

Société Anonyme Commercial Technical Company 85 Mesogeion Ave., 115 26 Athens Reg.No. 318/06/B/86/28

SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

for the period from

January 1st to June 30th 2010

According to article 5 of L. 3556/2007

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I. STATEMENTS BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(according to article 5 par. 2 of L. 3556/2007)

We

- 1. George Perdikaris, Chairman of the BoD
- 2. Emmanuel Maragoudakis, Vice-President of the BoD and Managing Director
- 3. Panayiotis Pothos, Executive Member of the BoD

STATE THAT

To the best of our knowledge:

- a. The semi-annual financial statements of TERNA ENERGY ABETE for the period from January 1st 2010 till June 30th 2010, which were prepared in accordance with the current accounting standards, give a true picture of the assets and liabilities, the shareholders' equity and the results for the period of the Company, as well as of the companies included in the consolidation and considered aggregately as a whole, in accordance with the provisions laid down in paragraphs 3 to 5 of article 5 of Law No. 3556/2007 by the authorization of the decisions made by the Hellenic Capital Markets Commission.
- b. The Semi-Annual Report prepared by the Board of Directors includes a true presentation of the information required in accordance with the provisions laid down in paragraph 6 of article 5 of Law No. 3556/2007 and the relevant decisions issued by the Board of Directors of the Hellenic Capital Market Commission.

Athens, 27 August 2010

Georgios Perdikaris Emmanuel Maragoudakis Panagiotis Pothos

Chairman of the Board Vice-Chairman of the Board Executive Board Members

& Managing Director

Athens, 27 August 2010

II. REVIEW REPORT OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Towards the shareholders of TERNA ENERGY SOCIETE ANONYME INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL COMPANY S.A.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed individual and consolidated statement of financial position of TERNA ENERGY SOCIETE ANONYME INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL COMPANY S.A., (the Company) and its subsidiaries for June 30th 2010, the relevant condensed individual and consolidated statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and cash flow statements for the six-month period ending on the aforementioned date, as well as the selected explanatory notes that comprise the interim financial information, which is an inseparable part of the semi-annual financial report of L. 3556/2007. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim condensed financial information, according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, as such have been adopted by the European Union and are applied in Interim Financial Reporting (International Accounting Standard "IAS" 34). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed financial information based on our review.

Scope of the review

We have conducted our review according to International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information, performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". The review of the interim financial information consists of making inquiries primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Report on other legal and regulatory issues

Our review has not indicated any inconsistency or discrepancy of other items included in the semi-annual financial report, prepared according to article 5 of L. 3556/20007, with the accompanying financial information.

Athens, 27 August 2010

The Certified Auditor Accountant

Ioannis G. Leos SOEL Reg. No. 24881



Ορκωτοί Ελεγκτές Σύμβουλοι Επιχειρήσεων Ζεφύρου 56, 175 64, Παλαιό Φάληρο Α.Μ.ΣΟΕΛ 127

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III. SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

of Société Anonyme "TERNA ENERGY ABETE" For the period 1/1 – 30/6/2010

The current Semi-Annual Report of the Board of Directors concerns the period 1 January -30 June 2010. It is prepared according to the provisions of article 5 of Law 3556/2007 as well as the related executive decisions of the Board of directors of the Capital Markets Commission.

A. Financial Performance in the Period under Consideration

The first half of 2010 was characterized as a period where rapid developments in the Greek economy, mainly regarding the negative credit rating of Greece, resulted in the implementation of unprecedented fiscal adjustment measures. The government is attempting to face the recession that has entered the Greek economy with growth measures that will stimulate private investments, mainly based on funds from the European Union.

Within a particularly demanding environment, TERNA ENERGY continues its investment plan, based on its strong capital structure and exceptional liquidity. The company's dynamic positioning during the previous years in the sector of renewable energy sources (RES) allows the effective utilization of accumulated experience and capital, for the quick expansion of the company's activities also in foreign countries.

Globally, the support of RES from governments remains powerful, as it is based on the necessity for "green energy" to penetrate electric systems, rendering the sector as one of the most dynamically developing in the world. TERNA ENERGY, apart from the leading position it has managed to win in Greece, is already constructing its first wind parks in Eastern European countries

The company and its subsidiaries in Greece have already commissioned 9 wind parks and 1 small hydroelectric project (SHEP) with a total capacity of (149 MW) while 13 more wind parks, 1 SHEP and 1 photovoltaic with a total capacity of 251 MW, are currently under construction and from which 4 wind parks (62 MW) are located in Eastern Europe (Poland, Bulgaria).

The Group continues to maintain exceptional liquidity, while its net cash position amounted to 22.7 mil euro (cash & cash equivalents of 214.5 mil euro minus 191.8 bank debt) at the end of the first half of 2010. The Group's investments during the first half amounted to 48.7 mil euro, while it is noted that 239 mil euro has been utilized for the sub-construction of wind parks.

Regarding the consolidated financial results, during the first half of 2010 the Group's consolidated sales according to IFRS amounted to 28.8 mil euro, remaining at the same levels as the first half of 2009. Operating profit (EBITDA) amounts to 9.7 mil ϵ , decreased by 21.7%, mainly due to the decreased activity of the company's construction sector.

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Respectively, earnings before tax amounted to 7.4 mil euro, posting a 41.2% decrease which was also attributed to lower financial income as a result of increased investments and the subsequent decrease of the net cash position compared to the previous year. Net earnings after taxes and minority interest amounted to 2.9 mil euro, decreased by 67.8% with a further burden from the windfall tax that was imposed on profitable companies.

The energy sector of the company performed satisfactorily during the first half o 2010: sales from produced energy amounted to 16.4 mil euro posting a 9.3% increase, while operating profit before depreciation (EBITDA) amounted to 8.9 mil euro, posting a 3.2% decline as a result of the company's increased expansion expenses.

The construction sector of TERNA ENERGY and specifically the construction of projects for third parties contracted during the first half 2010: Turnover fell by 10.8% to EUR 12.3 million, whereas operating profit (EBITDA) settled at EUR 0.8 million, posting a drop of 74.7% as a result of lower profit margins. Backlog of the company's unexecuted projects for third parties at the end of the first half settled at EUR 63 million. It is reminded that TERNA ENERGY also constructs its own energy projects, thus attaining a vertical integration of its operations in the energy sector. This allows the Company to control the cost, quality and delivery time in a more efficient manner.

B. Important Events during the First Half of the Financial Year

In the energy sector: during the period and until the end of August 2010 construction activities began for four new wind parks in Greece, with a total capacity of 85.4MW and four wind parks in the East European region, with a total capacity of 62 MW.

In the construction sector: on June 29th 2010 a construction agreement was signed between TERNA ENERGY SA and the Public Power Corporation S.A. (PPC S.A.) for the project "Design, procurement of equipment and construction of a closed type GIS hydroelectric station of 150KV, at the South Rhodes production station", with a contractual value of 8,619,000 euro, which is expected to be completed by the beginning of 2012. On August 6th the Company was declared the temporary lowest bidder and was assigned the construction of the project "Construction of Igoumenitsa − Preveza Road, improvement by sections, Sub-sections 4: Karteri − Gerakari − Parga from K.M. 0+000 to K.M. 14+937.2" with a contractual value of 20,756,316 euro. Following the above signed contracts, the total backlog of constructions towards third parties on 30/06/2010 amounted to € 63 million.

C. Prospects, Risks and Uncertainties for the Second Half of the Financial Year.

The prospects of TERNA ENERGY Group for the second half of 2010 are considered positive: the highly anticipated law for the acceleration of licensing procedures of RES investments is finally in effect, while at the same time many of the company's projects are at the final stage of the licensing procedure. Also, the company maintains powerful liquidity, a fact that enables it to finance its growth.

The company remains exposed to short-term fluctuations of wind and hydrologic data, a fact however that does not affect the long-term efficiency of its projects, as prior to the implementation of the investments extensive studies take place as regards to the long-term behavior of such factors. Moreover, the construction sector of TERNA ENERGY is subject to significant fluctuations, both as regards to turnover and as regards to the profitability of each construction project, because the construction activity, particularly of specialized companies

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such as ours, entails increased volatility that is mainly related to the ongoing renewal of the backlog of construction agreements for third parties.

During the period from the end of the first half of 2009 and until today there has been no significant loss nor has any possibility emerged for such a loss.

D. Transactions with related parties

Related parties according to I.A.S. 24 are considered subsidiaries, companies with joint ownership and/or Management with the company, associate companies as well as the parent company and the subsidiaries of the parent company, and also members of the Board of Directors and the company's senior executives. The Company procures goods and services from its related companies, while it also supplies goods and services to such.

Transactions and balances for the period ended on 30.06.2010 are as follows:

Terna Energy SA						
SUBSIDIARIES	Sales	Purchases	Receivable	Liability		
Aioliki Panoramatos Dervenochorion S.A.	-	-	19,407	-		
Energiaki Servouniou S.A.	180,000	-	-	-		
Terna Energy Evrou S.A.	220,000	-	133,100	-		
Iweco – Chonos S.A.	45,000	-	-	-		
Energiaki Ferron Evrou S.A.	413,315		487,711	-		
Aioliki Derveni Trianoupoleos S.A.	· -	-	108,629	-		
Terna Energy Overseas Ltd	185,284	-	185,284	-		
Joint-Ventures	-	-	732,374	360,130		
General & Special Partnerships	-	-	255,434	-		
PARENT		-	-	-		
Gek Terna S.A.	-	55,443	-	_		
OTHER RELATED PARTIES						
Terna S.A.	455,500	5,050,047	581,425	634,742		
Viomek S.A.	-	311,045	34,745	96,065		
Joint Ventures in which TERNA S.A. participates	3,193,753	-	855,055	3,932		
VIPA Thessaloniki S.A.	-	-	1,250,000	-		
Heron Thermoelectric S.A.	-	6,622	-	5,382		
GEKE S.A.	-	2,265	-	2,702		

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Regarding the above transactions, the following clarifications are provided:

a) Sales of TERNA ENERGY SA:

- to "Energiaki Servouniou S.A." amounting to 180,000 euro for RES maintenance services
- to "Terna Energy Evrou S.A." amounting to 220,000 euro for RES maintenance services
- to "Iweco-Chonos S.A." amounting to 45,000 euro for RES maintenance services.
- to "Energiaki Ferron Evrou S.A." amounting to 413,315 euro for construction services.
- to "Terna Energy Overseas Ltd" amounting to 185,284 euro, for sale of inventories.
- to "Terna S.A." amounting to 455,500 euro for construction services.
- to joint ventures in which TERNA S.A. participates in, amounting to 3,193,753 euro, for construction services.

b) Purchases of TERNA ENERGY SA:

- from "Terna S.A." amounting to 5,050,047 euro, from which 4,905,600 euro concerns construction services, 104,049 euro concerns leases and 40,398 euro purchases of raw materials.
- from "Viomek S.A." amounting to 311,045 euro, from which 120,919 euro concerns industrial
 constructions, 84,736 euro concerns purchases of raw materials and 105,390 euro concerns other
 services.
- from "Heron Thermoelectric S.A." and "GEKE S.A." amounting to 8,887 euro, for other services.
- Transactions with members of the Board of Directors from Board members amounting to 589,177 euro from which the amount of 360,000.00 euro concerns BoD remuneration while 229,177 euro concerns the provision of services.

E. Treasury Shares

The company during the period 01/01/2010 - 30/06/2010 purchased 1,018,095 treasury shares with a purchase value of 4,567 thousand €.

The total number of treasury shares owned by the company on 30/06/2010 amounted to 1,762,718 shares, namely 1.61224%, with a total acquisition cost of $\[\in \]$ 7,613 thousand.

Athens, 27 August 2010 on behalf of the Board of Directors

Georgios Perdikaris Chairman of the Board

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TERNA ENERGY SA

IV. Interim Condensed Financial Statements Individual and Consolidated of 30 June 2010

(1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2010)

ACCORDING TO THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The accompanying six-month Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors of Terna Energy SA on 27/8/2010 and have been published by being posted on the internet at the website www.terna-energy.gr as well as on the Athens Exchange website, where such will remain at the disposal of the investment community for at least 5 years from their preparation and publication date. It is noted that the published in the press Condensed Financial Data and Information that result from the interim condensed financial information, aim at providing the reader with general informing on the financial position and results of the company and Group, but do not provide a full picture of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the company and Group, according to IFRS.

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TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 30^{TH} JUNE 2010

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

(, , , , , , , , ,		GROUP		COMPANY		
	Note	30 June 2010	31 December 2009	30 June 2010	31 December 2009	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Intangible assets	6	8,988	1,774	1,538	989	
Tangible assets	6	377,811	340,820	120,201	110,552	
Investment property		923	923	923	923	
Participation in subsidiaries		-	_	84,677	71,051	
Participations in associates		51	51	-	-	
Participation in joint-ventures		-	_	374	374	
Other long-term receivables		279	219	225	183	
Other investments		1	1	1	1	
Deferred tax assets		426	1,233	90	819	
Total non-current assets		388,479	345,021	208,029	184,892	
Current assets						
Inventories		423	536	130	244	
Trade receivables		9,591	22,394	8,537	19,225	
Receivables according to IAS 11		4,270	2,269	14,403	10,466	
Prepayments and other receivables		20,738	24,880	9,322	7,749	
Income tax receivables		478	518	478	518	
Cash and equivalents		214,529	244,837	198,206	233,561	
Total current assets		250,029	295,434	231,076	271,763	
TOTAL ASSETS		638,508	640,455	439,105	456,655	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Shareholders' equity						
Share capital	8	32,800	32,800	32,800	32,800	
Share premium		281,917	281,930	282,006	282,006	
Reserves		16,099	17,269	12,934	14,708	
Retained earnings		31,841	39,812	29,607	37,102	
Total		362,657	371,811	357,347	366,616	
Non-controlling interests		1,624	1,405			
Total equity		364,281	373,216	357,347	366,616	

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Long-term liabilities					
Long-term loans	10	62,484	67,646	33,740	36,707
Other provisions	11	3,366	1,136	2,412	597
Provision for staff indemnities	11	155	181	155	181
Grants	12	49,584	50,796	19,246	19,777
Deferred tax liabilities	15	989	838	<u> </u>	
Total long-term liabilities		116,578	120,597	55,553	57,262
Short-term liabilities					
Suppliers		22,969	14,071	10,060	12,660
Short-term loans	10	118,424	111,503	7,145	7,145
Long-term liabilities falling due in the					
next period	10	10,904	10,929	5,948	5,917
Liabilities according to IAS 11		1,898	3,368	1,898	3,368
Accrued and other short-term liabilities		2,869	6,214	1,122	3,687
Income tax payable		585	557	32	
Total short-term liabilities		157,649	146,642	26,205	32,777
Total liabilities		274,227	267,239	81,758	90,039
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
EQUITY		638,508	640,455	439,105	456,655

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

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TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 30TH JUNE 2010

30 JUNE 2010	GROUP				COMPANY			
	1.1 – 30.6 2010	1.4 - 30.6 2010	1.1 - 30.6 2009	1.4 - 30.6 2009	1.1 - 30.6 2010	1.4 - 30.6 2010	1.1 - 30.6 2009	1.4 - 30.6 2009
Continued activities								
Turnover	28,792	12,680	28,890	14,380	24,146	11,273	25,570	12,329
Cost of sales	(18,370)	(8,686)	(17,416)	(9,433)	(17,067)	(8,482)	(17,347)	(8,401)
Gross profit	10,422	3,994	11,474	4,947	7,079	2,791	8,223	3,928
Administrative & distribution expenses	(3,654)	(2,140)	(2,921)	(1,971)	(2,697)	(1,498)	(2,275)	(1,467)
Research & development expenses	(1,538)	(1,071)	(1,243)	(599)	(930)	(484)	(1,603)	(959)
Other income/(expenses)	1,208	368	1,922	885	588	296	2,465	1,918
Operating results	6,438	1,151	9,232	3,262	4,040	1,105	6,810	3,420
Net financial income/(expenses)	1,028	576	3,402	1,132	1,786	922	4,519	1,631
EARNINGS BEFORE TAX	7,466	1,727	12,634	4,394	5,826	2,027	11,329	5,051
Income tax expense	(4,315)	(3,034)	(3,121)	(1,066)	(3,064)	(2,384)	(2,461)	(997)
Net Earnings from continued activities	3,151	(1,307)	9,513	3,328	2,762	(357)	8,868	4,054
NET EARNINGS FOR THE PERIOD	3,151	(1,307)	9,513	3,328	2,762	(357)	8,868	4,054
Other income recognized directly in Equity from:								
Foreign exchange differences from incorporation of foreign units	(41)	(50)	(12)	5	-	-	-	-
Expenses of capital increase	(13)	(6)	(5)	<u>-</u> _		-	-	-
Income tax recognized directly in Equity	(137)	1	(140)	-	(139)	-	(138)	
Other income for the period net of income tax	(191)	(55)	(157)	5	(139)	-	(138)	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	2,960	(1,362)	9,356	3,333	2,623	(357)	8,730	4,054

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Net earnings attributed to:				
Shareholders of the parent from continued activities	2,932	(1,390)	9,121	3,227
Non-controlling interests from continued activities	219	83	392	101
	3,151	(1,307)	9,513	3,328
Total income attributed to:				
Shareholders of the parent from continued activities	2,742	(1,445)	8,965	3,232
Non-controlling interests from continued activities	218	83	391	101
	2,960	(1,362)	9,356	3,333
Earnings per share (in Euro)				
From continued activities attributed to shareholders of the parent	0.0271	(0.0128)	0.0838	0.0297
Average weighted number of shares				
Basic	108,149,311	107,894,280	108,814,380	108,770,944

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TERNA ENERGY GROUP

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

30TH JUNE 2010

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

	GROUP		COMPANY		
	1/1 - 30/6 2010	1/1 - 30/6 2009	1/1 - 30/6 2010	1/1 - 30/6 2009	
Cash flow from operating activities					
Earnings for the period before tax	7,466	12,634	5,826	11,329	
Adjustments for the agreement of net flows from operating activities					
Depreciation	4,494	4,459	2,287	2,289	
Provisions	29	(372)	29	19	
Interest and related income	(3,154)	(6,196)	(3,041)	(6,129)	
Interest and other financial expenses	2,126	2,794	1,255	1,610	
Results from participations and securities	-	-	-	(1,280)	
Amortization of grants	(1,213)	(1,215)	(531)	(543)	
Other adjustments	44	(14)	-	-	
Operating profit before working capital changes	9,792	12,090	5,825	7,295	
(Increase)/Decrease in:					
Inventories	113	73	114	73	
Trade receivables	10,802	3,690	6,751	(1,929)	
Prepayments and other short term receivables	1,671	(10,153)	(695)	(1,604)	
Increase/(Decrease) in:					
Suppliers	8,898	(772)	(2,599)	(820)	
Accruals and other short term liabilities	(4,555)	(5,700)	(4,087)	(2,088)	
(Increase)/Decrease of other long term receivables and liabilities	(60)	18,328	(42)	7,826	
Income tax payment	(1,196)	(2,488)	(587)	(2,209)	
Net cash inflow from operating activities	25,465	15,068	4,680	6,544	
Cash flow from investment activities:					
Purchases/Sales of tangible and intangible assets	(42,330)	(19,671)	(12,485)	(19,033)	
Acquisitions of subsidiaries	(4,853)	-	-	-	
Grants received	2,733	7,809	-	1,481	
Interest and related income received	2,271	7,518	2,163	7,456	
(Purchases)/sales of participations and securities		0	(13,626)	(1,310)	
Cash outflows for investment activities	(42,179)	(4,344)	(23,948)	(11,406)	

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Cash flows from financial activities				
Purchase of Treasury Shares	(4,567)	(850)	(4,567)	(850)
Net change of long term loans	(5,129)	(4,090)	(2,930)	(2,195)
Net change of short term loans	6,741	(9,257)	-	(19)
Dividends paid	(7,329)	(6,600)	(7,329)	(6,600)
Interest paid	(3,239)	(3,673)	(1,261)	(1,928)
Cash outflows for financial activities	(13,523)	(24,470)	(16,087)	(11,592)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash & cash equivalents	(71)	-	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	(30,308)	(13,746)	(35,355)	(16,454)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	244,837	290,886	233,561	283,139
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the period	214,529	277,140	198,206	266,685

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

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TERNA ENERGY SA

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 30^{TH} June 2010

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

	Share			Retained	
	Capital	Share Premium	Reserves	Earnings	Total
1 January 2009	32,800	282,006	13,551	33,789	362,146
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	8,730	8,730
Dividends	-	-	-	(7,333)	(7,333)
Purchase of Treasury Shares		-	(850)	-	(850)
Transfers other movements			2,592	(2,592)	
30 June 2009	32,800	282,006	15,293	32,594	362,693
1 January 2010	32,800	282,006	14,708	37,102	366,616
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	2,623	2,623
Dividends	-	-	-	(7,325)	(7,325)
Purchase of Treasury Shares	-	-	(4,567)	-	(4,567)
Transfers other movements	-	-	2,793	(2,793)	-
30 June 2010	32,800	282,006	12,934	29,607	357,347

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TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 30^{TH} JUNE 2010

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserves	Retained Earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
1 January 2009	32,800	281,961	15,316	34,798	364,875	934	365,809
Total comprehensive income / (losses) for the period	-	(5)	(12)	8,981	8,964	392	9,356
Purchase of Treasury Shares	-	-	(850)	-	(850)	-	(850)
Dividends	-	-	-	(7,333)	(7,333)	-	(7,333)
Transfers other movements			3,066	(3,066)			0
30 June 2009	32,800	281,956	17,520	33,380	365,656	1,326	366,982

TERNA ENERGY GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 30TH JUNE 2010

(All amounts are expressed in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserves	Retained Earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
1 1 2010	<u> </u>						
1 January 2010	32,800	281,930	17,269	39,812	371,811	1,405	373,216
Total comprehensive income / (losses) for the period	-	(13)	(41)	2,796	2,742	218	2,960
Purchase of Treasury Shares	-	-	(4,567)	-	(4,567)	-	(4,567)
Dividends	-	-	-	(7,325)	(7,325)	-	(7,325)
Transfers - other movements			3,438	(3,442)	(4)	1	(3)
30 June 2010	32,800	281,917	16,099	31,841	362,657	1,624	364,281

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1 ESTABLISHMENT & ACTIVITY OF THE COMPANY

The TERNA ENERGY SA Group of companies (hereinafter the «Group» or «TERNA ENERGY») is a Greek group of companies mainly engaged in the energy and construction sector. The Group's activity in the energy sector is related to the construction and exploitation of renewable sources of Wind energy. The Company is also engaged in the research for the operation and construction of projects related to other renewable energy sources (RES).

TERNA ENERGY has a class 6 contractor certificate and its activity in the construction sector relates to the construction of private and public projects as a main contractor or subcontractor or through joint ventures. Based on the Greek legislation in effect, companies who hold a class 6 certificate, undertake public works with an initial contracting price from \in 5.25 to \in 44.00 million or up to \in 60.00 million through joint ventures and private or self-financed independently budgeted, either as main contractors or as sub-contractors or through joint ventures.

TERNA ENERGY is the continuation of the Technical Constructions Company (ETKA SA), which was established in 1949 (Gov. Gaz. 166/21.06.1949), and which during 1999 absorbed TERNA ENERGY SA. The latter had been established in 1997 (Gov.Gaz.6524/11.09.1997), and is based in Athens, 85 Mesogeion Ave.

The Company is listed on Athens Exchange. GEK TERNA SA, which is also listed on Athens Exchange, is the parent company of TERNA ENERGY.

2 BASIS FOR THE PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Basis for the Preparation of the financial statements

The condensed interim financial statements, which consist of the individual and consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and Group, have been prepared according to IFRS, as such have been adopted by the European Union and specifically according to the provisions of IAS 34 "Interim Financial Statements". The condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of 31 December 2009.

b) Statutory Financial Statements

Until the 31st of December 2004 TERNA ENERGY SA and its Greek subsidiaries kept their accounting books and prepared financial statements according to the provisions of L. 2190/1920 and the tax legislation in effect. From January 1st, 2005 they are obliged, according to the legislation in effect, to prepare their Statutory Financial Statements according to the IFRS that have been adopted by the European Union. The Company and the Greek companies of the Group continue to keep their accounting books in accordance with the provisions of the tax laws, as they have the right to do so. Off balance sheet adjustments are then made in order to prepare the accompanying financial statements in accordance with the IFRS.

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c) New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

The accounting principles applied for the preparation of the interim financial statements are the same with those applied for the preparation of the annual financial statements of the Company and the Group as of 31 December 2009, apart from the adoption of new accounting standards. The Group has fully adopted all IFRS and interpretations which up to the preparation date of the interim financial statements had been adopted by the European Union. The application of those standards according to the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) was compulsory for the period ended on 30 June 2010. Therefore, from 1 January 2010, the Group and the Company adopted certain new standards and amendments of standards as follows:

- IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". The IASB intends to fully replace IAS 39 "Financial instruments recognition and valuation" with IFRS 9, which will be effective for annual financial periods beginning on January 1st 2013. IFRS 9 in its current form is the first part of phase one of the Board's overall project to replace IAS 39 and refers to the classification and valuation of financial assets. IFRS 9 in its full form that is expected at the end of 2010, will include guidance on the valuation of financial liabilities, the methodology on impairment, hedge accounting and the disruption of recognition. IFRS 9 aims at reducing the complexity in the accounting treatment of financial instruments providing less categories of financial assets and a principle based approach for their classification. According to the new standard, the entity classifies financial assets either at amortised cost or fair value based on a) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets, and b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset (if the entity has not chosen to define the financial assets at fair value through the results). IFRS 9 has not yet been adopted by the EU. The largest part of the group's financial assets concern trade and other receivables valued at cost and thus the application of IFRS 9 is not expected to have a substantial effect on the Group's financial statements.
- Amendments to IFRS 2 "Share-based payments". This revision concerns the vesting conditions and cancellation of such. The amendments to IFRS 2 are applied by companies for annual periods beginning on or after 01/01/2010. The application of the amendment is not expected to affect the Group's financial statements.
- Amendment to IFRS 1 "First-time adoption of IFRS" Additional Exemptions for Companies applying IFRS for the First Time. The amendment provides exemption from the retrospective application of IFRS on the measurement of assets in the oil, natural gas and leasing lectors. The amendment is applied for annual accounting periods beginning on or after January 1st 2010. The amendment does not apply to the Group's activities.
- Amendment to IFRS 1 "First-time adoption of IFRS" Limited Exemptions from the Comparative Information for the Disclosures of IFRS 7 for Companies applying IFRS for the First Time. The amendment provides exemption to companies that apply IFRS for the first time, from the obligation to provide comparative information as regards to disclosures required by IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures". The amendment is applied for annual accounting periods beginning on or after January 1st 2010. The amendment does not apply to the Group's activities.

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- IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" (revision). The present amendment clarifies the definition of related parties and attempts to relax disclosures of transactions between government related entities. More specifically, it removes the requirement for government-related entities to disclose details of all transactions with the government and other government-related entities, clarifies and simplifies the definition of a related party and requires the disclosure not only of the relationships, transactions and outstanding balances between related parties, but of commitments as well in both the consolidated and the individual financial statements. This amendment, which has not yet been adopted by the European Union, is mandatory from January 1st 2011. The application of the revised standard is not expected to have a substantial effect on the financial statements.
- *IFRIC 14 (Amendment)* "*Prepayments of minimum funding requirements*". The amendment was applied to revoke the limitation previously applied to an entity to recognize an assets that emerged from voluntary prepayments made towards a benefit plan in order to cover its minimum funding requirements. The amendment is applied for annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1st 2011. The interpretation does not apply to the Group.
- IFRIC 19 "Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments". IFRIC 19 examines the issue of the accounting treatment of cases where the terms of a financial liability are subject to re-negotiations and as a result the entity issues equity instruments to the creditor in order to repay total or part of the financial liability. Such transactions are referred to some times as "debt for equity swaps" or equity swaps, and their frequency increases during the financial crisis. Prior to the release of IFRS 19, there was a significant variety in the accounting treatment of such transactions. The new Interpretation is applied for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1st 2010 and prior adoption is permitted. Interpretation 19 concerns only the accounting of the debtor in such transactions. It does not apply when creditors who are also the direct or indirect shareholders that act under such a capacity, or when creditors and the entity are controlled by the same party or parties before and after the transaction and the matter of the transaction includes the distribution of capital from or to the entity. Financial liabilities that are repaid through an issue of equity according to the initial terms of the financial liability are also outside the application scope of the Interpretation. IFRIC 19 requires from the debtor to apply an accounting treatment to the financial liabilities paid by equity instruments as follows:
- the issue of equity instruments to the debtor for the repayment of a financial liability or part of a financial liability is the exchange paid according to paragraph 41 of IAS39 the entity measures the equity instruments issued at fair value, unless such cannot be estimated reliably
- if the fair value of equity instruments cannot be estimated reliably, then the fair value of the financial liability repaid is used
- the difference between the book value of the financial liability repaid and the exchange paid is recognized in the results.

The amendment is applied for annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1st 2010.

- 2009 Annual Improvements. During 2009 the IASB proceeded with issuing the annual Improvements to IFRS for 2009 – namely a series of adjustments to 12 Standards – that constitute part of the program for annual improvements to the Standards.

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The annual improvements program of the IASB aims at realizing both the necessary and the non-urgent adjustments to IFRS that will not be part of a larger revision program. The most adjustments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st 2010 while earlier application is permitted.

- Interpretation 17 Allocation of non cash asset items to Owners (applied for financial years beginning at or after 1 July 2009). When a company announces an allocation and is obliged to allocate asset items to owners, then it should also records a liability regarding the payable dividends. The objective of Interpretation 17 is to provide guidance about the time a company recognizes dividends payable, the calculation method, and the accounting treatment between the book value of allocated asset items and the book value of the dividends payable, when the company pays in full the dividends. The Amendment 17 "Allocation of non cash asset items to Owners" is applied by the companies for financial years beginning at or from July 1st, 2009. Earlier application of the above Interpretation is acceptable provided that the company discloses such in the Explanatory Notes on the Financial Statements and at the same time applies IFRS 3 (as amended in 2008), IFRS 27 (as amended in May 2008) and IFRS 5 (as amended from the current Interpretation). Retrospective application of the Interpretation is not accepted. It is noted that the European Union has not yet adopted this Interpretation.
- Interpretation 18 Transfer of asset items from customers (it qualifies for years starting from or at 1 July 2009). This interpretation is applied mainly in utility companies or organizations. The objective of the Interpretation 18 is to clarify the requirements of IFRS with regard to agreements based on which a company receives from one of its customers parts of tangible assets (land, building facilities or equipment) that the company should utilize in order for the customer to become part of a network or to access the provision of goods and services (such as the provision of electricity or water). In some cases, the company receives cash from its customers in order to acquire or construct a facility in order for the customer to connect with a network or to continuously access a network of goods and services (or even both cases). The interpretation clarifies cases in which the definition of tangible asset and the recognition and calculation of initial cost are already fulfilled. Furthermore it determines the manner with which the verification of a liability regarding the provision of the above services can be made in exchange with the tangible asset, as well as the recognition of income and the accounting treatment of cash received from customers.
- IFRS 3, Business Combinations Amended in 2007 and consequent amendments in IAS 27, 28 and 31 (effective from July 1st 2009): The amended standard inserts new important amendments in the purchase method in order to reflect business combinations. Among the amendments in the standard is the option to present rights of third parties that have no control (minority interest), in their fair value. Also, the amended standards state that the acquisition of additional percentages in a subsidiary or the sale of part of the shares of a subsidiary must be accounted as transactions with the shareholders of the company and any difference should be recognized in equity. The amended IFRS 3 is effective for the acquisition of companies that will be realized after July 1st 2009, while there is no requirement for business combinations that have taken place before the adoption of the amended standard. Therefore, this amendment will not affect the present financial position of the Company.

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-IFRIC 15: Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate. The objective of IFRIC 15 is to provide guidance regarding the following two issues: If the agreements for the construction of real estate fall under the application scope of IAS 11 or IAS 18. When should the income that results from the agreements for the construction of real estate be recognized. The present Interpretation is applied during the accounting recognition of income and the related to such expenses, of businesses that undertake the construction of real estate either directly or through sub-contractors. Agreements that fall under the application scope of IFRIC 15 are the agreements for construction of real estate. Apart from the construction of real estate, such agreements may also include the delivery of other goods or services.

-IFRIC 16: Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation. Investments in foreign operations may be held directly by a parent company or indirectly by a subsidiary. The objective of IFRIC 16 is to provide guidance on the nature of the risks hedged and the amount that has been recognized in the hedged item for which a hedge relationship has been determined, and which amounts should be reclassified from equity to the results as reclassification adjustments, with the sale of the foreign operation. IFRIC 16 is applied by a company, which hedges the foreign exchange risk that arises from a net investment in a foreign operation and aims at covering the hedge accounting conditions, according to IAS 39. The present Interpretation is applied only on net investments in foreign operations, while it does not apply to other types of hedge accounting, as for example hedges of fair value or cash flows.

d) Approval of Financial Statements

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company on August 27th 2010.

e) Use of Estimates

The Group makes estimations, assumptions and judgments in order to choose the best accounting principles related to the future evolution of events and transactions. These estimations, assumptions and judgments are continuously assessed in order to reflect current information and risk and are based on the management's experience related to level/volume of transactions or events.

The main assumptions and judgments that may affect the financial statements in the coming 12 months are as follows:

a) Recognition of income from construction contracts: The Group uses the percentage of completion method to recognize revenue from construction contracts, in accordance with IAS 11. According to this method the construction cost as of each balance sheet date is compared to the budgeted total cost of the project in order to determine the percentage of completion of the project. The cumulated effect of the restatements/reassessments of the total budgeted cost of the projects and the total contractual payment (recognition of work over and above the contract) is recorded in the financial years during which such restatements arise. The total budgeted cost and the total contractual payment of the projects arise from estimation procedures and are reassessed and reviewed at each balance sheet date.

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b) Provision for income tax: The provision for income tax according to IAS 12 is calculated with the estimation

of taxes to be paid to tax authorities and includes the current income tax for each period and a provision for

additional taxes that may occur from tax audits. The final settlement of income tax may differ from the relevant

amounts recognized in the financial statements.

c) Provision for environmental rehabilitation: The Group creates a provision against its relevant liabilities for

dismantlement of technical equipment of wind parks and environmental rehabilitation, that arise based on the

written environmental legislation or by the Group's restrictive practices. The environmental rehabilitation provision

reflects the present value (based on an appropriate discount rate), at the balance sheet date of the rehabilitation

liability less the estimated recoverable value of material estimated to be dismantled and sold.

d) Valuation of inventories: For the valuation of inventories, the Group estimates according to statistical data

and market conditions, the expected sale prices and the finalization and distribution cost of such per category of

inventories.

e) Impairment of assets and recovery: The Group performs evaluation of the technological, institutional and

financial developments by examining indications of impairment of all assets (fixed, trade and other receivables,

financial assets etc.) as well as their recovery.

f) Provision for staff indemnities: The Group, according to IAS 19, performs estimations of assumptions based

on which the actuarial provision for staff indemnities is calculated.

g) Depreciation of fixed assets: For the calculation of depreciations, the Group reviews the useful economic life

and residual value of tangible and intangible fixed assets based on the technological, institutional and financial

developments, as well as the experience from their use.

h) Readjustment of investment property: The Group, in order to measure the value of its investment property,

defines their fair value based on valuation reports prepared on its behalf by independent evaluators. For the interim

financial statements, fair value results from independent appraiser reports only in cases where there are indications

for significant changes in fair value and according to the financial significance.

3 SUMMARY OF KEY ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The main accounting principles adopted during the preparation of the accompanying interim consolidated and

individual financial statements are the following:

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a) Consolidation Basis

The attached condensed interim consolidated financial statements comprise the condensed interim financial statements of TERNA ENERGY and its subsidiaries. The subsidiary companies in which the Group holds directly or indirectly more than half of the voting rights or has the right to exercise control over their operation have been consolidated. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date that the Group acquires control over them and cease to be consolidated from the date it no longer has control.

The Group's interests in Joint Ventures, in the cases where they are subject to common control, are consolidated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity consolidation method whereby the Group's share of each of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a jointly controlled entity is included in the Group's financial statements.

Intra-group transactions and balances have been cancelled-out in the attached consolidated financial statements. Whenever required the accounting principles of the subsidiaries have been amended in order to ensure consistency with the accounting principles adopted by the Group.

b) Investments in Associates

Includes companies in which the Group exercises significant influence however they are not subsidiaries or joint ventures. The Group's participating interests are recorded using the equity method. According to this method the participating interest in the associate company is carried at acquisition cost plus any change in the percentage of its equity held by the Group, less any provisions for impairment. The consolidated income statement shows the Group's share in the associate's results, while the amounts recorded by the associates directly in their equity, are recognized directly in Group's equity.

c) Investments and other (non-derivative) financial assets

Financial assets that fall under the provisions of IAS 39 and are governed by them are classified according to their nature and characteristics into one of the following four categories:

- (i) Investments available for sale
- (ii) Receivables and loans
- (iii) Financial assets at fair value through the profit or loss
- (iv) Investments held to maturity

Initially they are recognized at acquisition cost, which represents the fair value plus, in some cases, the direct transaction and acquisition expenses.

The classification of the above financial assets is made upon their initial recognition and wherever permitted it is reviewed and reassessed on a periodic basis.

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(i) Investments available for sale

Financial assets (non-derivative) that cannot be classified in any of the above categories are designated and classified as investment available for sale. After the initial recognition, available for sale investments are registered directly in a specific equity account. Upon sale or write-off or impairment of the investment the accumulated gains or losses are included in the profit or loss.

(ii) Receivables and loans

Receivables and loans created by the activities of the Group (and which fall outside the usual credit limits) are valued at net amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses are recorded in the profit or loss when the relevant amounts are written-off or suffer impairment as well as through the amortization process.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through the profit and loss

This relates to the trading portfolio and comprises investments acquired with a view to liquidate them in the near future. Gains or losses from the valuation of such assets are recorded in the profit or loss.

(iv) Investments held to maturity

Financial assets (non-derivative) with defined flows and defined maturity are classified as held to maturity when the company is willing and able to retain them until their maturity. Investments held indefinitely or for a predetermined period cannot be classified in this category. Held to maturity investments are valued, after the initial recording, at net amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses are recorded in the profit or loss when the relevant amounts are written-off or suffer impairment as well as through the amortization process.

The current value of such investments that are traded in an organized exchange is derived by the exchange value of the investment at the closing date. As regards investments that are not traded in an active market, their fair value is calculated on the basis of relevant valuation techniques. These techniques are based on recent arm's-length investment transactions, with reference to the exchange value of another investment with characteristics similar to the investment valued, discounted cash-flow analysis and investment valuation models.

d) Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Non-derivative financial assets and liabilities in the balance sheet include cash balances, receivables, participations bank loans and other short and long-term liabilities. The Company does not use derivative financial products. The accounting principles for the recognition and measurement of these items are mentioned in the respective accounting principles, which are presented in this Note. Financial instruments are disclosed as receivables, liabilities or equity based on the substance and the contents of the relevant contracts from which they stem. Interest, dividends, gains and losses resulting from the financial instruments that are classified as receivables or liabilities are accounted for as expenses or income respectively. The distribution of dividends to shareholders is accounted for directly through equity.

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Financial instruments are netted-off when the Company, according to the law, has this legal right and intends to set them off (against each other) on a net basis or to recover the asset and net the liability off at the same time. Financial risk management aims to minimize possible negative effects and specifically:

• Interest rate risk and exchange rate risk

The Company's bank loans are denominated in euros and are subject to variable and fixed interest rates. The Company does not use derivative instruments in order to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk. The Management of the Company follows the development of interest rates and exchange rates and takes the necessary measures to reduce the risk.

Fair Value

The amounts appearing in the attached Balance Sheets for cash balances, short-term receivables and other short-term liabilities approximate their respective real values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of short-term bank loans does not differ from their accounting value due to the use of variable interest rates.

• Credit Risk Concentration

A substantial part of trade receivables in general relate to agencies and entities of the Public sector with which there is no credit risk, per se. Regarding receivables from the private sector, the Company policy is to seek business with customers of satisfactory credit standing while the constant aim is to resolve any resulting differences within a amicable settlement context. Moreover the credit risk concentration with respect to receivables from the private sector is limited compared to the total amount of trade receivables due to the great dispersion of the balances.

• Market Risk

The Group has not entered into contracts in order to hedge the market risk arising from its exposure to fluctuations in the prices of raw materials used in the production process.

(e) Operation and Presentation Currency and Foreign Exchange Conversion:

The euro is the currency of operation and presentation of the Group and its Greek subsidiaries. Transactions in other currencies are converted into euros using the exchange rates in effect at the date of the transaction. At the date of compilation of the financial statements the monetary asset and liability items that are denominated in other currencies are adjusted so as to reflect the current exchange rates.

The profits and losses resulting from the end-of-year valuation of monetary items in foreign currencies are reflected in the attached consolidated income statement. The profits or losses resulting from transactions are also reflected in the consolidated income statement.

The currency of operation of the foreign subsidiaries of the Group is the official currency of the country each subsidiary operates in. Accordingly, at each balance sheet date all the balance sheet accounts of the subsidiaries are converted into euros using the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Income and expenses are converted using the weighted average rate in effect during the year.

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The resulting exchange differences from the valuation of foreign subsidiaries as described above are booked directly to equity. Upon sale or disposal of a foreign subsidiary the cumulated exchange differences described above are recorded in the profit and loss account.

f) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of rights for use of forestry land, where Wind Parks are installed, and software acquisition costs. The right of use of forestry land, where Wind Parks are installed, includes the related acquisition costs less accumulated amortization and possible impairment. The value of software includes the acquisition cost and all expenses incurred to develop the software in order to bring it to operating condition less accumulated amortization and possible impairment. Significant subsequent expenses are capitalized when such increase the software's capacity after initial specifications.

Amortization on the rights of use for land where Wind Parks are installed is accounted for, using the straight-line method over the duration of the contractual right for the production of energy (approximately 20 years), beginning from the period when each Wind Park starts operating. Amortization of software is accounted for based on the straight-line method over 3 years. The amortization of all the aforementioned items is included in the income statement.

g) Income recognition

Income is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will result for the Group and that the relevant amounts can be accurately measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met for the recognition of income.

(i) Income from construction activities

Construction subsidiaries and joint-ventures recognize income from construction contracts in their accounting books based on amounts invoiced to customers, which result from the relevant partial certifications of work completed that are issued by the responsible engineers and correspond to the work completed up to the closing date. For reasons of compliance with the IFRS income from construction activity is accounted for in the attached consolidated financial statements using the percentage-of-completion method in accordance with the provisions of IAS 11 "Construction Contracts".

According to the percentage-of-completion method the construction costs incurred up to the Balance Sheet date are compared to the total estimated cost of the project in order to determine the percentage of the project that has been completed. This percentage is applied to the total revised contract price in order to determine the cumulated income from the project, based on which the invoiced income to date is revised. The cumulated effect of the revisions of the total estimated construction cost and the total contract price are accounted for during the accounting periods in which they arise. In the cases of contracts where it is forecast that the total estimated cost will exceed the total contract price, the entire loss is recognized in the year during which the loss-making events become probable.

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Non-invoiced accrued income relates to income recognized on the basis of the method described above that has not yet been invoiced. Non-accrued income comprises amounts invoiced up to the balance sheet date over and above the income calculated using the percentage-of-completion method.

Project execution down payments represent amounts received by the Group upon signing the relevant contracts and are proportionally netted-off with the partial invoicing. The remaining amount appears as a liability in the attached financial statements.

(ii) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods, net of trade discounts, sales incentive discounts and the corresponding VAT, is recognized when the significant risks and benefits from ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer.

(iii) Revenue from the sale of Electric Energy

Revenue from the sale of Electric Energy is accounted for in the year in which it accrues. Revenue from sales of electric energy to DESMHE or any other buyer that have not yet been invoiced is recognized as accrued non-invoiced income in the financial statements.

(iv) Rent Revenue

Rent revenue is recognized using the straight-line method, according to the terms of the lease.

(v) Dividends

Dividends are accounted for when the right to receive them has been finalized by the shareholders by virtue of a General Meeting resolution.

(vi) Interest

Interest income is recognized on an accruals basis.

h) Tangible Fixed Assets

As previously mentioned, the Group has valued certain land, buildings, machinery and vehicles at fair value on January 1st, 2004 and these fair values have been used as implied cost at the date of transition to IFRS. The resulting surplus was credited to the profits carried forward account. The remaining land, buildings, machinery and vehicles are measured at purchase cost less accumulated depreciation and any provisions for impairment.

Repairs and maintenance are booked as expenses during the year in which they are incurred. Significant improvements are capitalized in the cost of the respective fixed assets provided that they augment the useful economic life, increase the production level or improve the efficiency of the respective fixed assets.

Tangible fixed asset items are eliminated from the balance sheet on disposal or withdrawal or when no further economic benefits are expected from their continued use. Gains or losses resulting from the elimination of an asset from the balance sheet are included in the income statement of the financial year in which the fixed asset in question is eliminated

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Fixed assets under construction include fixed assets that are work in progress and reflect their cost. Fixed assets under construction are not depreciated until the asset is completed and put into operation.

i) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated according to the straight-line method using rates that approximate the relevant useful economic lives of the respective assets. The useful economic lives per fixed asset category are as follows:

Asset Category	Years
Buildings and technical installations	8-30
Machinery and Technical Installations	3-20
Vehicles	5-12
Fixtures and Other Equipment	3-12

j) Impairment of the Value of Fixed Assets

The book values of long-term asset items are reviewed for impairment purposes when facts or changes in circumstances imply that the book value may not be recoverable. When the book value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the respective impairment loss is registered in the income statement. The recoverable amount is defined as the largest value between the net estimated sales price and the acquisition value. The net sales value is the plausible income from the sale of an asset in the context of an arm's-length transaction, in which all parties have full knowledge and willingness, after the deduction of each additional direct sales cost for the asset. The acquisition cost consists of the net present value of future estimated cash flows expected to occur from the continuous use of the asset and from the income expected to arise from its sale at the end of its estimated useful economic life. In order to determine the impairment, the asset items are grouped at the lowest level for which cash flows can be recognized separately.

A reversal of an impairment loss for the value of assets accounted for in previous years, takes place only when there are sufficient indications that such an impairment no longer exists or it has been reduced. In these cases the above reversal is treated as income.

The Management assesses that there is no case of impairment of the Group's fixed assets and thus a calculation of the assets' recoverable amounts has not been made.

k) Investment property

Investments in property are those held for rent income or capital gain and are valued at their fair value that is based on market value, that is to say the amount the property is likely to be sold at the date of a transaction. The assessment, when necessary, is made by external professional evaluators. Profits or losses that arise from changes in the real value of investments in property are included in the income statement of the period during which they arise. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses in the year in which they are incurred. Material subsequent expenses are capitalized when they augment the useful economic life of the buildings, their productive capacity or reduce their operation cost. Investment properties are eliminated from the accounts upon sale. All gains or losses resulting from the sale of a property are included in the income statement of the year during which it was sold.

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Investment property under construction are recorded at cost value as tangible assets till their completion and then are transferred to investment property account.

l) Inventories

Inventories comprise machinery parts and raw and auxiliary materials of Wind Parks. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of raw materials, semi-finished and finished products is defined based on the weighted average method.

The cost of finished and semi-finished products includes all the realized expenses in order for them to reach the current point of storing and processing and consists of raw materials, labor costs, general industrial expenses and other costs that directly relate to the purchase of materials. The net realizable value of finished products is their estimated selling price during the Group's normal course of business less the estimated costs for their completion and the estimated necessary costs for their sale. The net realizable value of raw materials is their estimated replacement cost during the normal course of business. A provision for impairment is made if it is deemed necessary.

m) Receivables Accounts

Short-term receivables are accounted for at their nominal value less the provisions for doubtful receivables, while long-term receivables are valued at net amortized cost based on the effective interest rate method. At each balance sheet date all overdue or doubtful receivables are reviewed in order to determine the necessity for a provision for doubtful receivables. The balance of the specific provision for doubtful receivables is appropriately adjusted at each balance sheet date in order to reflect the estimated relevant risks.

Each write-off of customer balances is debited to the existing provision for doubtful receivables.

n) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Group considers time deposits and other highly liquid investments with a maturity less than three months, as cash and cash equivalents.

For the compilation of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, deposits in banks and cash equivalents as defined above, while time deposits that mature in more than three months are excluded.

o) Long-term loan liabilities

All long-term loan liabilities are initially booked at cost, which is the actual value of the received payment less the issuance expenses related to the loan. After the initial recording, interest-bearing loans are valued at the net book value using the effective interest rate method.

The net book value is calculated after taking into account the issuance expenses and the differences between the initial amount and the amount at maturity. Profits and losses are registered in the net profit or loss when the liabilities are written off or impaired and through the amortization procedure. The interest on loans is recognized as an expense in the period such arise according to the accrual principle.

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p) Provisions for Staff Retirement Indemnities

According to the provisions of L2112/20, the Group reimburses its retiring or dismissed employees, and the amount of the relevant indemnities depends on the years of service, the level of wages and the reason for exit from employment (dismissal or retirement). The liabilities for staff retirement indemnities are calculated using the discounted value of future benefits that have accrued at the end of the year, based on the recognition of the employees' benefit rights during the duration of their expected working years. The above liabilities are calculated based on the financial and actuarial assumptions and are defined using the projected unit method of actuarial valuation. Net retirement costs for the period are included in the attached income statement and consist of the present value of benefits that have accrued during the year, the interest on the benefits' liability, the cost of prior service, the actuarial profit or loss and any other additional retirement costs. The prior service costs are recognized on a straight-line basis over the average period during which access to the program's benefits is earned. The liabilities for retirement benefits are not financed. As at the 1st of January 2004 (transition date to IFRS and compilation of initial Balance Sheet) the Group, applying the exemptions provided for by IFRS 1 for the first-time application of the IFRS, recognized the total actuarial losses that had accumulated as of the 1st of January 2004. During the compilation of subsequent financial statements TERNA, applying the general provisions of IAS 19, followed the "margin" method for the recognition of accumulated actuarial losses/profits.

Actuarial profits and losses are registered as income or expenses when the accumulated actuarial profit or losses for each program separately exceed 10% of the largest value between the liability of the defined benefit and the actual value of the program's assets. These profits or losses are systematically recorded during the expected average remaining working life of employees participating in the plans.

q) Government Pension Plans

The staff of the Group is mainly covered by the main Government Social Security Fund for the private sector (IKA) and which provides pension and medical-pharmaceutical benefits. Each employee is required to contribute part of his/her monthly salary to the fund, while part of the total contribution is covered by the Group. At the time of retirement, the pension fund is responsible for the payment of retirement benefits to the employees. Consequently, the Group has no legal or constructive obligation for the payment of future benefits according to this plan.

r) Income Tax (Current and Deferred)

Current and deferred taxes are calculated based on the financial statements of each of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements, according to the tax regulation effective in Greece or other tax frameworks under which the foreign subsidiaries operate. Income tax is calculated based on the earnings of each company as such are reformed on the companies' tax reports, on additional income taxes emerging from the Tax Authorities' tax audits and on deferred income taxes based on the enacted tax rates.

Deferred income tax is calculated using the liability method on all temporary differences between the tax base and the book value of assets and liabilities on the balance sheet date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

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Deferred tax receivables are recognized for all the exempt temporary differences and transferable tax losses, to the extent that it is likely that there will be available taxable earnings, which will be set against the exempt temporary differences and the transferable unused tax losses.

The deferred tax assets are estimated on each balance sheet date and are reduced to the degree that it is not considered likely that there will be adequate taxable earnings against which part or the total of receivables from deferred income taxes may be used.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated according to the tax rates that are expected to be in effect during the financial year when the asset will be realized or the liability will be settled, and are based on the tax rates (and tax regulations) that are effective or enacted on the balance sheet date.

Income tax that relates to items, which have been directly recognized in equity, is directly recorded in equity and not in the consolidated income statement.

s) Finance and Operating Leases

Finance leases, which essentially transfer to the Group all the risks and returns related to the leased fixed asset, are capitalized during the inception of the lease based on the leased asset's fair value or, if it is lower, on the present value of the minimal leases. Payments for finance leases are allocated between the financial expenses and the reduction of the financing liability, in order to achieve a fixed interest rate on the remaining portion of the liability. The financial expenses are debited directly to the results. Capitalized leased fixed assets are depreciated with the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the asset.

Leases where the lessor maintains all the risks and returns related to ownership of the fixed asset, are recorded as operating leases. The payments of operating leases are recognized as an expense in the income statement on a constant basis for the duration of the lease.

t) Government Grants

Government grants relating to subsidies of tangible fixed assets are recognized when there is reasonable certainty that the grant will be received and all relevant terms will be met. These government grants are recorded in a deferred income account and are transferred to the income statement in equal annual installments based on the expected useful life of the asset that was subsidized, as a reduction to the relevant depreciation expense. When the grant relates to an expense it is recognized, as income during the period deemed necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis with the expenses it is meant to reimburse.

u) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Receivables

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is possible that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The provisions are reviewed on each balance sheet date and are adjusted in order to reflect the present value of expenses that are deemed necessary for the settlement of the liability. If the effect of the time value of money is significant, then provisions are calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows with a pre-tax rate, which reflects the market's current estimations for the time value of money, and

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wherever considered necessary, the risks related specifically to the obligation. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed, unless the probability of an outflow of economic benefits is small. Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed when an inflow of financial benefits is likely.

v) Provision for wind park dismantlement and rehabilitation of environment

The Group forms provisions for the dismantlement of power generators from wind parks and the rehabilitations of environment. These provisions reflect the present value, at balance sheet date, of the estimated cost, reduced by the estimated residual value of recoverable materials. The provisions are re-examined on each balance sheet date in order to reflect the present value of the expense that is expected to be cashed for the settlement of liability for dismantlement and rehabilitation.

The relevant provision is recorded increasingly of the cost value of wind power generators and is depreciated based on the straight line during a 20-year period in which the contract for the production of energy lasts. The depreciation-expense of the capitalized expenses for dismantlement and rehabilitation is included in the income statements together with the depreciations of wind parks. Any changes of estimations regarding the estimated cost or the discount rate are added or deducted respectively from the cost of the asset. The discounting effect of estimated cost is recorded in income statements as interest expense.

w) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing net earnings with the average weighted number of common shares that are outstanding during each year, with the exception of the average common shares acquired by the Group as treasury-shares.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net earnings attributed to shareholders of the parent (after deducting the interest on convertible shares, after taxes) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year (adjusted for the effect of diluted convertible shares).

4 GROUP STRUCTURE

The participations in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures on 30.06.2010 are as follows:

A) Subsidiaries of TERNA ENERGY SA

i) Subsidiaries, with the legal form of a Societe Anonyme or Limited Liability Company:

The parent company TERNA ENERGY SA has been audited by the tax authorities until the fiscal year 2008 included. During the preparation date of the accompanying interim financial statements, the tax un-audited fiscal years of the Group's companies are as follows:

Participation Percentage										
Company Name	Establish- ment	30/6/2010	31/12/2009	Activity	Tax Un- audited Years					
1. IWECO CHONOS LASITHIOU CRETE AE	11.04.2000	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from Renewable energy sources (RES)	2					
2. ENERGIAKI SERVOUNIOU SA	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
3. TERNA ENERGY EVROU SA	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
4. PPC RENEWABLES – TERNA ENERGY S.A.	20.06.2000	51%	51%	Production of El. Energy from RES	4					
5. AIOLIKI PANORAMATOS S.A.	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
6. AIOLIKI RACHOULAS DERVENOCHORION S.A.	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
7. ENERGEIAKI DERVENOHORION S.A.	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
8. AIOLIKI MALEA LAKONIAS S.A.	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
9. ENERGEIAKI FERRON EVROU S.A	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
10. AIOLIKI DERVENI TRAIANOUPOLEOS S.A.	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
11. ENERGEIAKI PELOPONNISOU S.A.	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
12. ENERGEIAKI NEAPOLEOS LAKONIAS S.A.	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3					
13. AIOLIKI ILIOKASTROU S.A.	26.4.2010	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	7					
14. GP ENERGY LTD	26.09.2005	100%	100%	Trade of El. Energy	5					
15. EOL TECHNICS CONSULT SRL	03.04.2008	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	2					
16.TERNA ENERGY OVERSEAS LTD	4.1.2008	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	2					
17. EOLOS POLSKA SPZO	30.6.2008	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	2					
18. EOLOS NOWOGRODZEC SPZOO	12.12.2008	61%	61%	Production of El. Energy from RES	2					
19. TERNA ENERGY NETHERLANDS BV	29.5.2009	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	1					
20. HAOS INVEST 1 EAD	30.3.2010	100%	-	Production of El. Energy from RES	1					
21. VALUE PLUS LTD	4.1.2010	100%	-	Trade of El. Energy Equipment	1					

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On 4.1.2010 the company VALUE PLUS LTD, which is based in Cyprus, was established. The objective of the company is the trade of electric energy equipment and support of foreign investments.

On 30.3.2010 the total shares of the company HAOS INVEST 1 EAD, which is based in Bulgaria, were acquired. The basic activity of the latter company is the construction and management of renewable energy sources (See also note 7). On 23.4.2010 the Group acquired control of the company AIOLIKI ILIOKASTROU S.A., the basic activity of which is the construction and management of renewable energy sources (See also note 7).

ii) Subsidiaries with the form of a General Partnership (G.P.)

Participation Percentage										
Company Name	Establish ment	30/6/2010	31/12/2009	Activity		Fax Un- audited Years				
1. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI					El.					
POLYKASTROU GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
2. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA										
ENERGEIAKI VELANIDION LAKONIA					E1.					
GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES	_	3				
3. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA					El.					
ENERGEIAKI DYSTION EVIA GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
4. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI					El.					
PASTRA ATTICA GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
5. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI					El.					
KARYSTIAS EVIA GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
6. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA				Production of I	El.					
ENERGEIAKI ARI SAPPON GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
5 TERM ENERGY OF A GIA A TOLINA				D 1 1 1 0 1	-1					
7. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI	01 02 2001	1000/	1000/		E1.	2				
EASTERN GREECE GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES	-1	3				
8. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA AIOLIKI	01 02 2001	1000/	1000/		E1.	2				
MARMARIOU EVIA GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES	71	3				
9. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA	01.02.2001	1000/	1000/		E1.	2				
ENERGEIAKI PETRION EVIA GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
10. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA										
AIOLIKI ROKANI	01 02 2001	000/	000/		E1.	2				
DERVENOCHORION GP	01.02.2001	99%	99%	Energy from RES	-1	3				
11. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA		1000/	4000/		E1.					
ENERGEIAKI STYRON EVIA GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
12. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA				Production of I	El.					
ENERGEIAKI KAFIREOS EVIA GP	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				
13. TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA										
AIOLIKI PROVATA					E1.					
TRAIANOUPOLEOS	01.02.2001	100%	100%	Energy from RES		3				

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B) Joint ventures of TERNA ENERGY SA consolidated with the proportionate method

ι) Joint ventures

	Company Name	Participation Percentage 2010 and 2009 %	Tax un-audited fiscal years
1	J/V TRAM POLITICAL ENGINEERING WORKS	36.00	3
2	J/V ENVAGELISMOU, PROJECT C'	50.00	7
3	J/V TERNA ENERGY – TSAMPR. DRAMAS HOSPITAL	40.00	7
4	J/V EPL DRAMAS	24.00	7
5	J/V K. MANIOTIS - TERNA - TERNA ENERGY	37.50	7
6	J/V/ EMBEDOS – PANTECHNIKI - TERNA ENERGY	50.10	3
7	J/V THEMELI - TERNA ENERGY - TERNA SA IMPREGILO SPA	40.00	3
8	J/V EKTER - TERNA - ATHONIKI SA	31.00	3
9	J/V/ KL. ROUTSIS - TERNA ENERGY ABETE	50.00	3

ii) General Partnerships (GP) and Limited Partnerships (LP)

		Participatio	n Percentage		
Company Name	Establish- ment	30/6/2010	31/12/2009	Activity	Tax Un- audited Years
TERNA ENERGY SA - M.E.L. MACEDONIAN PAPER COMPANY SA & SIA CO- PRODUCTION GP	12.02.2001	50%	50%	Construction/ Operation of co-production unit of electricity for serving of needs of MEL	3
TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA LP	24.05.2000	70%	70%	Completion of construction works of section Kakavia – Kalpaki	3
TERNA ENERGY SA & SIA ENERGIAKI XIROVOUNIOU GP	14.02.2001	100%	100%	Production of El. Energy from RES	3

The above companies No. 1 and No. 3 are currently inactive. The company No. 2 had essentially completed the aforementioned project from 2003.

All aforementioned companies and joint ventures have been established in Greece, except for GP ENERGY LTD and HAOS INVEST 1EAD which had been established in Bulgaria, EOL TECHICHS CONSULT SRL established on Romania, TERNA ENERGY OVERSEAS LTD and VALUE PLUS LTD established in Cyprus, EOLOS POLSKA SPZO and EOLOS NOWOGRODZEC SPZOO, which were established in Poland and TERNA ENERGY NETHERLANDS, which was established in Holland.

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C) Associates of TERNA ENERGY SA

Company Name	Domicile		ipation itage% 2009	Consolidation Method	Tax un-audited fiscal years	
Renewable Energy Center RES Cyclades SA *	Greece	45	45	Equity	4	

^{*} Participation through IWECO CHONOS LASITHIOU CRETE S.A.

5 OPERATING SEGMENTS

An operating sector is a component of an economic entity: a) that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses that concern transactions with other components of the same economic entity) and, b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker of the entity to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess of its performance. The term "chief operating decision maker" defines the function of the Group that is responsible for the allocation of resources and the assessment of the economic entity's operating segments. For the application of IFRS 8, this function is assigned to the Managing Director (Chief Executive Officer).

The economic entity presents separately the information on each operating segment that fulfils certain criteria of characteristics and exceeds certain quantitative limits.

The amount of each element of the segment is that which is presented to the chief operating decision maker with regard to the allocation of resources to the segment and the evaluation of its performance.

The above information is presented in the attached consolidated statements of financial position and total comprehensive income according to the IFRS, whereas previously recorded operating segments —as presented in the financial statements of the previous period- require no modifications. The Group recognizes the following operating segments that must be reported, whereas no other segments exist that could be incorporated in the "other segments" category.

Construction: Refers, almost exclusively, to contracts for the construction of technical projects.

<u>Electricity from renewable sources of energy:</u> Refers, mainly, to the electricity production from wind generators (wind parks) and secondly from hydroelectric plants.

In line with the application of the revised standard, the Group allocates –whenever such allocation is not possible to be made directly- all assets and liabilities per segment as well as the corresponding income and expenses for the period, such as financial results and income tax.

Apart from the income tax receivables that can be allocated directly to the corresponding segment, the allocation of the income tax expense, liabilities and other receivables is based on the financial results of each segment for the period.

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Business segments 30.6.2010	Construction	Electricity from renewable energy sources	Consolidation Write-offs	Total Consolidated
Income from external customers				
Sales of products	-	16,440		16,440
Income from construction services	12,352	-		12,352
Total income from external customers	12,352	16,440	(2,349)	28,792
Inter-segment income	2,349	-		
Total income	14,701	16,440		28,792
Net Results per Segment	177	2,974		3,151
Depreciations	(73)	(4,421)		(4,494)
Amortization of grants	-	1,213		1,213
Net financial results	(126)	1,154		1,028
Foreign exchange differences	-	(63)		(63)
Income tax	(432)	(3,883)		(4,315)
Earnings before interest, depreciation and taxes (EBIDTA)	808	8,974		9,782
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	735	5,703		6,438
Segment assets	18,053	620,404		638,457
Investments in associates	-	51		51
Total Assets	18,053	620,455		638,508
Segment liabilities	9,101	265,126		274,227
Capital expenditure	25	48,674		48,699

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Business segments 30.6.2009	Construction	Electricity from renewable energy sources	Consolidation Write-offs	Total Consolidated
Income from external customers				
Sales of products	-	15,021	-	15,021
Income from construction services	13,869	-	-	13,869
Total income from external customers	13,869	15,021		28,890
Inter-segment income	3,432	-	(3,432)	-
Total income	17,301	15,021		28,890
Net Results per Segment	2,859	6,654		9,513
Depreciations	(66)	(4,393)		(4,459)
Amortization of grants	-	1,215		1,215
Net financial results	(69)	3,471		3,402
Income tax	(209)	(2,912)		(3,121)
Earnings before interest, depreciation and taxes (EBIDTA)	3,203	9,273		12,476
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	3,137	6,095		9,232
Segment assets	14,412	564,003		578,415
Investments in associates	-	51		51
Total Assets	14,412	564,054		578,466
Segment liabilities	7,924	203,561		211,485
Capital expenditure	31	19,640		19,671

6 FIXED ASSETS (intangible and tangible)

The summary movement of intangible and tangible fixed assets, is as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
Net book value January 1st	2010 342,594	2009 240,392	2010 111,541	2009 88,294
Additions for the period	48,699	20,217	12,485	19,033
Sales for the period	-	-		0
Depreciation and other movements for the period	(4,494)	(4,459)	(2,287)	(2,289)
Net book value June 30 th	386,799	256,150	121,739	105,038

From the total value of the Group's fixed assets on 30/6/2010, an amount of € 239,012 refers to Assets under Construction and Prepayments for Acquisition of Fixed Assets.

7 ACQUISITIONS OF COMPANIES

- On March 30th 2010, 100% of the shares of HAOS INVEST 1 EAD, which is based in Bulgaria, was acquired.
 The business objective of the acquired company is the construction and management of renewable energy sources. The acquisition cost amounted to euro 3,271 thousand.
- During 2009, the Company proceeded with signing an agreement for the 100% acquisition of the shares of AIOLIKI ILIOKASTROU SA. The agreement was subject to the fulfillment of a series of conditions. The relevant transaction was completed on 23/04/2010. AIOLIKI ILIOKASTROU SA is included in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the aforementioned date and after. The acquisition cost amounted to 3,000 thousand euro.

The Group records the above acquisitions in its accounting books as acquisition of assets according to paragraph 3 and B7-B12 of IFRS 3 "Business Combinations". Specifically, during the acquisition dates, the basic asset of the above subsidiaries were the licenses such owned, while no wind park construction activity had begun. The acquired assets do not constitute a "company" according to the definition of IFRS 3 as the subsidiaries did not have the installations and procedures that would allow them to produce product – electric energy. Therefore the total consideration paid was allocated to the assets acquired as follows:

	HAOS INVEST 1 EAD	AIOLIKI ILIOKASTROU S.A.
Fixed Assets	3,254	2,989
Receivables	13	11
Cash & cash equivalents	4	-
Liabilities	-	-
Net assets	3,271	3,000

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8 CAPITAL

During the period 1/1-30/06/2010, as during the period 1/1-30/06/2009, the number of shares and their nominal value remained unchanged.

The share capital is fully paid up.

The total number of shares on 30/6/10 amounts to 109,333,400 from which 1,762,718 are owned by the Company (treasury shares).

9 DIVIDENDS

The Annual Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of the Company on 12 May 2010 approved the dividend payment from earnings of 2009, amounting to € 7,325 thousand, which was paid in full during the first half of 2010.

10 LOANS

The summary movement of the group's and company's short-term and long-term debt on 30/06/2010 and 30/06/2009, was as follows:

	GRO	OUP	COMPANY		
	2010 2009		2010	2009	
Balance January 1st	190,078	155,245	49,769	58,998	
New debt	13,574	2,400	977	-	
Repayment of loans	(11,840)	(16,056)	3,913	(2,532)	
Balance June 30 th	191,812	141,589	46,833	56,466	

The total loans refer to the group's energy sector and are related to financing the wind park installations.

11 PROVISIONS

The movement of the group's and company's provisions on 30/06/2010 and 30/06/2009 is summarized as follows:

CDOUD

COMPANY

	GRO	JUP	COMI	PANY
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Balance January 1st	1,317	1,193	778	658
Additional provisions charged in the results of the period	2,259	21	1,844	19
Used provisions	(55)	(40)	(55)	(40)
Transfers	-	97	-	-
Balance June 30 th	3,521	1,271	2,567	637

During the 2^{nd} quarter of 2010 a provision was made according to Law 3845/2010 regarding a "Windfall Tax" amounting to ϵ 2,229 for the Group and ϵ 1,815 for the Company (also see Note 15).

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12 GRANTS

The movement of the group's and company's grants on 30/06/2010 and 30/06/2009, is summarized as follows:

	GRO	GROUP		PANY
	2010 2009		2010	2009
Balance January 1st	50,796	48,614	19,777	18,824
Approval of grants	-	3,996	-	2,009
Transfer of the period's proportion to the results	(1,212)	(1,215)	(531)	(543)
Balance June 30 th	49,584	51,395	19,246	20,290

13 OTHER INCOME/EXPENSES

The analysis of other income/expenses on 30 June 2010, which are of extraordinary nature, is presented in the following table:

	GROUP		COMPA	NY
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Amortization of grants	1,213	1,215	531	543
Income from leasing of machinery	7	34	7	34
Income from lease of property	35	56	35	56
Income from Dividends	-	-	-	1,519
Other income	16	637	16	318
Other expenses	(63)	(18)	(1)	(5)
Total	1,208	1,922	588	2,465

14 PERSONELL

The average number of the Group's full time employees during the first half of 2010 settled at 149 (versus 124 employees in the first half of 2009).

15 INCOME TAX

The expense for income tax is recorded based on the best estimation of the management regarding the weighted average tax rate for the year.

In May 2010 the law (L. 3845/2010) regarding the "Extraordinary one-off Social Responsibility Contribution" (windfall tax) was passed. According to the provisions of article 5 of the above law, a Windfall Tax amounting to € 2,229 for the Group and € 1,815 for the Company was imposed retrospectively on the total net earnings of 2009. The aforementioned amounts were recorded in the current tax expenses of the Group and Company respectively. The weighted tax rate for 30/6/2010, without the surcharge of the Windfall Tax, corresponded to 27.93% for the Group and 21.42% for the Company.

executives

Semi-annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2010 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

16 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The transactions of the Company and the Group with related parties for the period 01/01-30/06/2010 and 01/01-30/06/2009 as well as the balances of receivables and liabilities that have emerged from those transactions at 30/06/2010 and 31/12/2009 are as follows:

Period 1/1-30/6/2010		GROUP				COMPANY			
Related party	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances	
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	1,043	-	1,190	-	
Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-	-	732	360	
Parent	-	-	-	-	-	55	-	-	
Other related parties	3,649	6,546	1,471	2,841	3,649	5,370	2,720	742	
Basic senior executives	-	969	-	-	-	589	-	-	
Period 1/1-30/6/2009, 31/12/2009		GF	ROUP			COM	IPANY		
Related party	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances	Sales	Purchases	Debit Balances	Credit Balances	
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	445	899	268	1,351	
Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-	-	-	793	360	
Parent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other related parties	859	910	353	824	859	891	302	440	
Basic senior	_	846	_	_	_	524	_	_	

17 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE PERIOD

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- On 5/3/2010, the license was issued for the installation of a 30 MW Wind Park at the Viotia Prefecture.
- In March 2010, construction began for a Wind Park in Poland, with a capacity of 20 MW, and for a Wind Park in Bulgaria with a capacity of 18MW.

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- In April 2010 the license was issued for the installation of a 18 MW Wind Par at the Argolida Prefecture.
- In June 2010 the construction process was initiated for a Wind Park in Poland, with a capacity of 12 MW.
- On June 29th 2010 a construction agreement was signed between TERNA ENERGY SA and the Public Power Corporation S.A. (PPC S.A.) for the project "Design, procurement of equipment and construction of a closed type GIS hydroelectric station of 150KV at the production station of South Rhodes", with a contractual value of 8,619,000 euro, which is expected to be completed by the beginning of 2012.
- The total backlog of construction projects towards third parties on 30/06/2010 amounts to €63 million.

Semi-annual Financial Report for the period from 1 January to 30 June 2010 (Amounts in thousand Euro, unless stated otherwise)

18 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE PREPARATION DATE OF THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

- In July 2010 the Group acquired three companies, which are based in Bulgaria and provide licenses for a Wind Park of 4 MW each.
- In July 2010 the installation license was issued for two Wind Parks, in the Prefecture of Evia, with a capacity of 10.2MW each.
- In August 2010, the installation license was issued for a 18 MW Wind Park in Rhodes.
- On August 6th 2010 the Company was declared the temporary lowest bidder and was assigned the execution of the project "Construction of Igoumenitsa Preveza Road, improvement by sections, Subsections 4: Gerakari Parga from K.M. 0+000 to K.M. 14+937.2" with a contractual value of 20,756,316 euro.

19 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the execution of projects, the Group may face contingent legal claims by third parties. According to the Management, as well as the legal counselor of the Group there are no cases under litigation or arbitration except from the following:

Several claims made at the Council of State for cancellation of the planned installation of the Wind Park by the subsidiary "AIOLIKI PANORAMATOS DERVENOCHORION GP", are pending. The court session took place in November 2009 and the Council of State has ordered a pause on the building works for 17 out of 40 wind generators.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN, & MANAGING DIRECTOR

PERDIKARIS GEORGIOS

MARAGOUDAKIS EMMANUEL

THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

THE HEAD ACCOUNTANT

DIMOPOULOS KONSTANTINOS

MANAVERIS NIKOLAOS



TERNA ENERGY SA

S.A. Reg. No.318/06/B/86/28

85 Mesogeion Ave., 11526 Athens Greece
DATA AND INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1/1/2010 TO 30/06/2010

According to Decision No. 4/507/28.4.2009 issued by the Board of Directors of the Hellenic Capital Market Commission

The following data and information that have been derived from the financial statements, aim at providing general information on the financial position and results of TERNA ENERGY SA and its Group. Therefore, before proceeding with any kind of investment choice or other transaction with the company or group, readers should refer to the company's website where the financial statements are posted as well as the review report by the Certified Auditor, when required.

		COMPANY INFORMATION								
Appropriate Prefecture:	Ministry of Development, General Secretariat of Commerce, General Division of domestic Commerce, S.A. and Credit	Approval Date of the Interim Financial Statements by the Board of Directors 27/8/2010								
Board of Directors Composition:	Certified Auditor: Ioannis Leos (SOEL Reg. No. : 24881)									
	Vice-Chairman & Managing Director: Emmanuel Maragoudakis, Members: Panagiotis Pothos, Michael Gourzis, Georgios Spyrou, Theodoros Tagas, Grigoris Charalambopoulos (non-executive member),	Auditing Firm: Type of Review Report: Company website:	In accordance www.terna-energy.gr	SA (SOEL Reg. No.: 127)						
STATEMENT OF FIN	Aristeidis Dasis, Nikolaos Kalamaras (independent non-executive members)	Company wedsite.		OMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Amounts in the				n thousand euro GROUP			COMPA	NV		
(Consolidated & non-consolidated data) ASSETS	30/6/2010 31/12/2009 30/6/2010 31/12/2009	(Consolidated & non-consolidated data) Turnover	1/1-30/6/2010 1 28.792	<u>/4-30/6/2010</u> <u>1/1-30/6/200</u> 12.680 28.8	9 1/4-30/6/2009 14.380	1/1-30/6/2010 24.146	1/4-30/6/2010 1 11.273		1/4-30/6/2009 12.329	
Self used tangible fixed assets Investment property	377.811 340.820 120.201 110.552 923 923 923 923	Gross profit / (losses) Earnings/(Loss) before interest and tax (EBIT)	10.422 6.438	3.994 11.4 1.151 9.2	74 4.947	7.079 4.040	2.791 1.105	8.223 6.810	3.928 3.420	
Intangible assets Other non-current assets	8.988 1.774 1.538 989 757 1.504 85.367 72.428	Earnings/(Loss) before tax Earnings/(Loss) after tax (A)	7.466 3.151	1.727 12.6 (1.307) 9.5		5.826 2.762	2.027 (357)	11.329 8.868	5.051 4.054	
Inventories Trade receivables	423 536 130 244 13.861 24.663 22.940 29.691	Allocated to:	0.000	44.000)						
Cash & cash equivalents Other current assets TOTAL ASSETS	214.529 244.837 198.206 233.561 21.216 25.398 9.800 8.267 638.508 640.455 439.105 456.655	Company Shareholders Minority Shareholders	2.932 219 3.151	(1.390) 9.1 83 3 (1.307) 9.5	92 101					
TOTAL AGGETG	030.300	Other comprehensive income after taxes (B)	(191)	(55) (15		(139)	0	(138)	0	
		Total comprehensive income after taxes (A+B)	2.960	(1.362) 9.3		2.623	(357)	8.730	4.054	
EQUITY & LIABILITIES		Allocated to: Company Shareholders	2.742	(1.445) 8.9						
Share capital Other items of Shareholders' Equity	32.800 32.800 32.800 32.800 329.857 339.011 324.547 333.816	Minority Shareholders	218 2.960	83 3 (1.362) 9.3	91 101					
Total Shareholders' Equity (a) Non-controlling interests (b)	362.657 371.811 357.347 366.616 1.624 1.405 0 0	Earnings/(Losses) after tax per share - basic (in €)	0,0271	-0,0128 0,08	38 0,0297	0,0255	-0,0033	0,0810	0,0372	
Total Equity (c)=(a)+(b) Long-term bank liabilities	364.281 373.216 357.347 366.616 62.484 67.646 33.740 36.707	Earnings/(Losses) before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization	9.719	3.069 12.4	76 4.887	5.796	1.985	8.556	4.296	
Provisions/Other-long-term liabilities Short-term bank liabilities	54.094 52.951 21.813 20.555 129.328 122.432 13.093 13.062	(EBITDA)								
Other-short-term liabilities Total liabilities (d)	28.321 24.210 13.112 19.715 274.227 267.239 81.758 90.039									
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES (c)+(d)	<u>638.508</u> <u>640.455</u> <u>439.105</u> <u>456.655</u>	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (indirect method)								
			Amounts in thousan	d euro			COMPANY			
STATEMENT OF CH	IANGES IN FOLITY	(Consolidated & non-consolidated data) Operating activities	1/1-30/6/2010	<u>1/1-30/6/200</u>	9_	1/1-30/6/2010		1/1-30/6/2009		
Amounts in the		Profit before tax Plus/less adjustments for:	7.466	12.6	34	5.826		11.329		
(Consolidated & non-consolidated data) Total equity at beginning of period (1/1/2010 and 1/1/2009)	30/6/2010 30/6/2009 30/6/2010 30/6/2009 373.216 365.809 366.616 362.146	Depreciation Provisions	4.494 29	4.4		2.287 29		2.289 19		
Total comprehensive income after taxes Purchases / (sales) of treasury shares	2.960 9.356 2.623 8.730 (4.567) (850) (4.567) (850)	Interest income and related income Interest expenses and related expenses	(3.154) 2.126	(6.19 2.7		(3.041) 1.255		(6.129) 1.610		
Dividends Transfers - other movements Transfers - other movements	(7.325) (7.333) (7.325) (7.333) (3) 0 0 0	Results from participations and securities Amortization of grants	0 (1.213)	(1.21		(531)		(1.280) (543)		
Total equity at end of period (30/6/2010 and 30/6/2009)	364.281 366.982 357.347 362.693	Other adjustments Operating profit before changes in working capital	9.792	(1 12.0		5.825	_	7.295		
		Plus/Less adjustments for working capital account movements or movement related to operating activities:	its							
		Decrease / (increase) in inventories Decrease / (increase) in receivables	113 12.473	(6.46		114 6.056		73 (3.533)		
		(Decrease) / increase in liabilities (other than to banks) (Less):	4.283	11.8		(6.728)		4.918		
		Taxes paid Total inflows / (outflows) from operating activities (a) Investing activities	(1.196) 25.465	(2.48 15.0		(587) 4.680	_	(2.209) 6.544		
ADDITIONAL DATA	AND INFORMATION	Purchases of tangible & intangible assets	(42.330)	(19.67	1) 0	(12.485)		(19.033) 0		
1. There was no change in the accounting policies and estimations, and there is no case for correction of accounting errors or reclassification of accounts in the		Acquisition of subsidiaries Collection of grants	(4.853) 2.733	7.8	-	0		1.481		
financial statements. 2. The Basic Accounting Principles of the financial statements as of 31/12/09 have been followed.		Interest received (Purchases)/sales of participations and securities	2.271	7.5	18	2.163 (13.626)		7.456 (1.310)		
3. The group during the present period employed 149 individuals. For the respective period of 2009 the group employed 124 individuals. The company during the		Total inflows / (outflows) from investing activities (b)	(42.179)	(4.34	4)	(23.948)	_	(11.406)		
present period employed 140 individuals. For the respective period of 2009, the company employed 115 individuals. 4. The Company has been audited by the tax authorities up to fiscal year 2008 included. Note No 4 of the financial statements refer to the			, ,	,	,	(/		(,		
tax un-audited fiscal years of the consolidated entities.		Financing activities								
5.Claims to cancel the planned installation of the Wind Park of the subsidiary "AIOLIKI PANORAMATOS DERVENOCHORION SA" are pending before the Council of State. The hearing of the case took place in November 2009, and until it issues its decision, the Council of State has ordered the postponement of construction activities for the 17 of the 40 wind generators under construction. Reference to such is also made in Note No 19 of the financial statements.		Purchases of treasury shares	(4.567)	(85	0)	(4.567)		(850)		
6. Earnings per share were calculated based on the weighted average number of shares.		Net change in long-term loans	(5.129)	(4.09	0)	(2.930)		(2.195)		
7. The financial statements of the group are included in the consolidated financial statements of GEK TERNA SA, consolidated with the full consolidation method.		Net change in short-term loans	6.741	(9.25	7)	0		(19)		
The aforementioned parent company is registered in Greece and on 30/6/2010 owned 48.419% of the company's share capital. 8. The amounts of sales and purchases (goods and services) cumulatively from the beginning of the financial period, as well as the balances of receivables		Dividends paid	(7.329)	(6.60		(7.329)		(6.600)		
and liabilities of the company at the end of the present period, that have are defined by IAS 24, are as follows:		Interests paid Interest paid Total inflows / (outflows) from financing activities (c)	(3.239)	(3.67	<u>3)</u>	(1.261) (16.087)	_	(1.928) (11.592)		
	GROUP COMPANY	Net increase/decrease of cash equivalents (d) Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period (a	(71)		Ó	0		0		
a) Sales of goods and services	3.649 4.692	+ (b) + (c) + (d) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	244.837	(13.74 290.8	3 <u>6</u>	(35.355) 233.561	_	(16.454) 283.139		
b) Purchases of goods and services c) Receivables	6.546 5.425 1.471 4.642	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	214.529	277.1	<u>10</u>	198.206	=	266.685		
d) Liabilities e) Transactions & remuneration of BoD and executives Receivables from BoD members and executives	2.841 1.102 969 589 0 0									
Receivables from BoD members and executives Diabilities to BoD members and executives	0 0									
9. The provisions of the company and group are analyzed in detail in n	ote 10 of the semi-annual financial report, as follows:									
Provision for unaudited tax years	GROUP COMPANY 91 80									
Other provisions 10. The names, domiciles, participation percentages and consolidation	method of companies and joint ventures that were consolidated in the financial statements of	of 30/06/2010 are mentioned in detail in Note 4 of the financial statements								
	method or companies and joint ventures that were consolidated in the financial statements of the re- tith the full consolidation method in the consolidated financial statements compared to the re-									
VALUE PLUS LTD (established on 4.1.2010), HAOS INVEST 1 EAD	(acquired on 30.3.2010) and the company Aioliki Iliokastrou S.A. (acquisition completed on th 2010 corresponded to 1,762,718 shares with a total acquisition cost of 7,613,325.77€.									

VALUE PLUS LID (established on 4.1.2010). HADS INVESI 1 EAD (acquired on 30.3.2010) and the company Aoliki Illokastrou S.A. (acquisition completed 1.2. The number of treasury shares owned by the company on June 30th 2010 corresponded to 1,762,718 shares with a total acquisition cost of 7,613,325.77€.

13. The amounts and nature of other comprehensive income/(expenses) after taxes, are analyzed as follows:

	GROUP	COMPANY
Income tax recognized directly in equity	(137)	(139)
Foreign exchange differences from conversion of incorporated foreign operatio	(41)	0
Expenses for share capital increase of subsidiary	(13)	0
	(191)	(139)

Athens, 27/8/2010

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD THE MANAGING DIRECTOR THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER THE HEAD ACCOUNTANT

EMMANUEL MARAGOUDAKIS ID No:AB 986527 GEORGIOS PERDIKARIS ID No.: X 516918 NIKOLAOS MANAVERIS ID No.:AE 567798 License Reg. No. A' CLASS 9674 KONSTANTINOS DIMOPOULOS ID No::AI 028273

VI. REPORT OF USE OF RAISED CAPITAL FROM THE SHARE CAPITAL INCREASE BY CASH FOR THE PERIOD 8/11/07 – 30/06/2010

It is notified that in accordance with article 3 of the decision 7/448/11.10.2007 by the Hellenic Capital Markets Commission BoD and decision 25/17.7.2008 by the BoD of Athens Exchange, from the share capital increase of TERNA ENERGY ABETE paid in cash that was decided by the Extraordinary General Shareholders Meeting on 20.07.2007, the net amount of € 300,572 thousand was raised, (including issue expenses of € 13,908 thous.).

The period for the Public Offering was 31/10/07-2/11/07. For the share capital increase 27,333,400 new common registered shares were issued.

All shares of the company (109,333,400) were listed for trading on the Athens Exchange on 14/11/2007 in the large capitalization market segment.

The certification for the deposit of the share capital increase by the BoD of the Company was made on 8/11/07 and recorded on Societe Anonyme Registry on 9/11/07 with the announcement No 36439.

The ordinary General Meeting on 2/4/2009 decided on the restructuring of the time schedule and use of the outstanding balance, by extending the completion time of the distribution by one year, namely until 31/12/2011, due to observed delays in the licensing procedures in the RES sector. Additionally, the extraordinary General Meeting on 29/6/2009 extended the use of one account.

The total raised capital of \in 300,572, according to the aforementioned amended time schedule, presented the following movement until 30/6/2010:

TABLE OF UTILIZATION OF CAPITAL PROCEEDS (AMENDMENT ACCORDING TO THE EXTRAORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS MEETING AS OF 29.06.2009)								
TIMEFRAME	Utilization of Capital Proceeds						Total utilized	Non-
in thousand €	08/11/07- 31/12/07	01/01/08- 31/12/08	01/01/09- 31/12/09	01/01/10- 31/12/10	01/01/11- 31/12/11	Total	capital 08/11/07 until 30/06/2010	utilized capital 30/06/2010
Total investments in wind parks	4,084	10,494	48,200	99,472	15,200	177,450	65,309	112,141
Total investments in hydroelectric stations	2,661	2,853	1,300	6,700	6,700	20,214	13,316	6,898
Photovoltaic stations	0	0	1,500	4,000	6,000	11,500	0	11,500
Electric energy production from biomass	0	0	0	5,000	10,000	15,000	0	15,000
Wind parks abroad	0	2,500	5,000	15,000	20,000	42,500	8,100	34,400
Acquisition of companies, RES licenses (from the Company or via its subsidiaries) - Share capital increase of subsidiaries for acquisition of companies – licenses in RES	0	0	6,000	7,000	7,000	20,000	7,200	12,800
Total Investment from Capital Proceeds	6,745	15,847	62,000	137,172	64,900	286,664	93,925	192,739
Issue Expenses	13,380	528				13,908	13,908	0
Total	20,125	16,375	62,000	137,172	64,900	300,572	107,833	192,739

Notes

1. The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of 02/04/2009 approved the BoD's decision as of 24/3/2009 to change the timeframe and utilization of the balance of capital proceeds, which as of 31/12/2008 had settled at € 264,072 thous. by extending the timeframe of utilization by 1 year up to 31/12/2011. The deviation in the timeframe of utilization of funds is exclusively due to delays in granting of licenses by the RES authorities.

Additional decision was made regarding the change in the utilization of proceeds among investment categories and among the years 2009 up to 2011, in an effort to align the investment plan with the current progress in the granting of licenses. Specifically, the Company increased the appropriation of funds for Wind Park investments (due to accumulation of several projects) by \in 26.6 million and for Biomass by \in 0.2 million, and added a category for the acquisition of RES related companies of \in 20 million. As result there was a decrease up to 2011, in the utilization of funds for investments in Hydroelectric units, Photovoltaic stations and Wind Parks abroad.

Furthermore, the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of 29/06/2009 approved the BoD's decision as of 25/6/2009 to extend the utilization of the item of \in 20 million in order to enable the Company to acquire RES related companies and licenses through its subsidiaries as well.

The initial utilization plan of capital proceeds according to the Prospectus of 19 October 2007 was the following:

TIMEFRAME	INITIAL TIMEFRAME (2007) OF CAPITAL RAISED								
	08/11/07- 31/12/07	01/01/08- 31/12/08	01/01/09- 31/12/09	01/01/09- 31/12/10	Total				
in thousand €									
Total investments in wind parks	20,588	11,931	61,120	57,248	150,887				
Total investments in hydroelectric stations	2,741	12,323	11,886	27,096	54,046				
Photovoltaic stations	0	5,000	7,000	7,000	19,000				
Electric energy production from biomass	0	5,563	4,188	5,000	14,751				
Wind parks abroad	0	0	20,200	27,780	47,980				
Total Investment from Capital Proceeds	23,329	34,817	104,394	124,124	286,664				
Issue Expenses	13,908	0	0	0	13,908				
Total	37,237	34,817	104,394	124,124	300,572				

2. As presented in the above table, from the capital of € 300,572 thousand raised by the Company, until 30/06/2010 the amount of € 107,833 thousand had been utilized. From its listing on the Athens Stock Exchange and until 30/06/2010, apart from the issue expenses that amounted to € 13,908 thousand, the amount of € 93,925 thousand has been used to cover the participation of the Company as well as -through share capital increases- of TERNA ENERGY subsidiaries for projects which an installation license exists and is owned by those companies,

- 3. During the General Meeting that took place on 21/05/2010, the planned discussion of the issue "amendment of use and timeframe of the utilization of capital proceeds" did not take place due to the new conditions that emerged from the bill that was submitted on RES and it was decided that the Company not proceed for now with an amendment of the timeframe and use of capital proceeds. Already, after the voting of the bill, the prospects are increasing for the acceleration of licensing and the faster implementation of the company's investment plan, in order to achieve the investment goals of 2010-2011. The possible re-evaluation of the amendment for the use of capital will depend on the developments during the 2nd half of 2010.
- 4. The remaining outstanding capital amounts to € 192,739 thousand and has been placed in short-term time deposits, which are presented in the account "cash & cash equivalents" in the financial statements.

The Chairman of the Board

Vice-Chairman & The Chief Financial Officer

Managing Director

Georgios Perdikaris

Emman. Maragoudakis

ID No. X 516918

Konstantinos Dimopoulos

ID No. AB 986527

ID No. AI 028273

Agreed Upon Procedures Report to the Use of Proceeds Report

To the Board of Directors of "TERNA ENERGY SOCIETE ANONYME INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL COMPANY S.A."

According to the mandate we received from the Board of Directors of "TERNA ENERGY SOCIETE ANONYME INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL COMPANY S.A." (the "Company") we have performed prescribed and enumerated below in accordance with the regulatory framework of the Athens Stock Exchange and the relevant legal framework of the Hellenic Capital Markets Commission with respect to the Report on the Use of raised capital of the Company which relates to the share capital increase paid in cash, that took place on 8 November 2007. The preparation of the report is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our engagement was undertaken in accordance with the International Standard on Related Services "ISRS 4400" which applies to the conduct of agreed upon procedures engagements. Our responsibility is solely for performing the procedures described below and to report to you on our findings.

Procedures:

- We compared the amounts referred to as disbursements in the accompanied "Report on Usage of Raised Capital from the Share Capital Increase Paid in Cash" with the relevant amounts recorded in the Company's books and records in the respective timeframe.
- 2. We examined the completeness of the Report and the consistency of its content with what is referred to in the relevant Prospectus issued by the Company for this purpose and the relevant Company's decisions and announcements, including decisions by the General Meetings of shareholders which amend the time schedule and use of the raised capital.

Findings

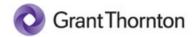
- 1. The amounts which appear, per usage or investment type, as disbursements in the accompanied "Report on Usage of Raised Capital from the Share Capital Increase Paid in Cash" are derived from the Company's books and records in the respective timeframe.
- 2. The content of the Report includes the information which is at minimum required for this purpose from the regulatory framework of the Athens Stock Exchange and the relevant legal framework of the Hellenic Capital Markets Committee and is consistent with what is referred to in the respective Prospectus and the relevant Company's decisions and announcements, including the decisions by the General Meetings of shareholders, which amend the time frame and use of the raised capital.

Given that the above procedures do not constitute either an audit or a review made in accordance with International Standards on Auditing or International Standards on Review Engagements, we do not express any assurance on the report beyond what we have referred to above. Had we performed additional procedures or had we performed an audit or review, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you, in addition to the ones reported above.

The present report is addressed exclusively to the Board of Directors of the Company, so that the latter can fulfill its responsibilities in accordance with the legal framework of the Athens Stock Exchange and the relevant regulatory framework of the Hellenic Capital Market Commission. Therefore this report is not to be used for any other purpose, since it is limited to what is referred to above and does not extend to the interim financial reporting prepared by the company for the period from 01/01/2010 to 30/06/2010, for which we have issued a separate Review Report dated 27 August 2010.

Athens, 27 August 2010
The Certified Auditor – Accountant

Giannis Leos S.O.E.L. Reg. No. 24881



Ορκωτοί Ελεγκτές Σύμβουλοι Επιχειρήσεων Ζεφύρου 56, 175 64, Παλαιό Φάληρο Α.Μ.ΣΟΕΛ 127