROBIES SERVICES LTD	Cyprus	90%	1.823	1.823	-	1.823	1.823	-
LAMDA DEVELOPMENT (NETHERLANDS) BV	Netherlands	100%	81.678	27.200	54.478	79.178	27.200	51.978
LAMDA DEVELOPMENT MONTENEGRO D.O.O.	Montenegro	100%	800	800	-	800	800	-
LOV LUXEMBOURG SARL (indirectly)	Luxembourg	100%	218	-	218	218	-	218
HELLINIKON GLOBAL I SA	Luxembourg	100%	36	-	36	36	-	36
Investment in subsidiaries		-	391.558	81.275	310.283	389.482	81.175	308.307

The movement in investment in subsidiaries is as follows:

all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Balance at 1 January	308.307	285.018
Additions	-	100
Increase/(decrease) in share capital	2.076	25.888
Provision for impairment	(100)	(2.699)
Balance at the end of the period	310.283	308.307

#### Increase/Decrease in share capital

The subsidiary LAMDA Estate Development S.A. decreased its share capital by  $\notin 0.7m$ . On the contrary, the Company participated in the share capital increase of the companies Lamda Development (Netherlands) BV, LAMDA Real Estate Management SA and LAMDA ILIDA OFFICE SA by  $\notin 2.5m$ , by  $\notin 0.1m$  and  $\notin 0.2m$  respectively. During the first semester of the liquidation of the company Property Investments DOO was completed.

#### Non-controlling interests

The Group's non-controlling interests amount to  $\notin$ 84.3m at 30.06.2019 (31.12.2018:  $\notin$ 79.5m) out of which  $\notin$ 84.5m (31.12.2018:  $\notin$ 79.7m) comes from the subsidiary LAMDA MALLS SA. Non-controlling interests represent 31,7% on the LAMDA MALLS SA Group's equity, which subsidiaries by 100% are LAMDA DOMI SA and PYLAIA SA.

The main financial statements of LAMDA MALLS SA's sub-Group are presented below:

Statement of financial position	GROUP			
	30.06.2019	31.12.2018		
all amounts in € thousands				
Investment property	421.250	390.850		
Right-of-use assets	78.528	-		
Other non-current assets	11.263	14.055		
Receivables	3.742	10.884		
Cash and cash equivalents	39.252	31.079		
	554.035	446.868		
Deferred income tax liabilities	52.974	47.294		
Long-term borrowings	139.894	104.122		
Long-term lease liability	78.206	-		
Other non-current liabilities	1.394	259		
Short-term borrowings	500	30.882		
Short-term lease liability	322	-		
Trade and other payables	14.330	12.925		
	287.620	195.482		
Total equity	266.415	251.386		

Income s	tatement
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GROUP

all amounts in € thousands	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018
Revenue	21.665	21.594
Net gains from fair value adjustment on investment property	22.057	37.100
Other operating income / (expenses) - net	(5.200)	(7.149)
Finance costs - net	(3.673)	(2.878)
Profit before income tax	34.850	48.666
Income tax expense	(9.432)	(14.604)
Profit for the period	25.418	34.063

Comprehensive income statement	GR	GROUP			
all amounts in € thousands	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018			
Profit for the period	25.418	34.063			
Other	(761)	160			
Other comprehensive income for the period	24.657	34.223			
Total comprehensive income for the period	24.657	34.223			
Cash flow statement all amounts in € thousands	GR( 01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	OUP 01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018			
Cash flows from operating activities	14.419	12.825			
Cash flows to investing activities	(8.174)	(1.065)			
Cash flows to financing activities	1.927	(7.386)			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	8.172	4.374			

#### (b) Investments of the Company and the Group in joint ventures

The Company's investment in joint ventures is as follows:

COMPANY			30.06.2019			31.12.2018		
	Country of				Carrying			Carrying
Name	incorporation	% interest held	Cost	Impairment	amount	Cost	Impairment	amount
LAMDA AKINHTA SA	Greece	50,00%	4.454	1.883	2.571	4.454	1.883	2.571
LAMDA DOGUS MARINA INVESTMENTS SA	Greece	50,00%	4.022	-	4.022	4.022	-	4.022
Investment in joint-ventures		-	8.476	1.883	6.593	8.476	1.883	6.593

The Group's investment in joint ventures is as follows:

GROUP				30.06.2019			31.12.2018	
Name	Country of incorporation	% interest held	Cost	Share of interest held	Carrying amount	Cost	Share of interest held	Carrying amount
LAMDA AKINHTA SA	Greece	50,00%	4.454	(1.887)	2.567	4.454	(1.884)	2.570
LAMDA DOGUS MARINA INVESTMENTS SA	Greece	50,00%	4.022	(2.327)	1.695	4.022	(1.671)	2.351
SINGIDUNUM-BUILDINGS DOO	Serbia	74,85%	43.895	(19.704)	24.191	41.095	(19.033)	22.062
GLS OOD TOTAL	Bulgaria	50,00%	55 <b>52.426</b>	(· /	52 28.505	55 <b>49.626</b>	(2) (22.591)	52 27.035

#### The movement of the Company and the Group in investment in joint ventures is as follows:

	GROUI	COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Balance at 1 January	27.035	22.627	6.593	6.703
Increase/(decrease) in share capital	2.800	5.567	-	-
Share in profit/(loss)	(1.330)	(1.159)	-	-
Provision for impairment	-	-	-	(110)
Balance at the end of the period	28.505	27.035	6.593	6.593

Notes on the above mentioned joint ventures:

- The Group accounted for joint ventures on an equity basis because it provides for a more realistic reflection of joint arrangements by focusing on the rights and obligations of the arrangement, rather than its legal form
- The Group increased its participation in the joint-venture Singidunum Buildings DOO from 72.94% at 31/12/2018 to 74.85% at 30/06/2019, however the control remains 50%-50% between the two shareholders according to the terms of the current shareholders agreement

• The Group's most significant joint-venture is Singidunum Buildings DOO as follows:

	74,85%	72,94%
Statement of financial position all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Inventories	74.812	73.652
Trade and other receivables	224	414
Cash and cash equivalents	55	1.273
	75.092	75.339
Long-term borrowings	-	40.020
Short-term borrowings	42.520	5.000
Trade and other payables	252	73
	42.772	45.092
Total equity	32.320	30.246
(Group's interest)	74,85%	72,94%
Total equity	24.191	22.062
Income statement	01 01 2010 4	01 01 2019 4
all amounts in $\notin$ thousands	01.01.2019 έως 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 έως 30.06.2018
Revenue	-	-
Net gains/(loss) from fair value adjustment on investment property	-	-
Other operating income / (expenses) - net Finance costs - net	(113) (607)	(62) (670)
Loss before income tax	(720)	(732)
Income tax expense	`´	· /
Loss for the period	(720)	(732)
(Group's interest)	74,85%	69,19%
Loss for the period	(539)	(506)
Comprehensive income statement		
	01.01.2019 έως	01.01.2018 έως
all amounts in E thousands	30.06.2019	30.06.2018
	<b>30.06.2019</b> (539)	<b>30.06.2018</b> (506)
Loss for the period	<b>30.06.2019</b> (539)	<b>30.06.2018</b> (506)
Loss for the period Currency translation differences	(539)	(506)
all amounts in € thousands Loss for the period Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	(539)	(506)
Loss for the period Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	(539) - (539)	(506) - (506)
Loss for the period Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the period	(539) - (539) (539)	(506) - (506) ( <b>506</b> )
Loss for the period Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	(539) - (539)	(506) - (506)
Loss for the period Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Cash flow statement	(539) - (539) (539) 01.01.2019 έως	(506) - (506) (506) 01.01.2018 έως
Loss for the period Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Cash flow statement all amounts in € thousands	(539) - (539) (539) (539) 01.01.2019 έως 30.06.2019	(506) - (506) (506) 01.01.2018 έως 30.06.2018
Loss for the period Currency translation differences Other comprehensive income for the period Total comprehensive income for the period Cash flow statement all amounts in € thousands Cash flows from operating activities	(539) - (539) (539) (539) 01.01.2019 έως 30.06.2019 (530)	(506) - (506) (506) 01.01.2018 έως 30.06.2018

## (c) <u>Investments of the Group and the Company in associates</u>

The Group participates in the following associates' equity:

GROUP				30.06.2019			31.12.2018	
	Country of		Cost	Share of interest	Carrying	Cost	Share of interest	Carrying
Name	incorporation	% interest held	Cost	held	amount	Cost	held	amount
ATHENS METROPOLITAN EXPO SA	Greece	11,67%	1.167	-	1.167	1.167	-	1.167
S.C. LAMDA MED SRL (Indirect)	Romania	40,00%	1.133	1.259	2.392	1.133	1.195	2.328
TOTAL			2.300	1.259	3.558	2.300	1.195	3.494

The movement of associates is as follows:

	GROUI	COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Balance at 1 January	3.494	3.915	1.166	1.558
Share in profit/(loss)	199	170	-	-
Decrease in share capital	-	(591)	-	(392)
Dividend contribution	(135)	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the period	3.558	3.494	1.166	1.166

# 8. Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss

	GROUP		COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	
Money market funds	594	595	-	-	
	594	595	-	-	

Above financial instruments relate to the placement of the Company's cash in various financial counterparties with high ratings and are measured at fair value through income statement. During 2019, the Group did not made any liquidation of bonds whereas a loss of  $\in 1k$  has been recognized in the income statement from the above mentioned money market fund.

The above mentioned financial instruments are categorized under hierarchy 1 as described in note 3.

## 9. Cash and cash equivalents

	GROUP		COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	
Cash at bank	71.065	66.898	4.160	12.192	
Cash in hand	876	976	54	53	
Total	71.941	67.873	4.214	12.245	

Taking into account the credit status of the banks that the Group keeps its current accounts, no significant credit losses are anticipated. The above comprise the cash and cash equivalents used for the purposes of the cash flow statement.

Regarding the deposits and cash of the Group and the Company, they are rated in Moody's. The credit limit in relation to cash and cash equivalents is presented as follows:

	GROU	J <b>P</b>	COMPANY		
Moody's Rating	ating 30.06.2019 31.12.2018		30.06.2019	31.12.2018	
Caa1	47.748	37.184	4.036	12.069	
Caa2	453	11.478	8	8	
Aa3	21.978	17.448	116	115	
N/A	887	786	-	-	
-	71.065	66.898	4.160	12.192	

# 10. Financial instruments by category

GROUP - 30.06.2019	Financial assets at amortized cost	Financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	GROUP - 30.	06.2019	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges (IRS)
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands			all amounts i	n $\epsilon$ thousands		
Trade and other receivables Restricted cash Cash and cash equivalents Derivative financial instruments Receivables from related parties Dividends receivables Other financial receivables <b>Total</b>	4.870 10.400 71.941 - 87 135 14.167 <b>101.600</b>	285 - - 594 	Borrowings Trade and oth Interest payal Derivative fin Other financia	ble ancial instruments	447.596 5.724 2.381 - 32.069 <b>487.770</b>	- - 1.014 - 1.014
COMPANY - 30.06.2019			COMPANY -	20.06.2010		
COMPANY - 30.06.2019	Financial assets at		COMPANY -	30.06.2019	Financial liabilities at	
	amortized cost				amortized cost	
all amounts in € thousands Trade and other receivables Restricted cash Loans to related parties Other financial receivables Dividends receivables Receivables from related parties Total	34 10.400 8.000 8.225 135 438 <b>27.232</b>		all amounts i Borrowings Trade and oth Loans from ro Other financia Liabilities to r Total	ier payables elated parties il payables	95.128 1.438 54.580 25.197 3 <b>176.346</b>	
GROUP - 31.12.2018	Financial ass amortized c	held at fai	r value	<b>GROUP - 31.12.2018</b> all amounts in $\mathcal{E}$ thous	ande	Financial liabilities at amortized cost
					sanas	
Trade and other receivables Restricted cash Cash and cash equivalents Derivative financial instruments Other financial receivables	5.166 13.038 67.875 - 13.385	- - - 285 595		Borrowings Trade and other payab Interest payable Other financial payable		446.841 8.404 2.143 32.249
Total	99.463	881		Total		489.638
COMPANY - 31.12.2018				COMPANY - 31.12.20	18	
	Financial ass amortized c					Financial liabilities at amortized cost
all amounts in € thousands				all amounts in € thous	ands	
Trade and other receivables Restricted cash Loans to related parties Other financial receivables Receivables from related parties <b>Total</b>	29 13.038 7.987 7.443 1.239 <b>29.736</b>			Borrowings Trade and other payał Loans from related pa Other financial payabł Liabilities to related pa <b>Total</b>	rties es	96.128 1.339 53.776 25.442 3 <b>176.688</b>
11. Borrowings				CROUR	CON	AD ANY
all amounts in € thousands		_	30.06.2019	GROUP 31.12.2018	30.06.2019	MPANY 31.12.2018
Non-current			0.0002019	21112/2010	2010012017	
Bond borrowings		_	324.363	305.835	-	-
Total non-current		_	324.363	305.835	-	-
Current						_
Current			102 022	122.936	05 100	06 129
Bond borrowings			123.233	133.826	95.128	96.128
Overdraft account		_	-	7.180	-	-
Total current		—	123.233	141.006	95.128	96.128

447.597

446.841

95.128

96.128

<b>12 months ended 31 December 2018</b> (amounts in € thousands)	GROUP	COMPANY
Balance at 1 January 2018	441.887	123.137
Bond borrowings	120.228	25.000
Overdraft account	7.180	-
Borrowings transaction costs - amortization	2.157	767
Borrowings transaction costs	(1.265)	-
Borrowings repayments	(123.345)	(52.776)
Balance at 31 December 2018	446.841	96.128
6 months ended 30 June 2019 (amounts in € thousands)	GROUP	COMPANY
Balance at 1 January 2019	446.841	96.128
Bond borrowings	78.890	-
Recognition of interest at fair value	358	-
Borrowings transaction costs - amortization	594	-
Borrowings transaction costs	(802)	-
Borrowings repayments	(78.285)	(1.000)
Balance at 30 June 2019	447.597	95.128

The movements in borrowings are as follows:

Borrowings are secured by mortgages on the Group's land, buildings and investment property (note 5, 6), and in some cases by additional pledges of parent company's shares as well as and/or by assignment of subsidiaries' receivables (note 7) and insurance compensations. Regarding the Syndicated Bond Loan of the Company, pledges over certain assets and shares of Group companies incur.

At 19.04.2019 the management competed the refinancing of the bond loan of the subsidiary PYLAIA SA amount of  $\notin$ 72m. It has a seven-year tenor and the purpose is the repayment of a) the existing loan and b) the overdraft account.

Amortization of borrowings transaction costs of  $\notin 2.5$ m are included in the total borrowings as at June 30, 2019, out of which  $\notin 1.1$ m is applied to current borrowings whereas the rest  $\notin 1.4$ m is applied to non-current borrowings.

The maturity of non-current borrowings is as follows:

	GR	COMPANY		
all amounts in € thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Between 1 and 2 years	155.549	216.733	-	-
Between 2 and 5 years	50.099	10.763	-	-
Over 5 years	118.715	78.338	-	-
	324.363	305.835	-	-

The carrying amount of the loans with floating rate approaches their fair value as it is presented in the statement of financial position.

The fair value estimation of the total borrowings is based on inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

At 30.06.2019, the average base effective interest rate of the Group is 0.05% and the average bank spread is 4.26%. Therefore, the Group total effective borrowing rate stands at 4.31% at 30.06.2019.

The Company's secured syndicated bond loan of current balance  $\notin 95.1$ m granted by Alpha Bank, Bank of Piraeus and Eurobank Ergasias has to satisfy the following covenants: at Company level (Issuer) the total borrowings (current and non-current) to total equity should not exceed 1.2 and at Group level the total borrowings to total equity should not exceed 2 and the ratio of total net debt to investment portfolio must be  $\leq 75\%$ .

At Group level, at 30.06.2019 the Company's subsidiary LAMDA DOMI SA's secured syndicated bond loan of current balance  $\epsilon$ 70.0m, granted by the following banking institutions: Eurobank Ergasias, Alpha Bank, Bank of Piraeus and HSBC France has the following covenants: Loan to value <60% and Debt Service Ratio >120%. Also, the secured bond loan of the Company's subsidiary PYLAIA SA granted by Eurobank Ergasias, of current balance  $\epsilon$ 72m has the following covenants: Loan to value <80% and Debt Service Ratio >120%. Whereas, LAMDA OLYMPIA VILLAGE SA's secured bond loan of current balance  $\epsilon$ 176.7m ( $\epsilon$ 159.8m 29.07.2019), granted by HSBC, Eurobank Ergasias and Apollo Global Management fund's participation has the following covenants: Loan to value <65% and Debt Service Cover ratio >110%. At June 30, 2019, all above mentioned ratios are satisfied at Group and Company level.

At 30.06.2019 the short-term borrowings include the following liabilities:

- The Company's bond loan, amount of approximately €95.1m granted by Alpha Bank, Bank of Piraeus and Eurobank Ergasias.
- The loan of the subsidiary LAMDA Prime Properties SA, amount of approximately €5.3m granted by Alpha Bank.

The management is undergoing negotiations with the counterparties in relation to the refinancing of the Group short-term loans, a procedure that has not been completed until the date of these financial statements' release. Specifically, in relation to the Company's syndicated bond loan, the bond holders have approved an extension until 31.12.2019, following a respective request. The extension was regarded as necessary due to the complicity of the specific syndicate bond loan and will allow a more efficient negotiation for the rest of the programme's terms.

In addition, the discussions regarding the loan of LAMDA Prime Properties S.A. (which owns the building Cecil at Kefalari), amount of  $\in$  5.3m, are at an advanced stage and the Management expects that the loan will be refinanced successfully until 31.10.2019.

# **12.** Derivative financial instruments

	GROUP			COMPANY				
	30.06	.2019	31.1	2.2018	30.0	6.2019	31.12.2018	
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Derivatives held at fair value through profit or loss (Cap)	285	-	285	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps - cash flow hedges (IRS)	-	1.014	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	285	1.014	285	-	-	-	-	-
Non-current Current	285	1.014	285		-	-	-	-
Total	285	1.014	285	-	-	-	-	-

The nominal value of interest rate swaps that are hedged (IRS) as at 30.06.2019 is  $\notin$ 45m, for the Company's subsidiary LAMDA DOMI SA, and their maturity date is 2025. The interest rate swaps have been measured at fair value stated by the counterpart bank. As at 30.06.2019 the long-term borrowings floating rates are secured with interest risk derivatives (IRS) ranged according to 3-month Euribor plus 3.03%. In relation to derivatives at fair value through profit or loss, a Cap instrument as a hedging strategy for the Interest Rate Risk has been selected for the subsidiary's, LAMDA Olympia Village S.A., bond loan at a notional amount of €160m. The movement of the fair value is recognized in the income statement.

The total fair value of the derivative financial instrument, which is described under hierarchy 2 in note 3, is presented in the statement of financial position as long-term liability since the remaining duration of the loan agreement which is hedged, exceeds 12 months.

The movement in fair value is related to the effective portion of the cash flow hedge and is recognised in special reserves in equity. The effectiveness test of the cash flow hedges is based on discounted cash flows according to the forward rates (3-month Euribor) and their volatility rating.

# 13. Cash generated from operations

		GRO	DUP	COMPANY		
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Note	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	
Profit/(loss) for the period		45.230	35.891	(4.824)	(4.422)	
Adjustments for:						
Tax		17.972	21.060	(984)	(1.110)	
Depreciation	6,19	428	371	492	74	
Impairment of receivables		(3)	-	(12)	-	
Share of profit from associates	7	1.267	379	-		
Dividends income		(135)	-	(2.363)	(3.262)	
Provision for impairment of receivables from subsidiaries	16	-	-	561	53	
Provision for impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates	7	-	-	100	-	
Loss from sale/valuation of financial instruments/derivatives		1	11	-	120	
Loss from disposal of ppe	6	128	-	-	-	
Interest income		(23)	(99)	(561)	(81)	
Interest expense		13.129	13.273	4.287	5.651	
Provision for inventory impairment		-	170	-	-	
Net gain from fair value adjustment on investment property	5	(49.687)	(45.585)	-	-	
Other non cash income / (expense)		-	344	(8)	-	
		28.308	25.815	(3.312)	(2.976)	
Changes in working capital:						
Decrease in inventories		(1)	-	-	-	
(Increase)/decrease in receivables		1.124	(15.558)	(671)	(4.264)	
(Decrease)/increase in payables		(4.291)	(2.108)	(844)	(976)	
		(3.169)	(17.666)	(1.515)	(5.240)	
Cash flows from operating activities		25.139	8.149	(4.826)	(8.216)	

# 14. Commitments

#### **Capital commitments**

At June 30, 2019 there is capital expenditure of  $\in 8.2$ m that has been contracted for but not yet incurred at the balance sheet date.

The Group has no contractual liability for investment property repair and maintenance services.

## 15. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group and the Company have contingencies in respect of bank guarantees, other guarantees and other matters arising in the ordinary course of business, for which no significant additional liabilities are expected to arise as follows:

	GROU	Р	COMPA	NY
<b>Liabilities</b> (all amounts in $\mathcal{E}$ thousands)	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Letters of guarantee relating to obligations	33.513	40.182	30.004	30.004
Total	33.513	40.182	30.004	30.004
<b>Assets</b> (all amounts in $\mathcal{E}$ thousands)				
Letters of guarantee relating to receivables (from tenants)	40.798	40.687	-	-
Total	40.798	40.687	-	-

In addition to the issues mentioned above there are also the following particular issues:

- The Group provides, when considered appropriate, and on a company by company basis for possible additional taxes that may be imposed by the tax authorities. As a result, the Group's tax obligations have not been defined permanently. At 30.06.2019 no such provisions have been formed for the Group's and Company's unaudited, by the tax authorities, years. For a detailed reference to the unaudited, by the tax authorities, years see note 18.
- LAMDA Olympia Village (hereinafter referred to as LOV) had to pay for the transfer of specific real property in the past (on 2006), property transfer tax of approximately €13,7m, reserving its rights with regard to this tax and finally taking recourse to the administrative courts against the silent rejection of its reservations by the competent Tax Authority. In 2013 the said recourse was accepted in part and the re-calculation of the owed property tax was ordered, which led to the returning to LOV of an amount of approximately €9,5m. Further to appeals on points of law filed by both parties, the Council of State rejected LOV's appeal and accepted the Hellenic Republic's appeal; consequently the case was referred back to the Administrative Court of Appeals, which initially postponed the issue of a final decision and obliged the parties to adduce evidence for the determination of the market value of the property; after resuming hearing of the case, the Administrative Court of Appeals finally rejected the recourse, determined the taxable value of the property and obliged the competent Tax Authority to re-calculate the transfer tax due upon the new taxable value. Following this decision, LOV had to pay transfer tax of approximately €16,3m. An appeal on points of law has been filed and is estimated by the legal counsels of the Company to have high chances of success. In specific, grounds of appeal challenging re-calculation of transfer tax upon the market value of the property, to the extent it exceeds the objective value, are expected to succeed with very high probability.
- Five (5) petitions for annulment have been filed and were pending before the Council of State related to LOV, regarding the plot of land where the Maroussi Media Village (or "Olympiako Chorio Typou") and the Commercial and Leisure Centre "The Mall Athens" were built. More specifically: the first of these petitions was heard on 3.5.2006 and the decision no 391/2008 of the Fifth Chamber of the Council of State was issued committing for the Plenary Session of the Council of State. Further to successive postponements the case was heard on 05.04.2013. By virtue of its decision No 376/2014, the Plenary Session accepted the said petition and the Court annulled the silent confirmation by the competent planning authority of the Ministry of Environment, Planning & Public Works (namely, DOKK) that the studies of the project submitted to such authority were compliant with article 6 paragraphs 1 and 2 of Law 3207/2003. The Council of State annulled the aforementioned act, because it identified irregularities of a procedural nature in the issuance of the licenses required for the project. In light of such nature of the identified irregularities, it is estimated that they may be rectified, and LOV has already initiated the procedure required further to the issuance of the said decision. The completion of the above mentioned procedure, which of course requires the effective contribution of the involved competent public services, will safeguard the full and unhindered operation of the Shopping Center.
- The second petition was heard on 02.04.2014, further to successive postponements, and the Fifth Section issued its Decision No. 4932/2014, whereby the Court cancelled the proceedings. The hearing for the third and fourth petitions took place on 24.04.2018 (again, further to successive postponements). The third and fourth petitions for annulment seek the annulment of a series of pre-approvals and operating licenses respectively, issued by the Municipality of Maroussi to a number of stores operating in the aforementioned Shopping Center, on the basis that the law on which said pre-approvals and licenses were issued is not compatible with the provisions of the Constitution. In light of the aforementioned decision of the Court's Plenary Session, the Company's legal advisors believe that the third and fourth petitions for annulment will be accepted. The fifth petition for annulment, which was heard on 21.03.2017, will probably be rejected on the grounds that the matter falls outside of the Court's Jurisdiction (since the decision under annulment is the decision of the Board of Directors of OEK (Worker's Housing Organization or "Organismos Ergatikis Katoikias") which is not an enforceable administrative act).
- Contractor "MICHANIKI SA" undertook a significant part of the construction works for the "Mediterranean Cosmos" shopping centre in Pylaia, Thessaloniki. Both "PYLAIA SA", a subsidiary of the Company, and "MICHANIKI SA" have filed actions and counter-actions against each other,

which were jointly heard on 1.4.2009. The Athens Multimember Court of 1st Instance issued decision 8172/2009 according to which the actions of "PYLAIA SA" were rejected whereas an expert was appointed in relation to the actions of "MICHANIKI SA". "PYLAIA SA" appealed against that decision and the hearing of the appeal took place, following postponements, on 28.02.2013 before the Athens Court of Appeal. The Athens Court of Appeal issued decision No. 3977/2013 which rejected the appeal of "PYLAIA S.A.". The Company submitted an appeal on points of law before the Supreme Court, which was heard on 11.05.2015. The Court accepted the appeal of "PYLAIA S.A." by means of its Decision No 208/2016, despite the negative opinion issued by the Judge Rapporteur, and sent the case back to the Court of Appeals for a new hearing. Further to the hearing of the case on 07.02.2019, Court of Appeals issued its decision No 2776/2019, whereby the appeal filed by PYLEA S.A. was accepted and the Court ordered the carrying out of an expert opinion. The case will be heard once the experts submit their opinion. Moreover, on 28.12.2010 the "PYLEA SA" filed lawsuits No 13132, 13134 and 13129/2010 before the Athens Multi-Member 1st Instance Court against "MICHANIKI SA", the hearing of which took place on 13.02.2013, following a postponement on 14.11.2012. Such lawsuits are identical to the previously presented lawsuits, save that they have been filed jointly with the company "EUROHYPO S.A." to address the event where the Court rules that "PYLAIA SA" is not entitled to file these lawsuits in its name. For this reason, the hearing of such lawsuits was cancelled on 13.02.2013 and had been reenacted so that those lawsuits were scheduled to be heard on 18.03.2015, when hearing was postponed for 25.01.2017 and then again cancelled. A new hearing for these lawsuits was set for 21.02.2018 and then again cancelled.

Additionally, further to the submission before the Court of the expert's report, which is favorable to "PYLAIA SA", the hearing of the actions of "MICHANIKI SA" had been set for 10.10.2018 (after postponements), when the case was finally heard and the respective decision is expected to be issued. Moreover, "PYLAIA SA" filed an action against "MICHANIKI SA" on 24.12.2010 for additional compensation from the above causes, the hearing of which had been set, following postponements, on 25.02.2015, but it was cancelled. Given the outcome of the hearing before the Supreme Court, it is likely that a new hearing will be set for said action as well. Finally, "MICHANIKI S.A." filed a new lawsuit seeking compensation for amounts that "PYLAIA S.A." had collected from Alpha Bank by forfeiture of "MICHANIKI S.A." bank bonds. The lawsuit was set to be heard on 28.05.2015, but was postponed for 12.10.2017, when it was cancelled. The amount of total claims of "PYLAIA SA" against "MICHANIKI SA" with said actions claims the amount of €37m (including the amount of €10.5m in compensation for moral damages). In any case, the Company's legal advisors believe that the legitimate claims of "PYLAIA SA".

Additionally, there are various legal cases of the Group's companies, which are not expected to create material additional liabilities.

## 16. Related party transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

	GROU	JP	COMP	ANY
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018
i) Sales of goods and services				
- subsidiaries	-	-	595	1.575
- joint ventures	64	63	30	29
- associates		-	34	34
	64	63	659	1.638
ii) Purchases of goods and services				
- subsidiaries	-	-	477	473
- companies which controlling interests belong to Latsis family	1.422	637	-	-
	1.422	637	477	473

iii) Dividend income				
- subsidiaries	-	-	2.228	3.262
- associates	135	-	135	-
	135	-	2.363	3.262
iv) Benefits to management				
- salaries and other short-term employment benefits	409	308	409	308
	409	308	409	308
v) Income from interest				
- subsidiaries	-	2	548	553
		2	548	553
vi) Cost of interest				
- subsidiaries		_	1.143	1.025
- subsidiaries	·		1.143	1.025
vii) Period-end balances from sales-purchases of goods/servises	GROUP		COMPAN	V
all amounts in € thousands	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Receivables from related parties:				
- subsidiaries	-	-	351	1.190
- joint ventures	87	49	37	1.150
- associates	-	-	51	31
- associates	87	49	438	1.239
Receivables from dividends from related parties:				
- associates	135	-	135	-
	135		135	-
Payables to related parties:				
- subsidiaries	-	-	3	3
- companies which controlling interests belong to Latsis family	541	317	-	
	541	317	3	3

Receivables and payables from/to related parties are satisfied and their carrying amounts approach their fair value.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
viii) Loans to associates:				
Balance at the beginning of the period	-	657	7.987	8.342
Loans granted during the period	-	-	-	618
Loans received/Transfer to share capital	-	(588)	-	-
Interest repayments/Transfer to share capital	-	(72)	-	-
Loan repayments	-	-	-	(168)
Loan and interest impairment	-	-	(535)	(1.914)
Interest charged		2	548	1.109
Balance at the end of the period	-	-	8.000	7.987

At Company level, the loans to associates refer to loans of initial capital €56m, less impairment €48m, that the parent company has granted to its subsidiaries LAMDA Development Romania SRL, LAMDA Development Sofia EOOD, Robies Services Ltd, LAMDA Development Montenegro DOO and Property Development DOO.

	GROUP		COMPAN	Y
ix) Loans from associates:	30.06.2019	31.12.2018	30.06.2019	31.12.2018
Balance at the beginning of the period	-	-	53.776	40.808
Loans received during the period	-	-	-	11.660
Loan repayments	-	-	(169)	(700)
Borrowings transaction costs - amortization	-	-	-	5
Interest paid	-	-	(170)	(135)
Interest charged		_	1.143	2.139
Balance at the end of the period	-	-	54.580	53.776

At Company level, the loans from associates refer to loans of initial capital €47.5m that the parent company has granted to the companies LAMDA Prime Properties SA, LOV Luxembourg SARL and LAMDA Ilida Office SA.

Services from and to related parties, as well as sales and purchases of goods, take place based on the price lists in force with non-related parties.

## 17. Earnings per share

#### Basic

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period

	GRO	UP	COMP	ANY
all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018	01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019	01.01.2018 to 30.06.2018
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	37.179	25.099	(4.824)	(4.422)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	77.856	77.856	77.856	77.856
<b>Basic earnings/(losses) per share</b> (in $\mathcal{E}$ per share)	0,48	0,32	(0,06)	(0,06)

At 30.06.2019 there is no employee share option scheme in force, therefore no diluted earnings/losses have been formed.

## **18.** Income tax expense

The corporate income tax rate in Greece, on the basis of Article 23 of Law 4579/2018, will gradually decrease by 1% per annum as follows:

- 28% for the year 2019
- 27% for the year 2020
- 26% for the year 2021
- 25% for the year 2022 onwards

In addition, the tax rate for the subsidiaries registered in foreign countries differs from country to country as follows: Serbia 15%, Romania 16%, Montenegro 9% and Netherlands 25.5%.

Under Greek tax regulations, an income tax advance calculation on each year's current income tax liability is paid to the tax authorities. Net operating losses which are tax deductible, can be carried forward against taxable profits for a period of five years from the year they are generated.

### Tax certificate and unaudited tax years

The unaudited tax years for the Company and the Group's companies are as follows:

	Fiscal years unaudited by the tay	ζ.	<u>Fiscal years</u> unaudited by the tax
	authorities	<u>-</u>	authorities
Company		Company	
LAMDA Development SA	2013-2018	<u>_</u>	
		LAMDA Erga Anaptyxis SA	2013-2018
LAMDA Olympia Village SA	2013-2018	LAMDA Flisvos Holding SA	2013-2018
PYLAIA SA	2013-2018	ATHENS METROPOLITAN EXPO SA	2013-2018
LAMDA Domi SA	2013-2018	METROPOLITAN EVENTS	2013-2018
LAMDA Prime Properties SA	2013-2018	Property Development DOO	2010-2018
LAMDA ILIDA OFFICE SA	2018	LAMDA Development Romania SRL	2014-2018
LAMDA Flisvos Marina SA	2013-2018	SC LAMDA MED SRL	2014-2018
LAMDA Dogus Marina Investments SA	2015-2018	LAMDA Development Montenegro DOO	2007-2018
MALLS MANAGEMENT SERVICES SA	2013-2018	LAMDA Development (Netherlands) BV	2008-2018
MC Property Management SA	2013-2018	Robies Services Ltd	2007-2018
LAMDA Estate Development SA	2013-2018	Robies Proprietati Imobiliare SRL	2014-2018
LAMDA Leisure SA	2013-2018	Singidunum-Buildings DOO	2007-2018
KRONOS PARKING SA	2013-2018	GLS OOD	2006-2018
LAMDA Real Estate Management SA	2013-2018	LOV Luxembourg SARL	2013-2018
GEAKAT SA	2013-2018	TIHI EOOD	2008-2018
LAMDA Akinhta SA	2013-2018	LAMDA Development Sofia EOOD	2006-2018

For the year ended 31 December 2011 and onwards as the Law 4174/2013 (article 65A) currently stands (and as Law 2238/1994 previously provided in article 82), up to and including fiscal years starting before 1 January 2016, the Greek societes anonymes and limited liability companies whose annual financial statements are audited compulsorily, were required to obtain an 'Annual Tax Certificate', which is issued after a tax audit is performed by the same statutory auditor or audit firm that audits the annual financial statements.

For fiscal years starting from 1 January 2016 and onwards, the 'Annual Tax Certificate' is optional, however the Group will obtain such certificate. In accordance with the Greek tax legislation and the respective Ministerial Decisions issued, additional taxes and penalties may be imposed by the Greek tax authorities following a tax audit within the applicable statute of limitations (i.e. in principle five years as from the end of the fiscal year within which the relevant tax return should have been submitted).

Regarding the Company, the tax audit for the fiscal year 2013-2017 was completed by PriceWaterhouseCoopers SA and the relevant tax certificates have been issued. For fiscal years ended after 31 December 2012 and remain unaudited by the tax authorities, Management assumes that there will not be a significant effect on the financial statements. For the fiscal year 2018 tax audit is currently carried out by PriceWaterhouseCoopers SA., and the relevant tax certificate is expected to be issued in the third quarter of 2019.

Pursuant to the following provisions: (a) para. 1 art. 84 of Law 2238/1994 (unaudited cases of Income taxation), (b) para. 1 art. 57 of Law 2859/2000 (unaudited cases of Value Added Tax), and, (c) para. 5 art. 9 of Law 2523/1997 (imposition of penalties for income tax cases) the right of the State to impose the tax for the fiscal years up to 2012 has been suspended until 31.12.2018, subject to special or exceptional provisions which may provide for a longer limitation period and under the conditions that they define. Moreover, according to standard case-law of the Council of State and Administrative Courts, in the absence of a limitation provision in the Stamp duty code, the State's claim for the imposition of stamp duty is subject to the twenty-year limitation period subjected to the Article 249 of the Civil Code. Therefore, the Group provides, when considered appropriate, and on a company by company basis for possible additional taxes that may be imposed by the tax authorities. As a result, the Group's tax obligations have not been defined permanently. At 30.06.2019 no such provisions have been formed for the Group's unaudited, by the tax authorities, years.

# 19. Changes in accounting policies

#### (a) Adjustments recognized on adoption of IFRS 16

This note describes the effect of IFRS 16 "Leases" on the Group and Company financial statements. The Group and the Company has decided to adopt IFRS 16 from 1 January 2019 but has not restated comparatives for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard. The reclassifications and the adjustments arising from the new leasing rules are therefore recognized in the opening statement of financial position balance sheet on 1 January 2019. On adoption of IFRS 16, the Group and the Company recognized lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of IAS 17 "Leases". These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 January 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 January 2019 was 4.53% for the Group and 4% for the Company.

In applying IFRS 16 for the first time, the Group and the Company have elected to use the permitted practical expedient in the standard that allows operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 January 2019 to be classified as short-term leases.

The Group and the Company have also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date the Group and the Company relied on their assessment made applying IAS 17 and IFRIC 4-Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease.

As at 1 January 2019, the Group and the Company had not entered into a contract classified as finance lease.

The change in accounting policies affected the following items in the consolidated and individual statements of financial position on 1 January 2019:

Group:

- Investment property increase by €78.615k
- Right-of-use assets increase by €268k
- Lease liabilities increase by €78.883k

Company:

- Right-of-use assets increase by €1.636k
- Lease liabilities increase by €1.636k

The right-of-use of Mediterranean Cosmos Shopping Centre has been classified as investment property and is leased under operating lease (note 5).

The change in accounting policies had no impact on Group and Company retained earnings on 1 January 2019.

The amount of recognized right-of-use assets equals to the amount of the relating lease liabilities as of 1 January 2019. The recognized right-of-use assets for the Group and the Company relate to the following types of assets:

Group

all amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	30 June 2019	1 January 2019	
Land plot	78.520	78.615	
Motor vehicles	200	268	
Total right-of-use assets	78.720	78.883	

all amounts in $\in$ thousands	30 June 2019	1 January 2019
Office space	1.105	1.474
Motor vehicles	116	162
Total right-of-use assets	1.221	1.636

Company

Group

For the period starting from 01.01.2019 to 30.06.2019, the Company recognised depreciation of  $\notin$ 415k in the statement of profit and loss whereas the Group recognised depreciation of  $\notin$ 63k in the statement of profit and loss and  $\notin$ 95k as net gain/(loss) from fair value adjustment on investment property.

The recognized lease liabilities for the Group and the Company that relate to operating leases at 1 January 2019 and 30 June 2019 are as follows:

All amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Land plot	Motor vehicles	Total
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019	78.615	268	78.883
Accrued interest expense	1.716	4	1.721
Lease payments	(1.811)	(72)	(1.884)
Derecognition of leases		(8)	(8)
Lease liability recognised as at 30 June 2019	78.520	191	78.712
Analysis of payables :			
Current lease liabilities			420
Non-current lease liabilities			78.292
Total			78.712
Company			
All amounts in $\epsilon$ thousands	Office space	Motor vehicles	Total
All amounts in € thousands	Office space	Motor vehicles	<u>Total</u> 1.636
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019	1.474	162	1.636
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019 Accrued interest expense	<b>1.474</b> 26	<b>162</b> 3	<b>1.636</b> 28
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019 Accrued interest expense	<b>1.474</b> 26	<b>162</b> 3 (46)	<b>1.636</b> 28 (426)
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019 Accrued interest expense Lease payments	<b>1.474</b> 26 (380)	<b>162</b> 3 (46) (8)	<b>1.636</b> 28 (426) (8)
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019 Accrued interest expense Lease payments Lease liability recognised as at 30 June 2019	<b>1.474</b> 26 (380)	<b>162</b> 3 (46) (8)	<b>1.636</b> 28 (426) (8)
Lease liability recognised as at 1 January 2019   Accrued interest expense   Lease payments   Lease liability recognised as at 30 June 2019   Analysis of payables :	<b>1.474</b> 26 (380)	<b>162</b> 3 (46) (8)	1.636 28 (426) (8) 1.230

The recognition of right-of-use assets from operating leases and the relative Group lease liabilities affected the business segment of real estate in Greece and relate to the operating segments of Shopping Centers and Management services.

The Group leases fixed assets through operating leases which mainly consist of land plots, offices and motor vehicles. The most valuable lease contract of the Group is the concession agreement until 2065 for the land plot on which the Mediterranean Cosmos shopping center was developed and operates and is leased out by Ecumenical Patriarchate, the Landlord of the plot area. The remaining rental contracts are made for a period between 2 and 5 years and may have extension options. The Company leases motor vehicles from leasing companies and office building space from a subsidiary company of the Group for a period not exceeding the 4 years.

The lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Until the 2018 financial year, payments made under operating leases were charged to profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. From 1 January 2019, leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group and the Company.

#### (b) Group accounting policy for leases – The Group as lessee

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable
- Variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate
- Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantee
- The exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- The amount of initial measurement of lease liability
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- Any initial direct costs
- Restoration costs

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the right-of-use's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. In case that the right-of-use corresponds to investment property, then the right-of-use is depreciated through the statement of profit and loss as net gain/(loss) from fair value adjustment on investment property.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straightline basis as an expense in profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT-equipment and small items of office furniture.

The adoption of the standard had no effect on leases were the Group is the lessor.

## 20. Number of employees

Number of employees at the end of the period: Group 208, Company 69 (six month period ended 30 June 2018: Group 231, Company 79) from which there are no seasonal (three month period ended 30 June 2018: Group 0, Company 0).

## 21. Events after the financial position date

There are no other events after the balance sheet date considered to be material to the financial position of the Company.