

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3rd Quarter 2005

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A. INCOME STATEMENT

		CONSOLIDATED			SATO				
	Notes	01/01 -	01/01-	01/07 -	01/07-	01/01 -	01/01-	01/07 -	01/07-
		30/09/05	30/09/04	30/09/05	30/09/04	30/09/05	30/09/04	30/09/05	30/09/04
Revenue		52.321	59.664	15.800	21.984	29.889	36.353	9.027	14.145
Cost of sales		-30.641	-34.078	-9.269	-13.093	-15.058	-17.922	-4.470	-7.378
Gross profit		21.680		6.531	8.891	14.831	18.431	4.557	6.767
Gross pront		21.000	23.300	0.331	0.071	14.051	10.451	4.557	0.707
Other Income		2.031	1.258	884	240	1.710	960	937	148
Distribution expenses		-16.056		-5.105	-6.880	-10.086	-11.296	-3.302	-4.240
Administration expenses		-5.650		-1.998	-1.495	-3.969	-3.127	-1.320	-1.000
Other expenses		-242		-89	-86	-242	-253	-88	-80
Profit from operating activities		1.763	2.555	223	670	2.244	4.715	784	1.595
Finance expense		-2.130	-2.230	-771	-759	-1.321	-1.327	-459	-468
Finance income		53		0	57	136	110	34	49
Profit from sale of subsidiary		33	310		57	150	110]]]	.,
Share of profit from associates		797		561	-442	569		569	
Profit before Tax		483		13	-474	1.628	3.498	928	1.176
Income Tax expense		-131	-1.131	228	-102	-104	-1.500	111	-230
Profit for the period		352	-1.929	241	-576	1.524	1.998	1.039	946
<u>Attributable to:</u>									
Equity holders of the parent		458	-1667	262	-502				
Equity holders of the parent		438	-100/	202	-302				
Minority Interest		-106	-262	-21	-74				
,		352	-1.929	241	-576	1.524	1.998	1.039	946
Earnings per share in €		0,020	-0,074	0,012	-0,065	0,067	0,089	0,051	0,042

B. BALANCE SHEET

		CONSOLIDATED		SA	SATO	
	Note	30/09/2005	31/12/2004	30/09/2005	31/12/2004	
ASSETS						
NON CURRENT ASSETS						
Tangible assets		42.621	40.781	27.281	25.049	
Intangible assets		224	289	173	168	
Investments in subsidiaries		0	0	10.785	10.455	
Investments in associates		3.526	3.746	3.454	3.893	
Available for sale securities		6.150	7.207	6.150	7.207	
Deferred Tax assets		3.442	3.332		0	
Other non current assets		1.520	473	3.676	1.263	
		57.483	55.828	51.519	48.035	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Inventory		15.595	14.281	8.999	8.849	
Trade receivables		19.083	24.779	13.200	17.615	
Other receivables		3.649	1.475	5.183	2.940	
Cash and cash equivalents		1.703	1.139	1.425	555	
		40.030	41.674	28.807	29.959	
TOTAL ASSETS		97.513	97.502	80.326	77.994	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
EQUITY						
Share capital		20.521	20.521	20.521	20.521	
Share premium		7.402	7.402	7.402	7.402	
Retained loss		-10.233	-10.509	-3.876	-4.364	
Other reserves		6.228	7.024	7.043	6.503	
Minority Interest		110	335		0	
Total equity		24.528	24.773	31.090	30.062	
LONG TERM LIABILITIES						
Long term loans		20.544	21.224	10.470	11.470	
Provisions		3.047	2.847	976	891	
Government grants		81	66	81	66	
Deferred tax liabilities		2.976	2.829	2.727	2.623	
		26.648	26.966	14.254	15.050	
SHORT TERM LIABILITIES						
Trade payables and other liabilities		17.519	18.072	10.318	10.713	
Short term bank borrowings		28.208	26.462	24.087	20.974	
Income Tax payable		609	1.229	577	1.195	
		46.336	45.763	34.982	32.882	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		97.513	97.502	80.326	77.994	

C. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

C. CASHTLOW STATEMENT	CONSOLIDATED		SA	ТО
	1.01-	1.01-	1.01-	1.01-
	30.09.2005	30.09.2004	30.09.2005	30.09.2004
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before Tax	483	-798	1.628	3.498
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation	1.918	2.307	1.157	968
Provisions	494	311	379	255
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)	-53	296		
Share of profit from associates	-796	1.556	-569	
Interest expense	1.856	1.939	1.074	1.106
	3.902	5.611	3.669	5.827
Adjustments for changes in working capital:				
Increase/(Decrease) in inventories	-1.314	-2.821	-151	-2.282
Increase/(Decrease) in receivables	3.242	-5.075	2.338	-5.145
(Increase) / decrease in current liabilities (excl. Bank borrowings)	-602	2.159	-369	3.566
Less:				
Interest paid	-1.950	-2.042	-1.164	-1.195
Income tax paid	-715	-139	-618	-148
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities (α)	2.563	-2.307	3.705	623
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of minority interest in subsidiaries			-360	-1.463
Proceeds from sale of associate	1.038		1.038	
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets	-4.028	-2.074	-3.452	-1.062
Sale of tangible and intangible assets	277	1.028		1.000
Interest received	95	123	89	110
Dividend received	47		47	
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities (β)	-2.571	-923	-2.638	-1.415
Cash flows from financing activities			1.015	
Intergroup borrowings	1.711	2.741	-1.815	-1.321
Proceeds from bank borrowings	1.711	3.741	2.421	2.651
Loan repayments	(11	(17	200	202
Payment of finance lease liabilities	-644	-617	-308	-293
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares	189		189	
Dividends paid	-684	-457	-684	-457
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from financing activities (c)	572	2.667	-197	580
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents for the period $[(\alpha)+(\beta)+(c)]$	564	-563	870	-212
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1.139	1.749	555	976
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1.703	1.186	1.425	764

D. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

D1. CONSOLIDATED

	Share		Treasury	Statutory reserve and	Retained	Minority	
	Capital	Share premium	shares	other reserves	Earnings	Interest	Total
1st January 2004	20.521	7.402	-539	6.330	-7.540	1.176	27.350
Exchange difference on translation of							
foreign subsidiaries					51	-18	33
Purchase of minority interest in subsidiary					160	-338	-178
Disposal of subsidiary through no					222		150
participation in share capital increase					233	-55	178
Dividends	0	0	0	0	-456	0	-456
Transfer				934	-934		
Profit for the period	0	0	0		-1667	-262	-1929
30 th September 2004	20.521	7.402	-539	7.264	-10.153	503	24.998
Exchange difference on translation of foreign subsidiaries					7	-25	-18
Deferred tax on items directly recorded in							
equity	0	0	0	0	872	0	872
transfer				299	-299		0
Profit for the period	0	0	0	0	-936	-143	-1079
31st December 2004	20.521	7.402	-539	7.563	-10.509	335	24.773
Purchase of minority interest in subsidiary					-180	-134	-314
Exchange difference on translation of foreign subsidiaries					195	16	211
transfer				-835	835		0
Sale of treasury shares			539		-350		189
Dividends					-684		-684
Profit for the period	0	0	0		460	-107	353
30 th September 2005	20.521	7.402	0	6.728	-10.233	110	24.528

D. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD

D2. SATO

	Share Capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve and other reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
1st January 2004	20.521	7.402	-539	6.967	-6.012	28.339
Dividends					-456	-456
Profit for the period					1998	1998
30 th September 2004	20.521	7.402	-539	6.967	-4470	29.881
Deferred tax on items directly recorded in equity					872	872
Transfer to reserves				75	-75	0
Profit for the period					-691	-692
31st December 2004	20.521	7.402	-539	7.042	-4.364	30.061
Dividends					-684	-684
Sale of treasury shares			539		-351	188
Profit for the period	0	0	0	0	1.524	1.524
30 th September 2005	20.521	7.402	0	7.042	-3.875	31.090

E. RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS

E.1 GROUP RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS

E.1.1 GROUP RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS-BALANCE SHEET 31-12-2003

	LOCAL GAAP			IFRS
	31/12/2003	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	31/12/2003
ASSETS				
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Tangible assets	12.687	,	30.725	43.412
Intangible assets	1.804		-1.666	138
Investments in associates	6.392		-1.279	5.113
Available for sale securities	6.150		1.801	i
Deferred Tax assets	0		2.492	
Other non current assets	368		220	
	27.401		32.293	59.694
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventory	14.498		-282	14.216
Trade receivables	21.102		-73	
Other receivables	3.049		-1.796	
Securities	1.747		2	1.749
Cash and cash equivalents	2.075		-2.075	0
•	42.471		-4.224	
TOTAL ASSETS	69.872	-281	28.069	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital	20.521		0	20.521
Share premium	7.402		0	7.402
Retained loss	-7.427	-281	167	-7.541
Other reserves	7.001		-1.209	5.792
Minority Interest	664	-	512	1.176
Consolidation differences	-4.846		4.846	0
Total equity	23.315		4.316	27.350
LONG TERM LIABILITIES				
Long term loans	5.964		17.294	23.258
Provisions	2.082		562	2.644
Government grants	0		138	138
Deferred tax liabilities	0		3.155	3.155
	8.046		21.149	29.195
SHORT TERM LIABILITIES				
Trade payables and other liabilities	13.434		1.332	14.766
Short term bank borrowings	23.972		2.199	26.171
Income Tax payable	1.105		-927	178
	38.511		2.604	41.115

TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	69.872	-281	28.069	97.660

E.1.2 GROUP RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS-BALANCE SHEET 30.09.04

	LOCAL			IFRS
	30/09/2004	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	30/09/2004
<u>ASSETS</u>				
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Tangible assets	10.094		30.501	40.595
Intangible assets	1.410		-1.136	274
Investments in associates, securities and other long				
term assets	11.956		-929	11.027
Deferred Tax assets	0		2.923	2.923
	23.460		31.359	54.819
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventory	16.830		-602	16.228
Trade receivables	25.105	-281	304	25.082
Other receivables	2.948		-1.434	1.514
Cash and cash equivalents	1.185		0	1.185
Securities	1.058		-1.058	
	47.126		-3.117	44.009
TOTAL ASSETS	70.586	-281	28.523	98.828
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital	20.521		0	20.521
Retained loss	-14.025	-281	18.062	3.756
Other reserves	14.028	201	-13.810	218
Minority Interest	176		327	503
Consolidation differences	-184		184	
Total equity	20.516	-281	4.763	24.998
LONG TERM LIABILITIES				
Long term loans and other liabilities	3.722		17.921	21.643
Provisions	3.722		-985	2.856
Deferred tax liabilities	0		3.686	3.686
Deterior da incomineo	7.563		20.622	28.185
SHORT TERM LIABILITIES				
Short term liabilities	42.507		3.138	45.645
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	70.586	-281	28.523	98.828

E.1.2 GROUP RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS – INCOME STATEMENT 30.09.04

	LOCAL GAAP		IFRS	LOCAL GAAP
	30/09/04	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	30/09/04
D.	50.060		604	50.664
Revenue	59.060		604	59.664
Cost of sales	-33.505		-573	-34.078
Gross profit	25.555		31	25.586
Other Income	677		582	1.259
Distribution expenses	-19.128		152	-18.976
Administration expenses	-4.917		78	-4.839
Other expenses	-424		-51	-475
Profit from operating activities	1.763		792	2.555
Finance expense	-2.728		620	-2.108
Profit from sale of subsidiary			311	311
Share of profit from associates			-1.556	-1.556
Operating Profit before Tax	-965		167	-798
Extraordinary expense	-1.169		1.169	0
Extraordinary income	626		-626	0
Profit before Tax	-1.508		710	-798
Income Tax expense			-1.131	-1.131
Profit for the period	-1.508		421	-1.929

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E.1.3 GROUP RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS – BALANCE SHEET 31.12.2004

	LOCAL GAAP			IFRS
	31/12/2004	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	31/12/2004
<u>ASSETS</u>				
NON CURDENT ACCETC				
NON CURRENT ASSETS Tangible assets	10.633		30.148	40.781
Intangible assets	1.270		-981	
Investments in associates and other	5.190		-1.426	
Available for sale securities	6.150		1.039	
Deferred Tax assets	0.130		3.332	
Other non current assets	473		0.552	
other non current assets	23.716		32.112	
CURRENT ASSETS	25.710		32,112	33.020
Inventory	14.887		-606	14.281
Trade receivables	24.695		365	
Other receivables	2.932		-1.457	
Cash and cash equivalents	1.139		0	
Securities	1.058		-1.058	
Securities	44.711		-2.756	
TOTAL ASSETS	68.427		29.356	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital	20.521		0	20.521
Share premium	7.402		0	7.402
Retained loss	-15.182	-281	4.954	-10.509
Other reserves	8.320		-1.296	7.024
Minority Interest	115		220	335
Consolidation differences	-3.208		3.208	
Total equity	17.968	-281	7.086	24.773
LONG TERM LIABILITIES				
Long term loans	3.505		17.719	21.224
Provisions	2.667		180	
Government grants	0		66	
Deferred tax liabilities	Ö		2.829	
	6.172		20.794	
SHORT TERM LIABILITIES				
Trade payables and other liabilities	17.357		715	18.072
Short term bank borrowings	24.416		2.046	
Income Tax payable	2.514		-1.285	
	44.287		1.476	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	68.427	-281	29.355	

E.1.3 GROUP RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS – INCOME STATEMENT 31.12.2004

	LOCAL GAAP			IFRS
	31/12/2004	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	31/12/2004
D	02.127		604	02.741
Revenue	82.137		604	82.741
Cost of sales	-48.261		-397	-48.658
Gross profit	33.876		207	34.083
Other Income	902		796	1.698
Distribution expenses	-24.983		-900	-25.883
Administration expenses	-6.665		-126	-6791
Other expenses	-1.785		559	-1.226
Profit from operating activities	1.345		536	1.881
Finance expense	-2.952		54	-2.898
Finance income	97		-2	95
Profit from sale of subsidiary	0		-1.349	-1.349
Share of profit from associates	0		310	310
Operating Profit before Tax	-1.510		-451	-1.961
Extraordinary expense	-2.723		2.723	0
Extraordinary income	1.324		-1.324	0
Profit before Tax	-2.909		948	-1.961
Income Tax expense	-1.611		565	-1.046
Profit for the period	-4.520		1.513	-3.007

E.2 SATO RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS

E.2.1 SATO RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS-BALANCE SHEET 31-12-2003

E.2.1 SATO RECONCILIATION OF PREVI	LOCAL	TIS BILLIA	CE SHEET CI	IFRS
	GAAP			11 113
			Change of	
		Correction	accounting	
	31/12/2003	of errors	policies	31/12/2003
<u>ASSETS</u>				
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Tangible assets	7.500		17.478	
Intangible assets	894		-894	
Investments in subsidiaries and associates	22.630		-9.876	12.754
Available for sale securities	6.150		2.057	8.207
Deferred Tax assets	0		0	C
Other non current assets	1.371		220	1.591
	38.545		8.985	47.530
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventory	8.133		-18	8.115
Trade receivables	15.073	-281	-1.803	12.989
Other receivables	902		1.424	2.326
Cash and cash equivalents	976		0	976
Securities	2.057		-2.057	C
	27.141	-281	-2.454	24.406
TOTAL ASSETS	65.686		6.531	71.936
		201	0	. 1000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			0	
EQUITI AND EIABIEITIES			0	
EQUITY			O .	
Share capital	20.521		0	20.521
Share premium	7.402		0	7.402
Retained loss	0		-5.731	-6.012
Other reserves	6.650		-222	6.428
Total equity	34.573		-5.9 5 3	
1 otal equity	54.575	201	3.730	20.00)
LONG TERM LIABILITIES			0	
Long term loans	4.250		8.535	12.785
Provisions	132		680	
Government grants	0		138	
Deferred tax liabilities	ő		2.901	2.901
Deterred tax maximities	4.382		12.254	
SHORT TERM LIABILITIES	4.302		12.254	10.030
Trade payables and other liabilities	6.466		148	6.614
Short term bank borrowings	19.801		394	
Income Tax payable	464		-312	
	26.731	201	230	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	65.686	-281	6.531	71.936

E.2.2 SATO RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS-BALANCE SHEET 30.09.04

	LOCAL GAAP			IFRS
	30/09/2004	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	30/09/2004
<u>ASSETS</u>				
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Tangible assets	7.313		17.471	24.784
Intangible assets	698		-553	145
Investments in subsidiaries, associates and other	31.687		-8.599	23.088
investments in substituties, associates and other	39.698		8.319	48.017
CURRENT ASSETS	37.070		0.01)	40.017
Inventory	10.784		-386	10.398
Trade receivables	19.248	-281	0	18.968
Other receivables	2.408		142	2.550
Cash and cash equivalents	764		0	764
Securities	1.058		-1.058	
	34.262		-1.582	32.410
TOTAL ASSETS	73.960	-281	7.018	80.697
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital	20.521		0	20.521
Retained loss	1.430	-281	-5618	-4.469
Other reserves	13.986		-156	13.830
Total equity				
	35.937	-281	-5774	29.882
LONG TERM LIABILITIES				
Long term loans	3.575		8.552	12.127
Provisions	1.393		-522	871
Government grants	1.575		81	81
Deferred tax liabilities			3.387	3.387
	4.968		11.498	16.466
SHORT TERM LIABILITIES				
Short term liabilities	33.055		1.294	34.349
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	73.960	-281	7.223	80.697

E.2.2 SATO RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS - INCOME STATEMENT 30.09.04

	LOCAL GAAP			IFRS
	30/09/04	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	30/09/04
D	2(252			26.252
Revenue Cost of sales	36353		-112	36.353 -17.922
Gross profit	-17810 18.453		-112	18.431
Gross pront	10.433			10.431
Other Income	427		533	960
Distribution expenses	-11.608		311	-11.297
Administration expenses	-3.165		38	-3.127
Other expenses	-382		129	-253
Profit from operating activities	3.815			4.714
Finance expense	-854		-363	-1.217
Operating Profit before Tax	2.961			3.497
Extraordinary expense	-580		580	
Extraordinary income	561		-561	
Profit before Tax	2.942			3.497
Income Tax expense			-1500	-1.500
Profit for the period	2.942			1.997

E.2.3 SATO RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS – BALANCE SHEET 31.12.04

	LOCAL GAAP			IFRS
	GAAP		Change of	
		Correction	accounting	
	31/12/2004	of errors	policies	31/12/2004
<u>ASSETS</u>				
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Tangible assets	7.859		17.190	25.049
Intangible assets	601		-433	168
Investments in subsidiaries and associates	24.224		-9.876	14.348
Available for sale securities	6.150		1.057	7.207
Deferred Tax assets	0.130		1.037	7.207
Other non current assets	1.263		0	1.263
other non current assets	40.097		7.938	48.035
CURRENT ASSETS	40.077		7.750	40.055
Inventory	9.324		-475	8.849
Trade receivables	19.735		-1.839	17.615
Other receivables	627	201	2.313	2.940
Cash and cash equivalents	555		0	555
Securities	1.057		-1.057	0
	31.298	-281	-1.058	29.959
TOTAL ASSETS	71.395		6.880	77.994
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Share capital	20.521		0	20.521
Share premium	7.402		0	7.402
Retained loss	64	-281	-4.147	-4.364
Other reserves	6.908		-405	6.503
Total equity	34.895		-4.552	30.062
LONG TERM LIABILITIES				
Long term loans	3.350		8.120	11.470
Provisions	213		678	891
Government grants	0		66	66
Deferred tax liabilities			2.623	2.623
Deferred tax madmittes	3.563		11.487	15.050
SHORT TERM LIABILITIES	3.303		11.407	13.030
Trade payables and other liabilities	10.376		337	10.713
Short term bank borrowings	20.558		416	20.974
Income Tax payable	2.003		-808	1.195
The same same same same same same same sam	32.937		-55	32.882
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	71.395		6.880	77.994

E.2.3 SATO RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS – INCOME STATEMENT 31.12.04

	LOCAL GAAP			IFRS
	31/12/2004	Correction of errors	Change of accounting policies	31/12/2004
	40.054			40.254
Revenue	49.254		0	49.254
Cost of sales	-25.415		-292	-25.707
Gross profit	23.839		-292	23.547
Other Income	577		736	1.313
Distribution expenses	-15.910		430	-15.480
Administration expenses	-4.330		-14	-4.344
Other expenses	-499		173	-326
Profit from operating activities	3.677		1.033	4.710
Finance expense	-1.318		-474	-1.792
Finance income	181		-2	179
Operating Profit before Tax	2.540		557	3.097
Extraordinary expense	-1.458		1.458	0
Extraordinary income	1.257		-1.257	0
Profit before Tax	2.339		758	3.097
Income Tax expense			-1.789	-1.789
Profit for the period			1.307	1.308
	_			

E.3 RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS EQUITY AND PROFIT

	CO	NSOLIDAT	ED		SATO	
	31.12.03	30.09.04	31.12.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	31.12.04
Total Equity under previous N.2190	23.315	20.516	17.968	34.573	35937	34.895
Revaluation of land and buildings to fair value on transition date and reversal of revaluation per Law 2065 Effect on deprecation charge due to change of	11.281	11.281	11.015	10.529	10529	10.262
useful life	-186	-62	85	-151	-42	103
Effect of IAS17 application for assets under finance lease	-1.265	-1.159	-1.075	-1.829	-1720	-1.711
Write off of capitalised expenses not recognised under IFRS Impairment of investments in subsidiaries,	-1.648	-1.135	-978	-893	-553	-433
associates and other financial assets	-1.628	-1.445	-1.445	-9.876	-9876	-9.876
Transfer of Government Grants to Deferred Income	-223	-157	-138	-223	-157	-138
Transfer of proposed dividends to equity (from liabilities) Provision for staff retirement benefits in accordance with IAS 19	456	0	684	456	0	684
Provision for doubtful receivables	-1.497	-1.571	-1.580	-755	-819	-826
Frovision for doubtful receivables	-281	-281	-281	-281	-281	-281
Deferred Tax effect	-665	-764	502	-2.901	-3387	-2.623
Income tax for the period	-319	179	0	-319	179	0
Impairment of Bo Poland		-412				
Other	10	8	16	9	71	6
Total Equity under IFRS	27.350	24.998	24.773	28.339	29.881	30.062

E.3 RECONCILIATION OF PREVIOUS GAAP TO IFRS EQUITY AND PROFIT

	CONSOLI	DATED	SAT	ГО
	30.09.04	31.12.04	30.09.04	31.12.04
Net Profit for the period before tax and minority interest under previous Law2190				
	-1.508	-2.909	2.942	2.339
Effect on deprecation charge due to change of useful life				
	124	254	109	254
Effect of IAS17 application for assets under finance				
lease	106	190	109	118
Write off of previously capitalisable expenses				
	513	568	340	460
Provision for staff retirement benefits	-74	-83	-64	71
Deferred tax effect	-/4	-83	-04	-71
Botomou um ontoci	-99	295	-486	-594
Income tax				
0.1	-1.014	-1.341	-1.014	-1.195
Other	23	19	61	-3
Net Profit for the period under IFRS	23	17	01	-5
•	-1.929	-3.007	1.997	1.308

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

SATO AE (thereon 'the Company') was incorporated in 1973 and has been listed in the Athens Stock Exchange market since 1990 (stock code per Reuters SATr.AT).

The company's registered offices are at 14th km of the Thessaloniki-Polygyros National Road at Thermi, Thesssaloniki.

The operating activities of SATO AE and its subsidiaries (thereon 'the Group') include production and trading of office and home furniture. The Group's dominant market is in Greece; however, it is present in other European countries through its subsidiary in Germany.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group ('the financial statements') are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and are shown in thousands €, the currency of the country in which the parent company operates. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis with the exception of available for sale financial assets which are measured at fair value in accordance with the requirements of IAS 39.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Sufficient available information and judgmental conclusions are integral parts for making these estimations. Actual results may ultimately differ from the above estimations with significant effect on the Financial Statements.

There are no Standards applied before their effective date.

2.2 First time adoption of IFRS

During the current fiscal year, the Group adopted the IFRS. The transition date was the 1st of January 2004, when the opening balance sheet was prepared in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 1 and the following exceptions provided from other standards:

- (1) Land and building were measured at fair value (by independent appraisals as at 1 January 2004 which was then regarded as deemed cost.
- (u) total actuarial gains or losses as at 1 January 2004 relevant to defined benefit plans for employees were recorded as at that date.

The remaining exceptions provided under para 13 and 26 of IFRS 1 did not apply.

The accounting policies, implemented by the group, for the preparation of the Opening Balance Sheet are in compliance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standards (IAS) effective at the date of the Group's first IFRS financial statements, that is 31st December, 2005.

Any adjustments in the asset structure and the financial position of the Group as a result of the transition from the Greek Accounting Standards to IFRS, have been recorded in "Retained

earnings" and are analyzed in **Statement E** (Reconciliation of equity reported under Greek GAAP and IFRS).

2.3 Approval of Financial Statements

The Board of Directors approved the Group's and the Company's Financial Statements for the period ended 30th September 2005 at 28/11/2005.

2.4 Consolidated Financial Statements

Business Combinations

The Group elected not to apply IFRS 3 or IAS 22 retrospectively for business combinations that occurred before the date of transition to IFRS, as allowed by paragraph 15 of IFRS 1.

All business combinations with agreement date on or after the 31st of March are accounted for by applying the purchase method as defined by IFRS 3, from the date of the agreement. The Group has recognized in its consolidated financial statements profits, assets and liabilities as well as any goodwill acquired in a business combination.

All business combinations have been recognized at their cost being the fair values at the date of the exchange, of the consideration given, including costs directly attributable to the business combination. In order to allocate the cost of a business combination, all identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree are recognized at their fair values at the date of exchange and any minority interest is stated at the minority's proportion of the net fair value of those items, in compliance with IFRS 3.

Goodwill is the difference between the purchase price and the fair value of the assets of the companies acquired.

IFRS 3 was not applied retrospectively for business combinations before 1 January 2004. Goodwill related to those business combinations was deducted from equity and has not been recorded as an asset in the opening IFRS balance sheet of the Group, in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 1.

Goodwill from business combinations that arose after 1 January 2004 is initially recognized at cost being the excess of the purchase price over the acquirer's share on the fair value of net assets acquired at acquisition date. After initial recognition goodwill is amortized over its estimated useful life (not exceeding 10 years). Goodwill is not amortized after 31 December 2004 but it is annually assessed for impairment.

Subsidiaries are entities in which the Company either holds directly or indirectly more than half of the voting rights or has the power to govern their financial and operating policies. All subsidiaries have been consolidated under the acquisition method. The parent Company consolidates all its subsidiaries from the date control is acquired, and ceases to consolidate them when they are disposed. All temporarily controlled entities, which are held exclusively for sale within one year from their acquisition date, are recorded as available for sale investments.

An analysis of the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements is presented in Note 4.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of SATO AE and its subsidiaries, with the same year -end. The financial Statements of the subsidiaries have been prepared for the same fiscal year as those of the parent company, using the same accounting policies.

All the intercompany balances and transactions, including any unrealized profit that may have occurred from intercompany transactions have been totally eliminated.

2.5 Investments in associates

Investments of the group in associate companies are included in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method. These are companies in which the group has significant influence but are not subsidiaries or joint-ventures. Under the equity method, the investment in associates is initially recorded at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the associate less any provision for impairment less any dividend distributed.

The Consolidated income statement includes the Group's share of the financial results of its associate companies.

The financial statements of the associates are used by the Company for the application of the equity accounting. The dates of the financial statements of the associates do not differ by more than three months from the corresponding of the parent company. Moreover, associates use the same accounting policies as of the parent company.

2.6 Tangible Assets

Tangible assets include land and buildings, improvements in leasehold assets, machinery and equipment, and vehicles owned by the group and used for operating and administrative purposes.

The tangible assets are initially recorded at their acquisition cost which includes all the necessary expenses to make the asset operational. Assets constructed by the company, are recorded at their construction cost, which includes, contractor's expenses, materials, payroll costs (including employer's social security contribution), as well as the corresponding general expenses that are directly related to the construction.

The group, by implementing the exemption of paragraph 16 of IFRS 1, decided only for the IFRS transition date, to revalue some of its tangible assets (land and building) to their fair-value and used this value as deemed cost.

This valuation of fixed assets was carried out using acknowledged valuation techniques in order to ensure that the revalued items reflect market conditions at the transition date. The total amount of the revaluation over the net book value of the assets is presented in Statement E.

After initial recognition, tangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method over the useful life of the asset from the date they are fully operational as below:

	<u>Years</u>
Industrial buildings	25
Office buildings	33
Shops	33
Machinery and equipment	6, 7-10
Improvements in leasehold assets	9-12
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture and other equipment	3-10

No depreciation is calculated for land and assets under construction. Improvements in leasehold assets are depreciated over the lease period.

The management of the group examines periodically the tangible assets in order to identify indications of impairment. If there is any indication that the book value of a fixed asset is greater

than its recoverable amount then a provision for impairment loss is recorded so that the book value of the asset corresponds to its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and the value in use. For the calculation of the value in use, the expected future cash flows are discounted at their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate which reflects the current expectations of the market for the time value of money and the risks related to the asset. Assets which do not create cash flows from their use – separable from the cash flows of other assets- the recoverable amount is identified for the unit of assets that creates cash flows and the asset belongs to that unit.

Tangible assets are derecognized from the balance sheet when they are disposed or when no future financial benefits from their use are expected.

Gains or losses arising from the derecognition of tangible assets are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item; they are included in the Income Statement for the period.

2.7 Leases

The Group as a leasee

Finance leases that transfer (to the Group) substantially all risks and rewards, incidental to the ownership of the leased asset, are recorded as assets and liabilities at amounts equal at the commencement of the lease to the fair value of the leased asset or if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and the reduction of the outstanding liability so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The finance charges are charged to the Income Statement.

The leased assets are depreciated over their useful life as if they were owned by the Group. However, if there is not reasonable certainty that the leased asset will be acquired by the company at the end of the lease period the assets are depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease period.

Leases where the lessor retains all risks and rewards associated to the leased asset are classified as operating leases. Lease payments for operating leases are recognized as an expense in the Income Statement, on a systematic basis over the lease period. In case that an operating lease contract is terminated before its the due date, the amount payable to the lessor as a compensation, is recognized as an expense in the period the lease is terminated.

The Group as a leassor

Assets under operating leases are shown on the balance sheet according to their nature. These assets are depreciated over their useful life in the same way as other similar operational assets. Revenues from the lease payments are recognised using the straight line method over the lease period.

The group does not operate as a lessor for finance leases.

2.8 Borrowing costs

The Company has adopted the benchmark treatment of IAS 23, according to which borrowing costs (independently of its nature) are recorded an expense in period in which they incurred regardless of the borrowings are applied (e.g. for acquisition or construction of assets).

2.9 Intangible assets

The intangible assets acquired separately by the Group are recorded at cost. These intangible assets include software purchase cost as well as any expenditure incurred for preparing it for its use. Software is depreciated on a straight line basis method over 3-5 years.

After initial recognition, the management of the Group periodically examines the intangible assets to identify whether there are any indications of impairment. When certain events or changes in the circumstances show that the carrying amount of an intangible asset may not be recoverable then a provision for impairment loss is recorded so as the carrying amount of the asset reflects its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an intangible asset is the higher between the net selling price and its value in use.

2.10 Investments

All investments are initially recorded at cost including relevant purchase costs.

After initial recognition, investments classified assorted as available for sale, are measured at their fair value. Gains or losses from investments available for sale are recorded as a separate component of equity until the investment is sold, settled or disposed in any other way, or until there is an indication for impairment in which case any accumulated gains or losses previously recorded in equity are included in the Income Statement.

For investments listed in active markets, fair value is determined as the purchase price from these markets as at the date of the financial statements.

Investments for which there is no active market, their fair value is determined either on the basis of the price of another similar listed financial asset or on the basis of a discounted cash flow analysis of the equity of the issuer.

In the separate financial statements of the parent company, investment in subsidiaries and associates are measure at cost less any provision for impairment.

An investment is considered to be impaired when its carrying amount is higher than its recoverable amount and there is objective evidence that the decrease is such that recovery of the invested amount is not considered possible in the near future.

For financial assets which are measured at amortized cost, impairment losses are calculated as the difference between their carrying amount and the present value of the expected cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate of the financial asset.

The recoverable amount of financial assets, which are listed in active markets and are measured at their fair value, is considered the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the current market rate used for other similar financial assets.

However, the recoverable amount of financial assets, which are not listed in active markets, is calculated using acknowledged valuation techniques.

Revenue from interest and dividends originating from investment securities are recognized as interest and similar income and dividend income respectively.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. For the measurement of the inventories, the company uses the average cost method. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.12 Trade and other receivables

These are short term receivables (due in less than 12 months from the recognition date) and are recorded at their fair value; in case of past due receivables and indications of impairment, a provision is recognized (as charge in the Income Statement) to decrease their carrying amount to their recoverable amount, which is the present value of estimated future cash inflows from receipts.

Bad debts are written off against the relevant provision, when they are tax deductible.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at hand and short-term deposits at banks or other highly liquid investments with initial maturity of less than three months.

For Consolidated Cash flow purposes cash and cash equivalents comprise the above less any overdraft balances

2.14 Bank Borrowings

All bank borrowings are initially recognized at an amount equal to the fair value of the funds received less any directly related expenses.

After initial recognition, borrowings are measured at their amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is calculated considering any issue costs and the difference between the initially borrowed amount and the principal repayments to maturity.

Gains and losses are shown in the Income Statement when liabilities are derecognized or decrease, or through the amortization process.

2.15 Provisions and contingent liabilities, contingent assets

The Group recognizes a provision when:

- There is a current legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event.
- It is probable that an outflow of resources that embody economic benefits will be required in order to settle the obligation
- A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation

The management of the Group reassesses the need for a provision at the end of each fiscal year and adjusts it so as to reflect the best estimates which are discounted at a pre-tax discount rate when considered necessary.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflows embodying economic benefits is remote.

2.16 Employee benefits

The Group companies, depending on the conditions and practices applicable to the countries where they operate, participate in different post-employment benefit plans. These plans include Defined Benefit Plans and Defined Contribution Plans.

A Defined Benefit Plan is a post-employment benefit plan, under which an entities pays a certain amount for retirement benefits which is determined on certain attributes such as age, years of service, salary, etc. The amount recognized as a defined benefit liability is the present value of the defined benefit liability at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets (if any), plus/minus any actuarial gains or losses not yet recognized, minus any past service cost not yet recognized.

The Group applies the corridor approach allowed by IAS 19 in recognizing actuarial gains and losses, which allows part of actuarial gains or losses not to be recognized. However, at transition date the Group recognized all accumulated actuarial gains and losses up to transition date as allowed by paragraph 20 of IFRS 1. The Defined Benefit liability is determined at regular intervals, at least every year, by independent qualified actuaries using the Projected Unit Method. The present value of the liability is determined based on the estimated future outflows, discounted at the rate of the government bonds with maturity corresponding to that of the obligation. The change in the carrying amount of the liability is recorded as income or expense in the Income Statement and the attributed to relevant cost centers.

A Defined Contribution Benefit Plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (the Fund) and the Group will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay additional contributions if the Fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The Group's contributions to such plans are recognized as an expense in the Income Statement for the period services are provided to the Group, under payroll expenses.

Share option plans to employees: The Group has set up a share option plan for some of its executives which consist part of their remuneration.

The cost of these transactions is defined as the fair value of the shares at the date these plans are approved by management.

The fair value is defined through the use of a valuation model relevant to the circumstances.

The cost of the share option plans is recognized during the period which any exercise conditions are satisfied; the period ends at the date the executives are entitled to exercise their options. No cost is recognized for options which are not vested unless they are dependant upon certain external market conditions. These options are considered to vest when all other conditions have been satisfied irrespective of external market conditions.

In case such plans are canceled they are measured as if they had vested at the cancellation date and those not yet recognized are immediately recognized in equity.

In case a canceled plan is replaced by another, the new one is dealt as a modification of the initial plan.

As the cost of such plans is not material for the group, not all detailed disclosures (as required by IFRS 2) are presented in the financial statements.

2.17 Revenue

Revenues from sale of goods are recognized after deducting any given discounts, when the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards from the ownership of the goods to their buyer.

Interest income is recognized in the Income Statement when it occurs, based on a time ratio (using the effective interest method, which is the interest that discounts the estimated future cash inflows throughout the expected life of the financial asset) into the carrying value of the financial asset.

2.18 Income Tax (Current and Deferred)

Current and deferred income taxes are calculated on the relevant figures shown in the financial statements and according to the tax laws and regulations applicable in the countries the Group operates. Current income tax concerns tax over the taxable profits of each company as adjusted in accordance with requirements of the tax law, and calculated using the current income tax rate.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method for all temporary differences at the Balance sheet date between the tax base and the carrying value of assets and liabilities.

The expected tax consequences of the temporary tax differences are determined and then shown either as future (deferred) tax liabilities or deferred tax assets.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all temporary tax deductible differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that expected taxable profits will be available against which the tax-deductible temporary differences can be used.

The carrying value of the deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extend that taxable profits will not be available against which a part or the total of the deferred tax asset can be used.

Current Income tax assets and liabilities for the current and previous fiscal years are measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities (or recovered from them), using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Income tax or deferred tax asset or liability on items directly recognized in the equity is also recognized directly in the Group equity and not in the Income Statement.

2.19 Transactions in foreign currency

The measurement currency of the parent company is Euro (ϵ) . Transactions in other currencies are recorded into Euros by applying the spot exchange rates at the date of transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items at the Balance sheet date are translated into euros using the closing rates. Gains and losses arising from changes in foreign currency rates are recognized in the Income statement as gain/loss from exchange differences.

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Euros using the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date, while revenues and expenses are translated using the average

exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences that arise from translating assets and liabilities at closing rate and revenues and expenses at average rates, translating the opening net assets at a closing rate that differs from the previous closing rate, are recognized as a separate component of equity. On the disposal of a foreign operation the cumulative amount of the exchange differences deferred as a separate component of equity relating to that foreign operation is recognized in the profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognized.

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries which operate in hyperinflationary economies (Turkey) have been adjusted to reflect certain relevant indices to current values at the balance sheet date, before they are translated into euro which is the currency of the parent company.

2.20 Government Grants

Government grants are not recognized in the Group's financial statements unless there is reasonable assurance that

- (a) The Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them; and
- (b) The grants will be received.

They are initially recognized at the fair value of the consideration received and are recognized as income on a systematic basis relating the grants to the costs subsidized.

Grants relating to purchase of tangible assets are shown as long term liabilities (deferred income) and are recognized as income over the life of the depreciable asset.

2.21 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, investments in subsidiaries, associates and securities short and long term liabilities.

Financial instruments are shown as assets, liabilities or equity elements on the basis of their substance and content of the relevant contracts from which they arise. Interest, dividends, profits or losses which arise from financial instruments (assets or liabilities) are accounted as income or expense respectively. Dividend distribution to shareholders is recorded in equity. Financial instruments are set off when the Group has a legally enforceable right and intends to do so or recover the asset and set off the liability simultaneously.

The Group does not use derivative financial instruments neither for hedging purposes not for speculation.

2.22 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

There were not any bonds convertible into shares or other potential shares, which could negatively affect profits for the periods presented in the attached financial statements, and therefore no calculations for diluted earnings per share have been performed.

2.23 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders of the group is shown as a liability in the period it is approved by the Annual shareholders assembly.

2.24 Segment reporting

The group operates in two business segments, office furniture and home furniture, which are exposed to different risks and returns. Consequently, segmental analysis of its financial statements is based on these two segments. This is considered primary segment-

As the group operates in different countries, geographical segments provide information for products or services offered in each area that are subject to different risks and returns when compared to other areas.

2.25 Related party transactions

Related parties are companies which the Group controls or can significantly influence their financial and operating policies. Moreover, related parties are the members of the Board of directors, their close family members and companies they own, control or significantly influence them.

2.26 New accounting standards and IFRIC interpretations

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee have issued a series of new standards and interpretations which are effective for accounting periods starting 1st January 2006. The Group's assessment as concerns the effect of these standards and interpretations on its financial statements is as follows:

IFRS 7: Financial instruments disclosures

It is not expected to affect the financial statements of the Group

IFRS 6: Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources

Not applicable for the Group and will not affect its financial statements.

IFRIC 3: Emission rights

Not applicable for the Group and will not affect its financial statements.

IFRIC 4: Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

The Group will apply IFRIC 4 to its 2006 financial statements based on its transitional provisions, which means that it will apply it on the basis of facts and conditions existing as at 1st January 2005. IFRIC 4 application is not expected to change the accounting treatment of any contracts of the Group.

IFRIC 5: Rights to Interests Arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds

Not applicable for the Group and will not affect its financial statements.

SATO Group INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at 30September 2005

3. RISK MANAGEMENT

Amounts in thousands of €

The group is exposed to financial risks, mainly market risk (changes in foreign currency rates, interest rates, and market prices), credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow risk.

The general risk management policy of the Group focuses on credit risk and market risk management.

Risk management is performed through the various business operations of the Group. Before each transaction takes place, approval is obtained from executives having the right to commit towards counterparties.

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

It does not affect Group operations significantly as foreign currency transactions with customers and suppliers are limited.

Price risks

The Group is exposed to changes of prices of the raw materials and other materials or merchandise it purchases.

Credit risk

Group sales are mostly with major public sector companies or privately owned but reputable companies and there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk

It is considered low by retaining adequate cash and cash equivalents whereas there are unused credit limits from financial institutions.

Cash flow risk and fair value risk due to changes in interest rates

Group operating revenue and cash flows are substantially independent from changes in interest rates. However, the Group has short and long term liabilities (bank loans) bearing variable interest rates based on euribor.

4. CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES AND INVESTMENTS AVAILABLE FOR SALE

The companies included in the consolidated financial statements along with the consolidation method applied are as follows:

Company Name	Location	Operation activities	Direct shareholding	Indirect shareholding	Consolidation method	Year end
DENKA	Denmark	Holding	27,32%		Equity	30.04.XX
HOLDINGS		company – parent			accounting	
		company of BO				
		Concept Group				
SATO OFFICE	Germany	Production and	95,47%		Purchase method	31.12.XX
GmbH (ex- SID		trading of office				
Seating)		furniture				
TCC BuroKoltuk	Turkey	Production and		95,42%	Purchase method	31.12.XX
Ltd		trading of office			SATO OFFICE	
		furniture			GmbH	
BO CONCEPT AE	Greece	Import and	100%		Purchase method	31.12.XX
		trading of home				
		furniture				
VERSA AE	Greece	Import and	100%		Purchase method	31.12.XX
		trading of home				
		furniture				
SATO RAMLER	Greece	Import and	51,00%		Purchase method	31.12.XX
		trading of				
		furniture				

Consolidated Financial statements for the 3rd quarter 2004 also included BO Concept Poland – subsidiary then with total shareholding of 52,32% (40% direct and 12,32% indirectly through DENKA), where the Group decreased its direct shareholding to 8,93% in August 2004 (through not participating in its share capital increase), thus it is not included in the Consolidated financial statements since. In June 2005 SATO sold its remaining shareholding in BO Concept Poland (8,93%) to CLUB 8 S/A (subsidiary of DENKA a Danish company listed in the Copenhagen stock exchange market) for €30.000. After this transaction Denka is the only shareholder of Bo Concept Poland (SATO hold 27,32% in DENKA).

It is also noted that the merger of BO Concept AE and VERSA AE with the parent company SATO is still in progress. The merger will be in accordance with the provisions of art. 1-5 of Law 2166/93 and 68-78 of Law 2190/20 and effective date 31/12/2004.

In June 2005 SATO AE acquired the minority shareholding of BO Concept AE and BEP Σ A AE for € 360.000 (from CLUB 8 S/A 4,4% for €130.000, and from Theodoridis Group 15% for € 230.000) and € 61 (30 shares in the possession of Mr Theodoridis) respectively. Following the above transactions SATO is the only shareholder of these companies

It should also be noted that in order to apply IFRS the parent company performed a valuation of the net realizable value of its subsidiaries and associates using the expected cash flow method and recorded an impairment loss of \in 9,8 million in its opening balance sheet (\in 1,6 million for the consolidated opening balance sheet).

Investment in associate (DENKA)

In the period 1/8/2005 to 23/9/2005 the Group sold 3,47% of its shareholding in DENKA HOLDING A/S thus it reduced to 27,64%. (from 30,79%). Sale proceeds amounted to € 1million and the profit from the transaction to € 568 thousand.

The fair value of the listed in the Copenhagen stock exchange market company DENKA as 30.09.05 amounted to $\in 8,3$ million whereas its carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet (where it is accounted using the equity method) is $\in 3,5$ million.

Available for sale securities

It includes:

- 13,5% shareholding in the non listed company ANASTILOTIKI ATE at a carrying amount of € 6,1 million, which is measured at cost since no available fair value exists and no indications of impairment either.
- Bond of € 1 million, which is not listed in an active market and is measured at amortized cost. The bond matured at 30.06.05 (see note 16)

5. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

	Segm	Segmental analysis 30/09/2005				
	Office furniture	Office furniture Home furniture				
Revenue	43.713	8.608	52.321			
Profit before finance charge						
and tax	2.124	-359	1.763			
T . 1	02.522	12.001	0= =10			
Total assets	83.522	13.991	97.513			
Total liabilities	60.796	12.188	72.984			

	Segmental analysis 30/09/2004				
	Office furniture	Home furniture	Total		
Revenue	51.689	7.975	59.664		
Profit before finance charge and tax	3.726	-1.171	2.555		
	Segmental analysis 31/12/2004				
Total assets	82.336	15.166	97.502		
Total liabilities	60.075	12.654	72.729		

6. TANGIBLE ASSETS

6.1 GROUP

DESCRIPTION	Land	Building	Machinery	Transportatio n means	Furniture and other equipment	Assets under construction	Total
As at 1/1/05							
Cost	10.086	34.112	11.115	1.005	9.927	386	66.631
Accumulated depreciation		-7.638	-9.356	-568	-8.288		-25.850
Net Book Value as at 1/1/05	10.086	26.474	1.759	437	1.639	386	40.781
Add:							
Purchases	737	2.056	575	46	379	63	3.856
Transfer from assets under construction		181			41		222
Less:							
Depreciation expense for the period		-899	-701	-72	-365	-201	-2.238
Sales and disposals							
Exchange differences							
Net Book Value as at 30/09/2005	10.823	27.812	1.633	411	1.694	248	42.621
<u>30/09/2005</u>							
Cost	10.823	36.349	11.690	1.051	10.347	449	70.709
Less:							
Accumulated depreciation		-8537	-10.057	-640	-8653	-201	-28.088
Net Book Value 30/09/2005	10.823	27.812	1.633	411	1.694	248	42.621

SATO Group INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at 30September 2005 Amounts in thousands of €

6. .2 SATO

DESCRIPTION	Land	Building	Machinery	Transportatio n means	Furniture and other equipment	Assets under construction	Total
As at 1/1/05							
Cost	7.881	21.042	10.373	676	3.648	299	43.919
Accumulated depreciation		-6.792	-8.847	-490	-2.741		-18.870
Net Book Value as at 1/1/05	7.881	14.250	1.526	186	907	299	25.049
Add:							
Purchases	737	2.223	36		327	43	3.366
Transfer from assets under construction		181	20			-201	0
Less: Depreciation expense for the period		-592	-244	-30	-267		-1.133
Sales and disposals							
Net Book Value as at 30/09/2005	8.618	16.062	1.338	156	967	141	27.282
<u>30/09/2005</u>							
Cost	8.618	23.446	10.429	676	3.975	342	47.486
Less:							
Accumulated depreciation		-7.384	-9.091	-520	-3.008	-201	-20.204
Net Book Value 30/09/2005	8.618	16.062	1.338	156	967	141	27.282

As also reported in the accounting policies, the Group has applied the exception of para 16 IFRS 1, and chose to revalue at fair value as at transition date certain of its tangible assets and use this value as their deemed cost at transition date. Fair value of these assets (land and building valued by independent appraisals) is \in 25.035 thousand for SATO and \in 30.780 thousand for the Group.

Total investments in tangible and intangible assets for the first NINE month period of 2005 amount to €3.919 thousand for the Group and € 3.452 thousand for the company.

There are no liens on the company's and the group's tangible assets.

7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

7.1 GROUP

	Software	Total
As at 1/1/05		
Cost	2.268	2.268
Accumulated depreciation	-1.979	-1.979
Net Book Value as at 1/1/05	289	289
Add:		
Purchases	100	100
Less:		
Depreciation expense for the period	-165	-165
Net Book Value as at 30/09/2005	224	224
<u>30/09/2005</u>		
Cost	2368	2.368
Accumulated depreciation	-2144	-2144
Net Book Value as at 30/09/05	224	224

7.2 SATO

ПЕРІГРАФН	Software	Total
As at 1/1/05		
Cost	1.619	1.619
Accumulated depreciation	-1.451	-1.451
Net Book Value as at 1/1/05	168	168
Add:		
Purchases	88	88
Less:		
Depreciation expense for the period	83	83
Net Book Value as at 30/09/2005	173	173
30/09/2005		
Cost	1707	1707
Accumulated depreciation	-1534	-1534
Net Book Value as at 30/09/05	173	173

8. OTHER LONG TERM ASSETS

	CONSOL	IDATED	SA	TO
DESCRIPTION	30/09/2005	31/12/2004	30/09/2005	31/12/2004
Advances and guarantees Receivable from subsidiary	462	473	318	313
(SATO GMBH)	0	0	2.300	950
TOTAL	462	473	2.618	1.263

9. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

The Company's share capital is divided into 22.800.582 shares of nominal value € 0,90 each.

On 16 and 17 June 2005 the Company sold at the Athens Stock Exchange market its total treasury shares v (277.170) for \in 189 thousand thus the loss arisen from the transaction (\in 350 thousand) did not affect the Income Statement but rather equity directly.

The Group's and Company's reserves include \in 1 million for Statutory reserve whereas the remaining reserves include special reserves (mainly deferred tax reserves on the provisions of certain tax or development laws) and foreign currency reserves arising from the translation to euro of foreign subsidiaries.

10. PROVISIONS

	CONSO	LIDATED	SATO		
DESCRIPTION	30/09/2005	31/12/2004	30/09/2005	31/12/2004	
Defined Benefit Plan Liabilities	1.741	2.847	976	891	
TOTAL	1.741	2.847	976	891	

The Group hired a qualified actuary to perform the actuarial study for the identification and measurement of all material post employment benefit obligations in accordance with IAS 19 (in Greece from Law 2112/20) so as to recognize them in the financial statements. The actuarial valuation took into account all relevant financial and demographic attributes related to Group employees.

The main actuarial assumptions used by the actuaries are the following:

	2005	31.12.2004	31.12.2003
Discount rate	4,5%	4,5%	5%
Inflation	2,5%	2,5%	2,5%

As at 30 September 2005 the Group employed 516 persons whereas the company employed 283.

The movement of the provision for defined benefit plan liability is shown below:

	CONSOLIDATED	SATO
As at 1.1.05	2.847	891
Charge for the period	-1.106	85
As at 30.09.05	1.741	976

11. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

	CONSOL	IDATED	S	ATO
DESCRIPTION	30/09/2005	31/12/2004	30/09/2005	31/12/2004
Long term portion of government grants (Law.2601/98)	81	66	81	66
Short term portion of government grants (Law.2601/98)	76	72	76	72
TOTAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS	157	138	157	138

12. INCOME AND DEFERRED TAXES

	CONSOLI	CONSOLIDATED		ТО
Income Tax	30/09/2005	30/09/04	30/09/2005	30/09/2004
Income tax (current period)	0	1.014	0	1.014
Deferred tax	130	117	105	486
Income tax (income statement)	130	1.131	105	1.500

The income tax of the interim period has been roughly calculated on the basis of tax rates applicable for 2005 profits adjusted for non deductible expenses or non taxable income.

	CONSOLI	IDATED	SA	ATO
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)	30/092005	31/12/2004	30/09/2005	31/12/2004
Tax losses carried forwards Other temporary differences	3.443	3.308 24	0	0
Deferred tax assets	3.443	3.332	0	0
Difference in useful life of tangible and intangible assets Revaluation of tangible assets Provision for defined benefit plans	192 -2.452 252	244 -2.525 214	40 -2.090 243	92 -2.150 206
Other temporary differences	-968	-762	-920	-771
Deferred tax liabilities	-2.976	-2.829	-2.727	-2.623

Accounting periods not audited by the tax authorities are shown below for every company included in the consolidation.

Company	Tax unaudited periods
SATO	2000-2004
SATO OFFICE GmbH (ex SID Seating)	2001-2004
BO CONCEPT AE	2003-2004
ΒΕΡΣΑ ΑΕ	2003-2004
SATO RAMLER	2002-2004

It should be noted that no income tax has been calculated for profits of \in 1,6 million for the period to 30.09.2005 of the parent company since it is to set off tax losses carried forward of \in 4 million of its subsidiary Bo Concept after the merger in accordance with law 2166 has been completed (30/11/2005). No deferred tax asset has been recognized for the remaining tax losses.

13. DIVIDENDS and EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share have been calculated based on the average number shares having deducted the treasury shares held as these were sold the last days of June 2005.

The weighted average number of shares as at 30/9/2004 was 22.523.412.

	Number of shares outstanding 30/9/04	Weighted average number of shares 30/9/2005
Share capital	22.800.582	
Treasury shares	(277.170)	
Σύνολο	22.523.412	22.615.802

At the General Assembly of 24.06.05 the Company's shareholders approved the distribution of dividends from 2004 profits of \in 684 thousands, corresponding to \in 0,03 dividends per share.

14. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

There are no litigations or arbitration cases which might have a significant effect on the financial position of the Company or the Group.

15. RELATED PARTIES

	CONSOLIDATED		SATO	
DESCRIPTION	1/1-30/09/2005	1/1-30/09/2004	1/1-30/09/2005	1/1-30/09/2004
Purchase of goods or services	606	857	745	769
Sales of goods or services	118	116	558	1431
Board of Directors fees	144	157	144	127
	30/09/2005	31/12/2004	30/09/2005	31/12/2004
Receivables from related parties	248	203	5.000	3.603
Liabilities to related parties	1	0	48	83

No loans have been granted to members of the Board of Directors and other Group executives.

16. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 30.06.2005 the bond of \in 1 million issued by CYBARCO and included in the available for sale investment matured but was not paid until to the date these interim financial statements were approved. The Company's legal advisor considers that the receivable will be paid.

No other significant events occurred after the balance sheet date of 30/9/2005.