

# **INTRALOT** group

**First Semester Report** 

For the period ended June 30, 2008

**According to L.3556/2007** 

INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES
First Semester Report (Group and Company) for the period 1 January until 30 June 2008
Public Companies (S.A.) Reg. No. 27074/06/B/92/9

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#### INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES

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# 1. Representation of the Members of the Board of Directors (according to article 5 par. 2 of L.3556/2007)

The

- a. Sokratis P. Kokkalis, Chairman of the Board of Directors
- b. Con/nos G. Antonopoulos, Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO
- c. Sotirios N. Filos, Member of the Board of Directors

#### **CERTIFY THAT**

- a. as far as we know, the interim separate and consolidated financial statements of the company "INTRALOT S.A." for the period 1st January 2008 to 30th June 2008, prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, present truly and fairly the assets and liabilities, the equity and the financial results of the Company, as well as of the consolidated companies, for the period then ended, according to par. 3 5 of article 5 of L. 3556/2007.
- b. as far as we know, the semi annual Board of Directors Management Report presents in a true and fair view the information required according to par. 6 of article 5 of L. 3556/2007.
- c. the attached Interim Financial Statements are those approved by the Board of Directors of "INTRALOT S.A." at 26 August 2008 and have been published to the electronic address www.intralot.com.

# Maroussi, 26th August 2008

The designees

S. P. Kokkalis Chairman of the Board of Directors C. G. Antonopoulos
Vice - Chairman of the Board
of Directors and CEO

Sotirios N. Filos Member of the Board

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#### 2. **Semi-annual Board of Directors Management Report**

We submit to all interested the 1st semester 2008 financial statements according to the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union, along with the present Report for the period from January 1st to June 30, 2008.

The present Report of the Board of Directors of the company "INTRALOT S.A. INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES" has been composed according to the provision of par. 6, article 5 of the Law 3556/2007 and to the published executive resolutions 1/434/3-7-2008 and 7/448/11.10.2007 of the Capital Market Commission' Board of Directors

# PROGRESS OF THE GROUP'S AND COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE FOR THE PERIOD 1/1-6/30/2008

# **FINANCIAL OVERVIEW**

During the first half of 2008 INTRALOT continued its expansion in the gaming sector, succeeding among others to prevail in a series of significant international tenders in Madrid, the Netherlands and in the US and also to acquire two companies in Slovakia and in Italy.

At the same time, it achieved a substantial increase of revenues coupled with increased profits despite the considerable start-up and business development costs during the period for setting up the new projects in countries such Italy, Spain (Madrid), the Netherlands, Australia (Victoria) and the US (New Mexico, South Carolina, Ohio).

Specifically, consolidated revenues during the first half of 2008 reached €547.5 mil., posting a 44.5% increase compared to the same period last year. The significant increase in the Group revenues is attributed to the contribution of the subsidiary in Italy that commenced betting operations in the country in the second half of 2007, the contribution of South Africa that started to offer lottery and instant ticket games from the end of September 2007 and the high organic growth in countries such as Bulgaria, Turkey, Romania and Poland.

EBITDA (Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization) during the period settled at €126.7 mil. from €120.6 mil. in the first half of 2007, recording an increase of 5.1%. Earnings Before Taxes (EBT) reached €112.4 mil. compared to €103.7 in 1H 2007 posting a 8.4%

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increase. Earnings After Taxes (EAT) increased by 4.6% to €60.3 mil. from €57.6 mill. in 1H

2007.

Regarding parent company results, revenues were €98.9 mil. in 1H 2008, 3.5% lower than 1H

2007. EBITDA decreased by 54.3% to €19.2 mil., Earnings Before Taxes (EBT) decreased by

48.8% to €43.7 mil., while Earnings After Taxes (EAT) reached €36.3 mil. posting a decrease of

51.6% year on year.

**NEW PROJECTS - INVESTMENTS** 

In February 2008, INTRALOT's subsidiary in Poland, TOTOLOTEK, was granted a license by the

Polish Government to operate the European Pool of the Swedish Horse Racing Totalisator Board,

ATG.

Also, in February 2008, INTRALOT's subsidiary in Turkey, INTELTEK, signed a contract with the

Turkish State Organization, Spor Toto, to continue the operation of the sports betting game

"Iddaa" for up to one year.

In April 2008, INTRALOT signed an agreement to acquire a 51% stake in Slovenske Loterie, a

company based in the Slovak Republic, holding licenses issued by the Slovak Ministry of Finance

for the operation of Video Lottery Terminals (VLTs) and Automated Roulettes. INTRALOT has the

right to increase its equity participation up to 81% through the exercise of call option rights in the

next two years. The overall transaction is expected to have a total value of €3.1 million, mainly

through a capital increase in the company, which will dilute existing shareholders as they will

waive their right to participate.

In April 2008, INTRALOT Iberia, the subsidiary of INTRALOT S.A. in Spain, was awarded a

license to manage Sports Betting games throughout the territory of the Autonomous Community

of Madrid. The duration of the license is 5 years with an automatic renewal of 5 years each time.

In the end of April, INTRALOT's subsidiary, INTRALOT Nederland, following a dual international

tender, signed a contract with both leading lotteries of the Netherlands, De Lotto and De

Nederlandse Staatsloterij., having a total turnover of €1,1 billion in 2007. The term of the

Agreement is 7 years with an option to extend for 3 more one-year terms. The new system will

initiate operation in the third quarter of 2009.

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In May 2008, INTRALOT's subsidiary, INTRALOT Inc, was selected by the Ohio Lottery as the preferred bidder to operate the agency's gaming system services, following which the Company signed a one-year conversion contract that started on July 1st, 2008. The project will launch on

July 1st 2009. After the conversion the contract will have an initial term of two years with up to

four, two-year renewals. The contract entails the initial provision of 8,800 new clerk operated

Point of Sales terminals and 2,000 player activated, self-service terminals. With this contract, the

sixth in the US, INTRALOT enters one of the top US markets that has a population of about 11.5

million people and ranks 10th in the U.S. in 2007 with total sales of \$ 2.258 billion.

In June 2008, INTRALOT signed a Memorandum of Understanding with Ho Chi Minh City Lottery

Company to cooperate on an exclusive basis for the project of modernization of Ho Chi Minh City

Lottery, which is the largest lottery in Vietnam, with a turnover of 140 million USD in 2007.

Also, in June 2008, following the license awarded in the state of Victoria, INTRALOT Australia Pty

Ltd, a subsidiary of INTRALOT, granted a Foreign Games Permit to operate in Tasmania a

variety of lottery and instant games. The operations are expected to start soon in more than 80

points of sale, in a population of about 500.000 inhabitants.

Finally, in the beginning of July, INTRALOT, through its subsidiary INTRALOT Italia spa, acquired

100 percent of the Italian Joint Venture company, William Hill Codere Italia Srl. (WHCI), thus

further strengthening its position in the Italian betting market. The gross consideration agreed was

€5.5 million. Through this acquisition, INTRALOT Italia enriches its current portfolio with 55

additional licenses for horseracing and sports betting points of sale in the Italian market, where is

on of the top three betting companies.

The capital expenditures of the Company during the first half of 2008 for the financing of the new

projects and acquisitions reached € 46.3 mil. The cash balance reached € 295.3 mil. in 1H 2008,

while bank debt plus the € 200 mil. convertible bond reached €447.0 mil., shaping net debt at €

151.7 mil.

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PROSPECTS AND UNCERTAINTIES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 2008

The progress of the Group in the second half of 2008 will depend, among others, on the course of

the international markets where it operates and mainly on the course new markets such as:

Italy, INTRALOT's subsidiary is expected to continue its expansion in the betting market of the

country during 2H 2008. The progress of the subsidiary will be enhanced by the additional

licenses for sports betting points of sale that it acquired with the acquisition of the Italian joint

venture William Hill Codere Italia Srl. in July 2008.

Madrid, Spain, in the beginning of August, the first ten (10) betting shops commenced operations,

following the license awarded to INTRALOT in the territory.

Victoria, Australia, where INTRALOT has won a license to operate lottery and instant games, the

operations started on the 1<sup>st</sup> of July, 2008.

The US, in the states of New Mexico and South Carolina will commence operations with

INTRALOT's central systems and terminals in November, 2008.

In Turkey, the tender for the new management contract of the betting game in the country the

next ten years, is in progress. INTRALOT is participating in the tender.

**UNCERTAINTIES** 

The group's international activities expose to a variety of financial risks, including foreign

exchange, interest rate, credit and liquidity risks. Risk management programme is a continuous

and developing process, which focuses on the volatility of financial markets and seeks to

minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is

carried out by a central treasury department under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

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**Credit risk** 

The Group does not have significant credit risk concentration because of the wide dispersion of

its customers and the fact that credit limits are set through signed contracts. The maximum

exposure of credit risk amounts to the aggregate values presented in the balance sheet. The

Group, in order to minimize the potential credit risk exposure arising from cash and cash

equivalents, sets limits regarding the amount of credit exposure to any financial institution and

deals with well-established financial institutions of high credit standing. Moreover, in order to

secure further its transactions, the Group adopted an internal rating system, regarding credit

rating evaluation, using the relevant financial ratios.

**Liquidity risk** 

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities,

the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability

to close out market positions. The Group based on strong financial figures had foreseen to obtain

from the banking system, a significant amount of committed credit facilities, for the proceeding

years. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, Group Treasury aims to maintain

flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

**Market Risk** 

1. Foreign Exchange risk

Fluctuations in exchange rates can have significant effects on the Group's currency positions.

Group transactions are carried out in more than one currency and therefore there is a high

exposure in foreign exchange rate fluctuations against the main underlying economic currency

the EURO. On the other hand, the Group's activity abroad, helps also to create a significant

advantage in foreign exchange risk management, due to the diversification in the currency

portfolio. This kind of risk mainly results from commercial transactions in foreign currency as well

as investments in foreign entities. For managing this type of risk, the Group enters into derivative

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financial instruments with various financial institutions. Group policy regarding the foreign exchange risk concerns not only the parent company but also the Group's subsidiaries.

### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to the long and short term borrowings. For managing this type of risk the Group enters into derivatives financial instruments. Group policy regarding the interest rate risk concerns not only the parent company but also debt that the Group's subsidiaries have raised in either Euro or local currency.

# **HUMAN RESOURCES**

Aiming to ensure the best possible work conditions in a pleasant and functional environment, supportive of the staff's training and further evolution in their career, fully compliant with health and safety regulations, INTRALOT has invested significantly in time and resources to strengthen its organizational structure. As a result, the company has been distinguished between large multinational companies as one of the Best Workplaces in Greece for 2007, by the "Great Place to Work" International Institute in Greece. Furthermore, in 2008, INTRALOT's HR department received the Human Resources award by KPMG in the field of "Use of Information Technology in People Management" for their commitment to excellence in HR management through new technologies.

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# MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND RELATED **PARTIES**:

The most important transactions between the Company and related parties as per IAS 24 relate to transactions between the Company and the following subsidiaries (related parties as per article 42e of Law 2190/20), shown on the table below.

		Company	Group	Company	Group	Company	Group	Company	Group
	Company	<u>Receivables</u>		<u>Payat</u>	<u>oles</u>	Exper	<u>ises</u>	Incor	<u>ne</u>
1	Inteltek Internet AS	-70	-	4	-	-	-	13.681	_
2	Intralot De Chile SA	1.936	-	_	-	_	-	127	-
3	Intralot De Peru SAC	3.206	-	20	-	_	_	6	_
4	Intralot International LTD	2.000	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
5	Intralot INC	6.046	-	1	-	_	-	643	-
6	Intrarom SA	-	-	177	177	709	709	-	-
7	Loteria Moldovei SA	1.646	-	-	-	_	-	27	-
8	Lotrom SA	-3.771	-	325	-	1.952	-	2.813	_
9	Nika SA	47	47	_	-	_	-	-	_
10	Pollot Sp. Z o. o	4.055	-	-	-	_	-	236	-
11	Yugolot LTD	-	-	564	-	-	-	-	-
12	Betting Company SA	5.252	-	8.905	-	6.885	-	19.000	-
13	Instant Lottery SA	1.316	1.316	_	-	_	-	33	33
14	Bilyoner Interaktif Hizmelter AS	-	41	_	_	-	11	_	-
15	Eurofootball LTD	_	-	-	-	-	-	36	_
16	Intralot Operations LTD	22.712	-	-	-	_	_	11.164	_
17	Royal Highgate LTD	1.090	-	-	-	_	-	41	-
18	Maltco Lotteries LTD	-	-	-	-	_	-	2.385	-
19	Intralot do Brazil SA	24	115	-	-	_	-	-	-
20	Intralot Business Development LTD	352	_	_	_	-	_	94	_
21	Yuvenga CJSC	1	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
22	Uniclic LTD	4.344	3.774	-	3.773	_	-	-	_
23	Intralot New Zealand LTD	3.674	_	-	_	7	_	125	_
24	Lebanese Games SAL	-	-	_	207	_	_	-	-
25	Lotrich Information Co LTD	6.245	6.245	-	-	-	-	734	734
26	Betting Cyprus LTD	-	-	4.265	-	774	-	-	-
27	Intralot Holdings International LTD	82.107	-	-	-	-	-	2.069	-
28	Best Net	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
29	AEDIL SA	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
30	Intracom SA Infromation Technology & Com.		2	1.679	1.945	1	8	_	_
		Company	Group	Company	Group	Company	Group	Company	Group

	Company	Receiva	ables	<u>Payal</u>	oles	Exper	ises	Incon	n <u>e</u>
31	Intracom SA Telecom							2 442	
	Solutions	4.505	-	13.778		26.922		2.412	-
32	Intracom Holdings SA	-	-	631	631	89	89	-	-
33	Intracom Sa Defence Electronic Systems	_	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
34	Intracom Group USA INC	-	-	-	177	-	14	-	_
35	Amina Insurance Brokers SA	-	-	107	107	135	135	-	2
36	Content and Databank SA	-	153	21	21	-	128	-	-
37	Firich Enterprises Co LTD	-	-	-	4.516	-	_	-	-
38	Conklin Corporation	-	9	-	23	-	20	-	_
39	Intralot Asia Pacific LTD	152	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
40	Hellas on Line SA	_	_	-	9	-	_	-	23
41	Intralot Australia PTY LTD	2.876	-	_	-	-	_	2.825	_
42	Eurosadruzie LTD	-	5.815	-	2.536	-	-	-	_
43	Turkcell Bilisim Servisleri AS Group	-	33	-	2.126	-	5.268	-	94
44	First Data Systems INC	-	-	-	154	-	-	-	_
45	Yugobet LTD	2.353	-	1	-	-	_	500	_
46	Intralot Luxembourg SA	52	-	_	- 1	2.252	_	1	_
47	Gidani LTD	151	49.650	_	_	-	_	185	1.453
48	Gaming Solutions International LTD	638	-	-	_	-	-	31	_
49	Gaming Solutions International SAC	5.374	_	-	_	-	_	1.725	_
50	Intracom Doo Belgrade	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	_
51	Intralot Iberia SAU	3.637	-	-	-	-	-	149	-
52	Intralot South Africa LTD	2.769	-	107	-	107	-	3.935	-
53	Intralot Italia SRL	1.050	-	-	-	-	_	502	_
54	Tecno Accion SA	87	-	1.099	-	43	-	86	
55	Intracom Telecom Holdings International	1	4 506		12.702		26.027		2.412
EC	LTD Intralot Finance UK LTD	1 676	4.506	-	13.792	-	26.927	-	2.412
56		1.676	-	-	-	-	-	-	
57	Intralot South Korea LTD			381		581		-	-
58	Intralot de Colombia LTD	45	_	32		-	_	1	_
	Total	167.579	71.709	32.098	30.195	40.457	33.310	65.574	4.755

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The BoD and Key Management Personnel transactions and fees for the Group and the Company for the period 01.01-30.06.2008 were € 4,6 mio. and € 2,7 respectively.

From the information stated above and from the Financial Statements you are able to have a complete picture of the Company for the period 1/1/2008-6/30/2008

MAROUSSI, 26th AUGUST 2008
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

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# 3. Review report on interim financial information



To the Shareholders of

# "INTRALOT S.A. INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES"

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of "INTRALOT S.A. INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES" (the Company) as well as the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of The Company and its Subsidiaries (the Group) as at June 30th 2008, and the related statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, as well as the selected explanatory notes that constitute the interim information which is an integral part of the interim financial report under the article 5 of L. 3556/2007. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (I.F.R.S) as adopted by the European Union (E.U.) and apply to interim financial information ("I.A.S. 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed financial information based on our review.

# Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", to which the Greek Auditing Standards refer. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Greek Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard "I.A.S. 34".

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Further to the above interim financial information we have reviewed and all the other data of the interim financial report under article 5 of L. 3556/2007 and the authorized by this Law, Decisions of the Capital Market Commission. From the above review we ascertained that this interim financial report includes the data and information that are prescribed by the Law and the Decisions and is consistent with the accompanying financial information.

Athens August 28, 2008
Certified Public Accountant Auditor



Georgios A. Karamichalis

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Intralot

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4. Interim Financial Statements

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# **4.1 INCOME STATEMENTS**

Amounts reported in thousands €	GRO	DUP	GRO	DUP	СОМІ	PANY	СОМІ	PANY
	1/1- 30/6/2008	1/1- 30/6/2007	1/4- 30/6/2008	1/4- 30/6/2007	1/1- 30/6/2008	1/1- 30/6/2007	1/4- 30/6/2008	1/4- 30/6/2007
Sale Proceeds	547.461	378.817	290.867	199.001	98.888	102.505	70.840	62.056
Less: Cost of Sales	-383.310	-233.565	-216.355	-121.256	-72.342	-51.043	-53.838	-32.611
Gross Profit /(Loss)	164.151	145.252	74.512	77.745	26.546	51.462	17.002	29.445
Other Income	3.031	7.745	1.790	-12.692	10	25	7	20
Selling Expenses	-17.633	-17.373	-9.209	-8.769	-3.867	-3.523	-2.099	-1.924
Administrative Costs	-34.663	-26.123	-18.905	-16.142	-4.818	-5.919	-2.690	-3.321
Research and Development Costs	-3.615	-3.956	-2.086	-2.098	-3.610	-3.965	-2.080	-2.107
Other Operating Expenses	-788	-256	-554	-119	0	0	0	0
EBIT	110.483	105.289	45.548	37.925	14.261	38.080	10.140	22.113
EBITDA	126.708	120.569	54.163	46.476	19.234	42.074	12.624	24.118
Interest and similar Charges	-12.343	-12.627	-7.592	-5.810	-7.851	-8.375	-3.863	-3.856
Interest and related Income	14.912	12.951	7.028	5.648	38.660	53.475	19.589	35.028
Exchange Differences	-1.008	-1.737	-857	-1.552	-1.350	2.172	768	1.186
Profit or loss from participations accounted for using the equity method	358	-165	0	-111	0	0	0	0
Operating Profit Before Tax	112.402	103.711	44.127	36.100	43.720	85.352	26.634	54.471
Less: Taxes	-24.222	-22.648	-8.585	-9.460	-7.465	-10.469	-2.291	-6.790
Net Profit / Loss from Continuing Operations (a)	88.180	81.063	35.542	26.640	36.255	74.883	24.343	47.681
Net Profit / Loss from Discontinuing Operations (b)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Profit / Loss (Continuing and Discontinuing Operations) (a) + (b)	88.180	81.063	35.542	26.640	36.255	74.883	24.343	47.681
Attributable to:								
Equity holders of the parent	60.259	57.609	24.340	23.491	36.255	74.883	24.343	47.681
Minority Interest	27.921	23.454	11.202	3.149	0	0	0	0
Earnings after taxes per share (in €)								
-basic	0,38	0,37	0,15	0,15	0,23	0,48	0,16	0,31
-diluted	0,38	0,37	0,15	0,15	0,23	0,47	0,16	0,30
Weighted Average Number of Shares <sup>1</sup>	158.942.093	157.587.922	158.942.093	157.587.922	158.942.093	157.587.922	158.942.093	157.587.922

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The difference in the number of shares for the fiscal year 2007 for the Group and the Company is a result of an increase in the number of share of the Group and the Company due to a split during 2007.



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# **4.2 BALANCE SHEETS**

Amounts reported in thousands €	GR	OUP	COMPANY			
	30/06/2008	31/12/2007	30/06/2008	31/12/2007		
ASSETS						
Non Current Assets						
	101 740	0E 20E	24 122	26 220		
Tangible fixed assets	101.740	85.385	24.122	26.220		
Intangibles	163.278	158.230	26.019	20.123		
Investment in subsidiaries and associates	11.360	10.985	140.837	140.611		
Other financial assets	8.065	6.981	568	676		
Deferred Tax asset	9.355	12.243	1.531	4.106		
Other long term receivables	100.797	110.684	20.895	41.286		
	394.595	384.508	213.972	233.022		
Current Assets						
Inventories	44.262	48.739	39.245	43.675		
Trade and other short term receivables	204.188	139.394	234.857	165.566		
Cash and cash equivalents	295.338	284.753	26.310	57.618		
	543.788	472.886	300.412	266.859		
TOTAL ASSETS	938.383	857.394	514.384	499.881		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Share Capital	47.683	47.683	47.683	47.683		
Share premium	12.184	12.184	12.182	12.182		
Treasury shares	856	856	856	856		
Other reserves	85.475	69.089	53.101	53.408		
Foreign currency translation	-9.378	523	0	0		
Retained earnings	160.355	145.461	77.207	69.247		
recurred currings	297.175	275.796	191.029	183.376		
Minority interest	58.887	93.235	0	0		
Total equity	356.062	369.031	191.029	183.376		

Non Current Liabilities				
Long term loans	404.321	317.111	262.810	259.914
Staff retirement indemnities	1.819	1.719	1.199	1.077
Other long term provisions	7.196	6.441	5.582	5.634
Deferred Tax liabilities	2.702	2.206	0	0
Other long term liabilities	296	6.134	1	2
Finance lease obligation	11.105	1.549	0	0
	427,439	335.160	269.592	266.627
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other short term liabilities	96.422	89.877	47,570	47.511
Short term debt and current portion of long term debt	31.278	37.501	0	0
Current income taxes payable	17.114	15.004	6.093	2.367
Short-term provision	10.068	10.821	100	0
	154.882	153.203	53.763	49.878
TOTAL LIABILITIES	582.321	488.363	323.355	316.505
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	938.383	857.394	514.384	499.881

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# 4.3 Condensed Statements of Changes in Equity

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT GROUP (Amounts reported in thousands of € )	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserve Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total	Minority Interest	Grand Total
Opening Balance 01/01/2008	47.683	12.184	856	26.480	42.609	145.984	275.796	93.235	369.031
Adjustments on the opening balances							0		0
Transfer to share capital							0		0
<b>Equity method Consol. entity</b>							0		0
New Consolidated Entities							0		0
Subsidiary Share Capital Increase						8	8	-8	0
Period's Results						60.259	60.259	27.921	88.180
Valuation of assets available for sale					20		20	26	46
Valuation of Derivatives					-309		-309		-309
Share Capital Increase from Share premium							0		0
Shareholders' deposits							0		0
Stock Options Reserves							0		0
Dividends						-28.324	-28.324	-51.009	-79.333
Directly Equity				2	-233	-66	-297	25	-272
Transfer to reserves				-2.613	19.517	-16.904	0		0
Translation Differences				2		-9.980	-9.978	-11.303	-21.281
Balances as at 30/06/08	47.683	12.184	856	23.871	61.604	150.977	297.175	58.887	356.062

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT GROUP (Amounts reported in thousands of € )	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserve Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total	Minority Interest	Grand Total
Opening Balance 01/01/2007	29.154	23.957	856	9.122	35.977	104.810	203.876	86.176	290.052
Adjustments on the opening balances						-3.490	-3.490	3.490	0
Transfer to share capital							0		0
Equity method Consol. entity							0		0
New Consolidated Entities						-55	-55	2.608	2.553
Subsidiary Share Capital Increase							0		0
Period's Results						57.609	57.609	23.454	81.063
Valuation of assets available for sale							0		0
Valuation of Derivatives					1.172		1.172		1.172
Share Capital Increase from Share premium							0		0
Shareholders' deposits							0		0
Stock Options Reserves							0		0
Dividends						-29.188	-29.188	-52.654	-81.842
Directly Equity							0		0
Transfer to reserves				12.499	-5	-12.494	0		0
Translation Differences		-2		-64		1.432	1.366	3.183	4.549
Balances as at 30/06/07	29.154	23.955	856	21.557	37.144	118.624	231.290	66.257	297.547

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT COMPANY (Amounts reported in thousands of €)	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserve Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
Opening Balance 01/01/2008	47.683	12.182	856	13.384	40.024	69.247	183.376
Adjustments on the opening balances							0
Transfer to share capital							0
Equity method Consol. Entity							0
New Consolidated Entities							0
Subsidiary Share Capital Increase							0
Period's Results						36.255	36.255
Valuation of assets available for sale							0
Valuation of Derivatives					-309		-309
Share Capital Increase from Share premium							0
Share holders deposits							0
Stock Options Reserves							0
Dividends						-28.324	-28.324
Directly Equity				2		29	31
Transfer to reserves							0
Translation Differences							0
Balances as at 30/06/08	47.683	12.182	856	13.386	39.715	77.207	191.029



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT COMPANY (Amounts reported in thousands of € )	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserve Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
Opening Balance 01/01/2007	29.154	23.955	856	9.718	33.145	63.585	160.413
Adjustments on the opening balances							0
Transfer to share capital							0
Equity method Consol. entity							0
New Consolidated Entities							0
Subsidiary Share Capital Increase							0
Period's Results						74.883	74.883
Valuation of assets available for sale							0
Valuation of Derivatives					1.172		1.172
Share Capital Increase from Share premium							0
Shareholders' deposits							0
Stock Options Reserves							0
Dividends						-29.271	-29.271
Directly Equity							0
Transfer to reserves				-267		267	0
Translation Differences							0
Balances as at /06/07	29.154	23.955	856	9.451	34.317	109.464	207.197

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# **4.4 CASH FLOW STATEMENTS**

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	GRO	DUP	COMPANY		
	30/06/08	30/06/07	30/06/08	30/06/07	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net Profit before Taxation	112.402	103.711	43.720	85.352	
Plus/Less adjustments for:					
Depreciation and Amortization	16.225	15.280	4.973	3.994	
Impairment	0	0	0	0	
Provisions	1.665	437	70	206	
Exchange rate differences	-16.326	5.099	0	171	
Results from Investing Activities	-823	2.837	-35.165	-49.966	
Debit Interest and similar expenses	12.343	12.626	7.851	8.375	
Credit Interest	-14.752	-12.951	-3.696	-2.405	
Plus/Less adjustments of working capital to net cash or related to operating activities:					
Decrease/(increase) of Inventories	3.773	-8.225	4.430	-7.858	
Decrease/(increase) of Receivable Accounts	-62.003	-52.711	-48.900	-54.799	
(Decrease)/increase of Payable Accounts (except Banks)	-6.845	-27.602	-10	-26.181	
Less:					
Interest Paid and similar expenses paid	8.947	9.865	4.954	5.615	
Income Tax Paid	18.184	23.861	1.033	10.015	
Net Cash from Operating Activities (a)	18.528	4.775	-32.714	-58.741	
Investing Activities					
(Purchases) / Sales of subsidiaries, associates and other investments	82	-5.900	-226	-15.395	
Purchases of tangible and intangible assets	-46.292	-74.390	-8.772	-1.316	
Proceeds from sales of tangible and intangible assets	21	43	0	0	
Interest received	12.750	12.951	3.696	2.404	
Dividends received	0	0	34.964	51.070	
Net Cash from Investing Activities (b)	-33.439	-67.296	29.662	36.763	
Financing Activities					
Cash inflows from Share Capital Increase/Share Premium deposits	0	244	0	0	
Cash outflow from Share Capital Decrease	0	0	0	0	
Cash inflows from loans	137.221	32.808	0	0	
Repayment of loans	-33.217	-10.416	0	-22.000	
Repayment of Leasing Obligations	-1.780	-358	0	0	
Dividends paid	-76.728	-81.842	-28.256	-29.188	
Net Cash from Financing Activities (c)	25.496	-59.564	-28.256	-51.188	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period (a) + (b) + (c)	10.585	-122.085	-31.308	-73.166	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	284.753	467.902	57.618	242.016	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	295.338	345.817	26.310	168.850	

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# 4.5 GENERAL INFORMATION – APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **General information**

INTRALOT S.A. – 'Integrated Lottery Systems and Gaming Services', with the distinct title «INTRALOT» is a business entity that was established based on the Laws of Hellenic Republic and whose shares are traded in the Athens Stock Exchange. Reference to «INTRALOT» or the «Company» includes INTRALOT S.A. whereas reference to the «Group» includes INTRALOT S.A. and its fully consolidated subsidiaries, unless otherwise stated. The Company was established in 1992 and has its registered office in Maroussi of Attica.

INTRALOT, is the 2nd biggest supplier of integrated gaming and transaction processing systems, innovative game content and value added services to state-licensed gaming organizations worldwide. With presence in more than 40 countries, INTRALOT is a 5 continents company with more than 5.027 people and revenues of € 835,5m, in 2007, dominating the European Market, and holding a significant position in South America and is present in N. America, Asia, Africa and Oceania.

It's broad portfolio of products & services, its know-how of Lottery, Betting & Video Lottery operations, its experience in sports games and its leading-edge technology, give INTRALOT a competitive advantage, which contributes directly to customers' efficiency, profitability and growth.

# **Approval of the Financial Statements**

The Board of Directors of INTRALOT SA approved the accompanying interim IFRS financial statements for the company and the Group for the period ended 30 June 2008, on 26 August 2008.

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# 4.6 Significant Accounting Policies

# **Basis of Consolidation:**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of INTRALOT S.A. and its subsidiaries as at 31 December of each year. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

Adjustments are made to bring in line any dissimilar accounting policies that may have existed.

All intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealized profits arising from intra-group transactions, have been eliminated in full. Unrealized losses are eliminated unless costs cannot be recovered. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Where there is a loss of control of a subsidiary, the consolidated financial statements include the results for the part of the reporting year during which INTRALOT SA has control.

# **Foreign Currency Translation:**

The functional and presentation currency of INTRALOT S.A. and its subsidiaries which are located in Greece is the euro (€). Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All resulting differences are taken to the consolidated income statement with the exception of differences on foreign currency borrowings that provide a hedge against a net investment in a foreign entity. These are taken directly to equity until the disposal of the net investment, at which time they are recognized in the consolidated income statement. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those borrowings are also dealt with in equity. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The functional currency of the overseas subsidiaries is the currency of the country in which these subsidiaries are located and operate. As at the reporting date, the assets and liabilities of these overseas subsidiaries are translated into the presentation currency of INTRALOT SA at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and, their income statements are translated at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences arising on the retranslation are taken directly to a separate component of equity. On disposal of a foreign entity,

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the deferred cumulative amount recognized in equity relating to that particular foreign operation shall be recognized in the income statement.

# **Property, Plant and Equipment:**

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Owned Buildings	20 to 30 years
Installations on third party property	Over the duration of the lease but not
	less than 5% per annum
Equipment	5 to 15 years
Computer Hardware	20% to 30% per annum
Motor vehicles	7 years or 15% per annum
Trucks etc.	5 years or 20% per annum

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using an after-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in the income statement.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the income statement in the year the item is de-recognized.

In regards of hardware and software lease as operating lease these assets, in the group balance sheet are disclosed in acquisition cost values and been depreciated using the straight line method and according to the lower period between the useful life and the contract life. In cases of

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the respective contracts renewal the assets' remaining net book value is depreciated according to the renewed contract life.

# **Borrowing Costs:**

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

### Goodwill:

Goodwill on acquisition is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign subsidiary and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate accordingly.

The Group made use of the exception provided by IFRS 1 'First Time Adoption of IFRS' relating to business combinations that occurred before the transition date (1 January 2004). For those business combinations IFRS 3 'Business Combinations' is not applied. Instead, in accordance with IFRS 1 the Group kept the same classification as in its previous GAS financial statements. For business combinations prior to the transition date, the Group had recognized the resulting goodwill as a deduction from equity in its previous GAS financial statements. Therefore the Group did not recognize that goodwill in its opening IFRS balance sheet. Any adjustments to the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries for IFRS purposes are taken to retained earnings.

The Group, based on previous GAS, had not consolidated certain subsidiaries that had been acquired in past business combinations. On first adoption of IFRS and in accordance with the exceptions of IFRS 1, the Group adjusted the carrying amounts of the subsidiary's assets and liabilities to the amounts that IFRS would require in the subsidiary's balance sheet. The deemed cost of goodwill equals the difference at the date of transition to IFRS between the parent's interest in those adjusted carrying amounts; and the cost in the parent's separate financial statements of its investment in the subsidiary. The resulting goodwill is recorded in the transition balance sheet (1 January 2004) and is tested for impairment.

Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Based on IFRS 3 'Business combinations', Goodwill is not amortized. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment, annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

As at the acquisition date, any goodwill acquired is allocated to each of the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the combination's synergies. Impairment is determined by assessing the

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recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit, to which the goodwill relates. Where recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized. Where goodwill forms part of a cash generating unit and part of the operation within that unit are disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

# **Intangibles:**

Intangible assets acquired individually, are capitalized at cost and those acquired through a business combination at fair values at the acquisition date. After initial recognition, intangibles are valued at cost less accumulated amortization. Useful lives of these intangibles are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangibles with finite useful lives are amortized as follows:

Software platforms	Over the duration of the longest
Central operating software	contract
Central Network software	
• Licenses	
• Rights	
Other software	3 to 5 years

Amortization of finite life intangibles are recognized as an expense in the Income Statement apportioned to the related cost centers.

Intangibles, except Development costs internally generated, are not capitalized and the costs are included in the Income Statement in the year they are incurred.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash generating unit level. Useful lives are also assessed annually and any revisions are made on a prospective basis.

# **Research and Development Costs:**

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is carried forward when its future recoverability can reasonably be regarded as assured. Following the initial recognition of the development expenditure the cost model is applied

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requiring the asset to be carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated

impairment losses. Any expenditure carried forward is amortized over the period of expected

future sales from the related project.

The carrying value of development costs is reviewed for impairment annually when the asset is

not yet in use, or more frequently when an indicator of impairment arises during the reporting year

indicating that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures:

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are stated in the individual and

consolidated financial statements at their cost less any impairment in value.

Financial assets:

All investments are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given,

including any acquisition related costs.

After initial recognition, investments (except investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint

ventures) which are classified as 'valued at fair values through income statement', or as 'available

for sale' are measured at fair values. Gains or losses on investments classified as 'valued at fair

values through Income Statement' are recognized in the income statement. Gains or losses on

'available for sale' investments are recognized in a separate component within Equity until the

investment is either disposed or the investment is considered to have been impaired at which

time any accumulated gains or losses are transferred to the Income Statement.

Other financial assets, except derivatives, with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity,

are classified as "held to maturity", when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold

to maturity. Investments intended to be held for an undefined period are not included in this

category. The «held to maturity» monetary items, such as bonds, are subsequently measured at

amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated taking into

consideration any premium or discount on acquisition, over the period to maturity. For

investments carried at amortized cost, gains or losses are recognized in the Income Statement

when the investments are disposed or impaired and also through amortization.

For investments that are actively traded in organized markets, fair values are determined in

relation to the closing traded values at the balance sheet. For investments where these is no

quoted market price, fair values are determined by reference to the current market value of

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another item substantially similar, or is estimated based on the expected cash flows of the

underlying net asset base of the investment otherwise in the acquisition cost.

**Inventories:** 

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs incurred in bringing

each product to its present location and condition are accounted for using the average price

method.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less

estimated costs to completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Trade and other short term receivables:

Trade receivables are recognized and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for

any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full

amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when all possible legal actions have been

exhausted.

When the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may

be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement

effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by

discounting all future receipts using the prevailing interest rate for a similar instrument of an

issuer with a similar credit rating. The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount

of the consideration is recognized as interest revenue in accordance with IAS 39 'Financial

Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-

term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of

cash and cash equivalents as defined above, without the netting of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Interest bearing loans and Borrowings:

All loans and borrowings are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration

received net of issue costs associated with the borrowing.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at

amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into

account any issue costs, and any discount or premium on settlement.

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Gains and losses are recognized in net profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or

impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

**Long Term Liabilities:** 

All long term liabilities are initially recognized at cost. Following initial recognition, liabilities that are

denominated in foreign currency are valued at the closing exchange rate at the reporting date. Any

interest cost is recognized on an accruals basis.

**Provisions and Contingent Liabilities:** 

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a

result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits

will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the

obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example

under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when

the reimbursement is virtually certain the expense relating to any provision is presented in the

income statement net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material,

provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that

reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks

specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the

passage of time is recognized as a borrowing cost.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed, except if the

probability of a potential outflow of funds is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized but are

disclosed when the probability of a cash inflow is possible.

Provisions are recognized on each financial statements date (annual and interim) based on the best

and reliable estimate for potential excess of cost (payments to winners) in games with

predetermined odds as this is provided by the contracts between the company and the clients.

The provision amount arising from this calculation for each reporting period is recognized and

booked in the reporting period profit and loss account as an expense.

Leases

**Group Entity as lessee:** 

Finance leases, which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to

ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the

leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease

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payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as

to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges

are charged directly against income. Capitalized leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of

the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term.

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset

are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in

the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

**Group Entity as Lessor:** 

In cases of hardware and software leasing through operating lease, these assets are included in

the company's tangible and intangible assets and the income that occurs is recognized on a

straight line through the contract period.

**Treasury Shares:** 

Treasury shares represent shares of the parent company held by the Group. Treasury shares are

stated at cost and disclosed as a separate component in Equity. Upon acquisition, disposal,

issuance or cancellation of treasury shares no gain or loss is recognized in the Income Statement.

The consideration given or received and the related gains or losses from the settlement are

recognized directly in Equity.

**Share Based Payments:** 

IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' requires an expense to be recognized where the Group buys

goods or services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'),

or in exchange for other assets equivalent in value to a given number of shares or rights over

shares ('cash-settled transactions'). The main impact of IFRS 2 on the Group is the expensing

of employees' and directors' share options and other share based incentives by using an

option-pricing model.

Staff Retirement Indemnities:

Staff retirement indemnities are measured at the present value of the Company's defined benefit

obligations at the balance sheet date, through the recognition of the employees' right to benefits

based on years of service over their expected working life. The above liabilities are calculated using

financial and actuarial assumptions and are determined based on an actuarial valuation method

(Projected Unit Credit Method). The net expense for the period is included within staff costs in the

accompanying Income Statement and consists of the present value of the benefits earned during

intralot

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the year, interest cost on the benefit liability, past service cost, actuarial gains or losses recognized and any other additional pension costs. The past service costs are recognized as an expense on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The unrecognized actuarial gains or losses are recognized over the remaining working life of active employees, and are included as part of the net annual pension cost of each year, if at the beginning of the period they exceed 10% of the future estimated liability for benefits. The Company's pension benefit schemes are not funded.

# **State Insurance Programs:**

The Company employees are covered by the main State Insurance Organization for the private sector (IKA) that provides pension and medical benefits. Each employee is obliged to contribute a percentage of the monthly salary to IKA while part of the total contribution is covered by the Company. On retirement, IKA is responsible for the payment of pensions to employees. Consequently, the Company does not have any legal or constructive obligation for the payment of future benefits based on this scheme.

# Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognized in the period they are realized and the related amounts can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met during the recognition of the revenue.

# Hardware and Software:

This category includes the supply of hardware, software and technical support services (gaming machines, central computer systems, gaming software, communication systems, installation services etc.) to Lotteries so that they can operate their on-line games. Revenue is recognized by the Company either as a direct sale of hardware and software or as operating lease for a predetermined time period according to the contract with the customer.

In the first case the income from the sales of hardware and software (in a determined value) is recognized when the significant benefits and risks arising from the ownership are transferred to the buyer.

In the second case it consists income from operating lease, it is defined as a percentage on the Lottery Organization's gross turnover received by the player-customer. Income recognition occurs the moment that the player-customer places the related consideration in order to participate in a game.

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# **Game management:**

The Group undertakes the provision of value added services, such as the design, organization and/ or management of games, advertising and sales promotion, establishment of sales network, risk management (for fixed odds games) etc to organizations internationally. Group revenues mainly consist of a percentage of the turnover of the games for which the above services are provided, the size of which is contractually determined based on the market size, the type of services rendered, the duration of the contract and other parameters. Revenue recognition occurs the moment that the player-customer pays the related consideration in order to participate in a game and equals to an amount calculated as a percentage on the total amount received by the lottery games organization from the player-customer.

# **Game operation:**

In this category, the Group has the full game operating license in a country. In the case of operating the game the Company undertakes the overall organization of the games provided (installation of information systems, advertising and promotion, establishment of sales network, collections and payment of winnings to players, etc). Revenue recognition in this category occurs the moment that the player-customer pays the related consideration in order to participate in a game and equals to the total amount received from the player-customer.

# Income taxes:

Current and deferred income taxes are calculated based on the financial statements of each entity included in the consolidated financial statements, based on the Greek tax laws or other tax frameworks within which the foreign subsidiaries operate. Income tax is calculated based on the profits of each entity as adjusted on their tax returns, additional taxes arising from audits performed by the tax authorities and deferred taxes based on enacted or substantially enacted tax rates.

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences:

- •Except where the deferred income tax liability arises from goodwill amortization or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the

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temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not

reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward

of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will

be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused

tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized:

• Except where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference

arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business

combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable

profit or loss; and in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in

subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognized to

the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future

and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and

reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to

allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to

apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax

laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is not measured by the Group in regards with the undistributed profits of

subsidiaries, branches, associates and joint ventures due to intercompany profits, from relevant

transactions, eliminations in the consolidation process.

Income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity are recognized in equity and not in the

income statement.

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of sales tax

except:

• Where the sales tax incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the

taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of

the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

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The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as

part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Earnings per Share:

The basic earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing net profit attributed to the equity

holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during each

year, excluding the average number of ordinary shares of the parent held by the Group as treasury

shares.

The diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profits attributable to the equity

holders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding

(adjusted for the effect of the average number of share option rights outstanding during the year).

**Financial Instruments:** 

The financial assets and financial liabilities of the balance sheet include cash and cash

equivalents, receivables, other short term liabilities and Derivative Financial Instruments. The

accounting policies for recognition and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

are detailed in the corresponding paragraphs of this Note.

Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, other short term liabilities:

The financial instruments are presented as assets, liabilities or Equity items based on their

substance and content of the related contracts from which they derive. Interest, dividends, gains

and losses arising from financial instruments characterized as assets or liabilities, are recognized

as expense or income in the income statement. The payment of dividends to equity holders is

deducted directly from equity. The financial instruments are offset when the Company, has a

legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends to settle them on a net

basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging:** 

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts and Interest

Rate Swaps to hedge its risks associated with interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations.

Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a

derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are

carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

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Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are taken directly to net profit or loss for the year.

The fair value of forward currency contracts is calculated by reference of the market value and is verified by the financial institutions. For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as: fair value hedges when hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability; cash flow hedges when hedging exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a forecast transaction; or hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation.

A hedge of the foreign currency risk of a firm commitment is accounted for as a cash flow hedge. At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Hedges which meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as follows:

# Fair value hedges:

Fair value hedges are hedges of the Group's exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognised firm commitment, or an identified portion of such an asset, liability or firm commitment, that is attributable to a particular risk and could affect profit or loss. For fair value hedges, the carrying amount of the hedged item is adjusted for gains and losses attributable to the risk being hedged, the derivative is remeasured at fair value and gains and losses from both are taken to profit and loss. For fair value hedges relating to items carried at amortised cost, the adjustment to carrying value is amortised through profit and loss over the remaining term to maturity. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged financial instrument for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to profit and loss. Amortisation may begin as soon as an adjustment exists and shall begin no later than when the hedged item ceases to be adjusted for changes in its fair value attributable to the risk being hedged. When an unrecognised firm commitment is designated as a hedged item, the subsequent cumulative change in the fair value of the firm commitment attributable to the hedged

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risk is recognised as an asset or liability with a corresponding gain or loss recognised in profit and loss. The changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument are also recognised in profit and loss. The Group discontinues fair value hedge accounting if the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the Group revokes the designation. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged financial instrument for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to profit and loss. Amortisation may begin as soon as an adjustment exists and shall begin no later than when the hedged item ceases to be adjusted for changes in its fair value attributable to the risk being hedged.

## Cash flow hedges:

Cash flow hedges are a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit and loss. The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in equity, while the ineffective portion is recognised in profit and loss. Amounts taken to equity are transferred to the income statement when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, such as when hedged financial income or financial expense is recognised or when a forecast sale or purchase occurs. Where the hedged item is the cost of a non-financial asset or liability, the amounts taken to equity are transferred to the initial carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability. If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, amounts previously recognised in equity are transferred to profit and loss. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, amounts previously recognised in equity remain in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. If the related transaction is not expected to occur, the amount is taken to profit and loss.

Certain derivatives, although characterized as effective hedges based on Group policies, do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting in accordance with the provisions of IAS 39 and, therefore, gains or losses are recognized in the statements of income.

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### 1. Market risk

## i) Interest Rate

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates to the long and short term borrowings. The Group partially hedged against its interest rate risk in the period ended 30 June 2008 since management assessed that any change in historically low interest rates in conjunction with the low borrowing levels would give the chance to keep funding costs at a low level.

## ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Group sells goods and provides services in various currencies including the Euro. Therefore, it is exposed to movements in foreign currency exchange rates against its reporting currency, the Euro. The Group in assessing the related risk used derivative financial instruments in the period ended 30 June 2008 in order to reduce its exposure to foreign currency change risk. At 30 June 2008 there were open positions in derivative financial instruments.

The management has decided to hedge foreign exchange risk for changes in forward rates and not in spot rates. The hedging designation was decided at the inception of the hedging instrument and is followed till the maturity. The effect of the forward points goes to equity reserves.

### 2. Credit risk

The Group does not have significant credit risk concentration because of the wide dispersion of its customers and the fact that credit limits are set through signed contracts. The maximum exposure to credit risk amounts to the aggregate values presented in the balance sheet.

### 3. Fair Value

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and short term liabilities in the balance sheet approximate their fair values due to their short term nature. The fair value of short term loans is not significantly different from their carrying values due to the use of variable interest rates.

### 4. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through and adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, Group Treasury aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

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## **De-recognition of Financial Instruments:**

A financial instrument is derecognized when the Group no longer controls the contractual rights that comprise the financial instrument, which is normally the case when the instrument is sold, or all the cash flows attributable to the instrument are passed through to an independent third party.

### 4.7 DISCLOSURE OF COMPLIANCE

The interim consolidated financial statements for the interim six months period ended June 30, 2008 have been prepared in accordance to IAS 34-Interim Financial Reporting. These interim financial statements should be reviewed along with the annual financial statements of the year ended at December 31, 2007.

### 4.8 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements for the interim six months period ended June 30, 2008, the same accounting policies and methods of computation have been followed as compared with the most recent annual consolidated financial statements (December 31, 2007).

# 4.9 NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS OF PUBLISHED STANDARDS

Up to the date of the approval of the financial statements certain new Standards, Interpretations and Revised Standards have been published that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2008. The Group's management estimate in relation to the effects of the adoption of the new standards and interpretations is as follows:

### IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements-Amendment:

The amended IAS 1 has been issued – Presentation of Financial Statements, on September 2007 and is applied for the annual accounting periods starting from or after January 1<sup>st</sup> 2009. The Standard's amendment for better readability reasons, requires the separate presentation of changes in Equity that derive from shareholders' transactions (e.g. dividends), from the rest Equity changes that derive from third parties' transactions and a new comprehensive Income Statement is introduced.

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The revised standard includes changes in the titles of specific Financial Statements in order for their disclosure function to be clearly illustrated. Furthermore, a new requirement is imported, regarding the restatement of financial statements or the retrospective application of new accounting policies to be presented from the beginning of the previous comparative period. The Group is in the evaluation procedure regarding the impact of the amended standard in the Financial Statements.

The amendment of the Standard has not yet been adopted by the European Union.

# IFRS 2, Share based payment: "Vesting conditions and cancellations" – Amendment

The amendment clarifies two issues: The definition of 'vesting condition', introducing the term 'non-vesting condition' for conditions other than service conditions and performance conditions. It also clarifies that the same accounting treatment applies to awards that are effectively cancelled by either the entity or the counterparty. The Group expects that this Interpretation will have no impact on its financial statements. The amended IFRS 2 becomes effective for financial years beginning on or after January 2009.

# IFRS 3, "Business Combinations" and IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" – Revised:

As regards IFRS 3, this will apply to business combinations occurring in those periods and its scope has been revised to include combinations of mutual entities and combinations without consideration (dual listed shares). IFRS 3 and IAS 27, inter alia, require greater use of fair value through the income statement and cement the economic entity concept of the reporting entity. Furthermore, these standards also introduce the following requirements (i) to remeasure interests to fair value when control is obtained or lost, (ii) recognising directly in equity the impact of all transactions between controlling and non-controlling shareholders where loss of control is not lost and, (iii) focuses on what is given to the vendor as consideration rather than what is spent to achieve the acquisition. More specifically, items such as acquisition-related costs, changes in the value of the contingent consideration, share-based payments and the settlement of pre-existing contracts will generally be accounted for separately from the business combination and will often affect the income statement. The revisions to the Standards have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The revised IFRS 3 and IAS 7 become effective for financial years beginning on or after January 2009.

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# **IFRS 8, Operating Segments:**

IFRS 8 replaces IAS 14 (Segment Reporting) and sets different disclosure requirements regarding the information by activity sectors. IFRS 8 is effective from the 1st January 2009 and is expected to be adopted by the Group.

### **IFRS 23, Borrowing Cost-Amendment:**

In the revised standard, the previous benchmark treatment of recognising borrowing costs as an expense has been eliminated. Instead, borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets form part of the costs of the asset. The revised version of IAS 23 Borrowing Cost needs to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January 2009.

### IAS 32 and IAS 1, Puttable Financial Instruments – Amendment:

The amendment to IAS 32 requires certain puttable financial instruments and obligations arising on liquidation to be classified as equity if certain criteria are met. The amendment to IAS 1 requires disclosure of certain information relating to puttable instruments classified as equity. The Group does not expect these amendments to have an impact on its financial statements. The amendment to IAS 32 becomes effective for financial years beginning on or after January 2009.

# **IFRIC 11 - IFRS 2, Group and Treasury share transactions:**

This interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March 2007 and clarifies the treatment where employees of a subsidiary receive the shares of a parent. It also clarifies whether certain types of transactions are accounted for as equity-settled or cash-settled transactions. This interpretation is not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

### **IFRIC 12, Service Concession Agreements:**

IFRIC 12 handles the way with which the concession managers of a service concession must apply IFRS to account for the liabilities they undertake and the rights provided to them in the service concession agreements.

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### **IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes:**

The International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued a new interpretation relating to the application of IAS 18 Revenue Recognition. IFRIC 13 "Customer Loyalty Programmes" clarifies that where entities grant award credits (e.g. loyalty points or reward miles) as part of a sales transaction and customers can redeem those award credits in the future for free or discounted goods or services, IAS 18 paragraph 13 applies. This requires that the award credits are treated as a separate component of the sales transaction and an amount of the consideration received or receivable needs to be allocated to the award credits. The timing of the recognition of this element of revenue is deferred until the entity satisfies its obligations relating to the award credits, either by supplying the rewards directly or by transferring the obligation to a third party. IFRIC 13 needs to be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January 2008.

# IFRIC 14, "IAS 19-the limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction" (effective from 01.01.2008):

IFRIC 14 gives guidance on how entities should determine the limit placed by IAS 19 Employee Benefits on the amount of a surplus in a pension plan they can recognise as an asset. Furthermore, it explains how the assets or the liabilities can be affected by a defined or contractual minimum funding requirement.

### IFRIC 15 - Agreements for the construction of real estate:

This interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009 and addresses the diversity in accounting for real estate sales. Some entities recognise revenue in accordance with IAS 18 (i.e. when the risks and rewards in the real estate are transferred) and others recognise revenue as the real estate is developed in accordance with IAS 11. The interpretation clarifies which standard should be applied to particular. This interpretation is not relevant to the Group's operations.

### IFRIC 16 - Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation:

This interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 October 2008 and applies to an entity that hedges the foreign currency risk arising from its net investments in foreign operations and qualifies for hedge accounting in accordance with IAS 39. The interpretation provides guidance on how an entity should determine the amounts to be reclassified from equity to profit or loss for both the hedging instrument and the hedged item. This

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interpretation is not relevant to the Group as the Group does not apply hedge accounting for any investment in a foreign operation.

### 4.10 REVENUE PER SEGMENT

in million €	Geographical Sales Breakdown			Gross Margin Breakdown		
	1H08	1H07	Difference %	1H08	1H07	Difference %
European Union	494,53	336,63	46,91%	124,68	104,9	18,86%
Other Europe	2,44	2,50	-2,32%	0,58	0,21	176,19%
America	23,89	20,82	14,73%	8,97	7,13	25,78%
Other	72,42	51,66	40,18%	50,16	42,66	17,57%
Eliminations	-45,82	-32,80	-	-20,24	-9,64	-
Total Consolidated Sales	547,46	378,81	44,52%	164,15	145,26	13,01%

### 4.11 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

No significant changes in contingent liabilities status since the last annual balance sheet date (31/12/2007).

### 4.12 OTHER SELECTED EXPLANATORY NOTES

- a) No significant effect due to seasonality and cyclicality of interim operations as these are expressed through the current interim financial statements.
- b) There are no items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows that are unusual because of their nature, size or incidence.

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ci) Changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior interim periods of the current financial year, if those changes have a material effect in the current interim period:

No such.

cii) Changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years, if those changes have a material effect in the current interim period:

No such.

d) Issuances, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities:

### I. Share Option:

According to the decision of the General Assembly of Shareholders on October 24th, 2007, the share capital (Ministry of Development Decision K2-15700/31-10-2007) was increased by  $\in$  18.122.611,03 through the capitalization of reserves and the increase of the nominal value of the share of the company by  $\in$  0,23 and by the same aforementioned resolution , it was resolved to decrease the nominal value of each share from  $\in$  0,60 to  $\in$  0,30 and to issue 78.793.961 new shares with a nominal value of  $\in$  0,30 each ,which were distributed freely to the old shareholders, at a ratio of one new share for each existing one respectively.

Following the partial exercise of the share option, during 2007, the share capital was increased by A) €1.242 with the issue of 4.140 nominal shares at a nominal value of € 0,30 each. Payment of this amount was confirmed by the Board of Directors on 19/12/2007 while the share capital increase and confirmation of this amount were approved by decisions K2-18339/11-1-2008 and K2-18338/11-1-2008 of the Ministry of Development and B) € 405.009,30 with the issue of 1.350.031 nominal shares with a nominal value of € 0,30 each. Payment of this amount was confirmed by the Board of Directors on 19/12/2007 while the share capital increase and confirmation of this amount were approved by decisions K2-18340/11-1-2008 and K2-18337/11-1-2008 of the Ministry of Development.

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II. New Companies of the Group:

Investment in:

INTRALOT SOUTH KOREA LTD with percentage 100% (direct) INTRALOT FINANCE UK PLC with percentage 100% (direct)

III. Subsidiaries Share Capital Increase:

Increase in Intralot De Argentina's Share Capital by € 255 thousands.

e. Dividends paid (aggregate or per share):

Ordinary shares dividend paid of € 76.728 thous (€ 81.842 thous. 30/06/07)

**f.** The effect of changes in the composition of the enterprise during the interim period, including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long term investments, restructurings and discontinuing operations:

Such changes have not a significant effect on the consolidated total assets, on the consolidated revenues and on the consolidated earnings after tax.

For information reasons, although the effect of this change in the consolidated figures is not material, it is notified that Innovative Sol. Cons. Group., consolidated with the equity method, until the previous period, is not included in this consolidation, due to its sale (loss to the group: €14 thousands).

**g.** Acquisitions and disposals of tangibles and intangible assets:

Net addition for the Group, due to acquisitions and disposals of tangibles and intangible assets as at June 30, 2008 amounts to € 46.291 thousands, while the respective proceeds were approximately € 21 thousands.

**h.** Amounts included directly in Equity:

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The amounts of expense/income included directly in the Equity of the Group on 30/06/2008 regard foreign exchange differences of € (21,3) mil., derivative valuation of € (309) mil., valuation of available for sale financial assets that amount to € 46 thousand and € (272) thousands that regard reverse of accountable tax from income tax return and tax from distribution of nontaxable reserves.

The respective figures for the Company amount to € (309) thousands that regard the valuation of derivatives and € 31 thousands, that regard reverse of accountable tax from the income tax return.

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# 4.13 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# A. BUSINESS COMBINATION (TABLE OF COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED)

The companies included in the consolidation, with the relevant addresses and the relevant participation percentages are the following:

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# I. Full Consolidation:

	COMPANY	BASE	DIRECT PARTICIPATION PERCENTAGE	INDIRECT PARTICIPATION PERCENTAGE
	INTRALOT SA	Maroussi, Attica	Parent	Parent
5.	BETTING COMPANY SA	N. Iraklion, Attica	95%	5%
10.	BETTING CYPRUS LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%
	INTRALOT DE CHILE SA	Santiago, Chile	99,99%	
	INTRALOT DE PERU SAC	Lima, Peru	99,98%	
_	INTRALOT INC.	Atlanta, USA	85%	
	INTRALOT BETTING OPERATIONS (CYPRUS) LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus	54,95%	
1.	ROYAL HIGHGATE LTD	Paralimni, Cyprus	3,82%	29,39%
	POLLOT Sp.zo.o	Warsaw, Poland	100%	
	MALTCO LOTTERIES LTD	Valetta, Malta	73%	
	INTRALOT HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus	100%	
2.	LOTROM SA	<b>Bucharest, Romania</b>		60%
2.	YUGOLOT LTD	Belgrade, Serbia&Montenegro		100%
2.	YUGOBET LTD	Belgrade, Serbia&Montenegro		100%
2.	BILOT EOOD	Sofia, Bulgaria		100%
3.	EUROFOOTBALL LTD	Sofia, Bulgaria		49%
4.	EUROFOOTBALL PRINT LTD	Sofia, Bulgaria		49%
2.	INTRALOT INTERNATIONAL LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%
5.	INTRALOT OPERATIONS LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%
2.	INTRALOT BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%
2.	INTRALOT TECHNOLOGIES LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%
14.	INTELTEK INTERNET AS	Istanbul, Turkey	20%	25%
	LOTERIA MOLDOVEI SA	Chisinau, Moldova	47,90%	
6,7,8.	TOTOLOTEK SA	Warsaw, Poland		58,80%
2.	WHITE EAGLE INVESTMENTS LTD	Hertfordshire, United Kingdom		100%
2.	BETA RIAL Sp.zo.o	Warsaw, Poland		100%
9.	YUVENGA CJSC	Moscow, Russia		24,50%
2.	UNICLIC LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		50%
9.	DOWA LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		30%

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	COMPANY	BASE	DIRECT PARTICIPATION PERCENTAGE	INDIRECT PARTICIPATION PERCENTAGE
	INTRALOT NEW ZEALAND LTD	Wellington, New Zealand	100%	
2.	INTRALOT EGYPT LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		88,24%
11,2.	E.C.E.S SAE	Cairo, Egypt		75,01%
2.	INTRALOT OOO	Moscow, Russia		100%
	POLDIN LTD	Warsaw, Poland	100%	
	INTRALOT ASIA PACIFIC LTD	Hong Kong, China	100%	
	INTRALOT AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Melbourne, Australia	100%	
	INTRALOT SOUTH AFRICA LTD	Johannesburg, S.Africa	72,95%	
	INTRALOT LUXEMBOURG S.A	Luxembourg, Luxembourg	100%	
2.	INTRALOT ITALIA SRL	Rome, Italy		85%
13.	SERVICIOS TRASDATA SA	Lima, Peru		100%
	INTRALOT IBERIA SAU	Madrid, Spain	100%	
	INTRALOT IBERIA HOLDINGS S.A.	Madrid, Spain	100%	
	TECNO ACCION S.A	Buenos Aires, Argentina	50,01%	
15.	GAMING SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL SAC	Lima, Perou		99,9%
2.	GAMING SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL LTD	Bogota, Colombia	99%	1%
	INTRALOT BEIJING Co	Beijing, China	100%	
2.	NAFIROL S.A.	Montevideo, Uruguay		100%
16.	INTRALOT ARGENTINA S.A	Buenos Aires, Argentina	99%	1%
2.	LEBANESE GAMES S.A.L	Beirut, Lebanon		99,99%
17.	VENETTA SERVIZI S.R.L.	Mogliano Veneto, Italia		85%
	INTRALOT SOUTH KOREA LTD	Seoul, S. Korea	100%	
	INTRALOT FINANCE UK PLC	London, United Kingdom	100%	

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### **II. Equity Method:**

	COMPANY	BASE	DIRECT PARTICIPATION PERCENTAGE	INDIRECT PARTICIPATION PERCENTAGE
	BILYONER INTERAKTIF HIZMELTER AS (former LIBERO INTERAKTIF AS)	Istanbul, Turkey	25%	
	LOTRICH INFORMATION CO. LTD	Taipei, Taiwan	40%	
13.	GIDANI LTD	Johannesburg, S.Africa		16,41%

### **Subsidiary of:**

1: Intralot Betting Operations(Cyprus)Ltd 10: Betting Company S.A.

2: Intralot Holdings International Ltd 11: Intralot Egypt Ltd

3: Bilot EOOD 12: Intralot South Africa Ltd
4: Eurofootball Ltd 13: Intralot Operations Ltd
5: Intralot International Ltd 14: Intralot Iberia Holdings S.A.

6: Pollot Sp.Zoo 15: Nafirol S.A.

7: White Eagle Investments Ltd 16: Intralot De Chile S.A. 8: Beta Rial Sp.Zoo. 17: Intralot Italia SRL.

9: Uniclic Ltd

The companies Loteria Moldevei and Inteltek Internet AS are consolidated using the full consolidation method since the preconditions of IAS 27 are met.

### **B. TAX AUTHORITIES FISCAL CONTROL**

Intralot has been audited by the Tax Authorities up to 31/12/2007. On July 2007 the regular tax audit of the fiscal years 2006 and 2007 has been completed from which additional taxes of € 1,23 mio were imposed. The company has already made cumulative tax provision during the previous periods of € 1,05 mio. The tax difference was stated in the income tax of the first semester of 2008. For the tax audit of the current period the company makes sufficient provision for additional taxes.

Regarding Intralot's subsidiaries their books have not been audited for the one (1) to five (5) last fiscal years.

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### C. REAL LIENS

There are no real liens.

### D. PROVISIONS

The amount of provisions that had been made up to 30/06/2008 in the Group and refer to tax unaudited fiscal years is  $\le 490$ K and the rest provisions is  $\le 16,8$  mio. Respectively the company has made provision for tax unaudited periods of  $\le 100$  k and rest provisions of  $\le 5,8$  mio.

There has been no provision made for legal issues pending in the Group and Company.

### **E. LEGAL ISSUES PENDING**

a. On 05.09.05 an action was served to the company, filed by the company "IPPOTOUR S.A.", against the company and the company "OPAP S.A.". The plaintiff "IPPOTOUR S.A." requested to be acknowledged that the contract signed between OPAP S.A. and the Company should not grant to the latter the right to operate any kind of wagering game on Greek or foreign horse racing, that "OPAP S.A" should not have the right to operate any kind of wagering game on horse racing and that "OPAP S.A." and the Company should be excluded from the operation and organization of betting games on horse racing. The hearing of the case had been set for 14 February 2008 when the hearing was postponed for 08 October 2009. By virtue of the above mentioned action the plaintiff withdrew of the action filed against the Company on 10 January 2003 with the same content, which was set to be heard on 18 May 2005, on which date the said hearing was cancelled.

b. On 4 January 2005 OPAP S.A. submitted a notice of proceedings to "Betting Company S.A." regarding a lawsuit that was filed against OPAP S.A. before the Multi Member First Instance Court of Athens, with which the plaintiff claims the payment of the amount of €3.668.378,60 plus accrued interests from OPAP S.A., pleading that OPAP S.A. should pay this amount to him as profit, in addition to the amount already paid to him. Since

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"Betting Company S.A." has a legitimate interest in OPAP S.A. winning the lawsuit, "Betting Company S.A.", the companies INTRALOT S.A., INTRALOT INTERNATIONAL LTD and the joint venture "INTRALOT S.A.-Intralot International Ltd" proceeded to an additional joint intervention in favor of OPAP S.A.; this was scheduled for hearing on 3 May 2005 but following a petition of the plaintiff the case was heard on 1 December 2005. By its decision No 2412/2006 the Multi Member First Instance Court of Athens ruled in favour of the lawsuit of the plaintiff and, following the restriction by the plaintiff of his petition to a lawsuit for acknowledgement of the debt, the Court acknowledged the obligation of OPAP S.A to pay to the plaintiff the amount of € 3.668.378,60. OPAP S.A and the aforementioned companies filed an appeal which had been rejected by the Athens Court of Appeals with its decision no. 6377/2007. The defendants filed an appeal before the Supreme Court but no hearing date has been scheduled until now. For the above case a provision has been made.

- c. INTRALOT filed before Multi Member First Instance Court of Athens its civil lawsuit dated 12 May.2005 against Mr. K. Thomaidis, claiming the payment of sum of € 300.000 as pecuniary compensation for moral damage. The case was scheduled for hearing on 26 January 2006. On 18 January 2006 the company was served with an action filed by Mr. K. Thomaidis on 9 January 2006, before the Multi Member First Instance Court of Athens with which the plaintiff claims the payment of sum of € 300.000 as pecuniary compensation for moral damage. The case is scheduled for hearing on 14 December 2006. The suit of INTRALOT against Mr. K. Thomaidis was postponed to be heard on 14 December 2006. The two lawsuits have been heard together and the decision no 7936/2007 was issued declaring the lawsuit dated 9 January 2006 of Mr. Thomaidis as cancelled and accepting partially Intralot's lawsuit dated 12 May 2005.
- d. On 6 August, 2007 a recourse (Law 2522/2007) dated 6 August 2007 filed by the Union of the Companies "G-TECH Corporation" and "G-TECH Global Services Corporation Ltd" before the Board of Directors of OPAP SA against the resolution of the BoD of OPAP SA dated 31 July 2007 (which had resolved for the conclusion of an agreement with INTRALOT), was served to INTRALOT; with the said recourse it is requested that the above resolution of the BoD of OPAP SA as well as any other relevant act are eliminated. On 27 August 2007 an application for interim measures (injunctions) filed by the above mentioned Union of Companies against OPAP SA was served to INTRALOT; with this application it was requested that the execution of the above mentioned resolution of the BoD of OPAP SA and of the contract signed between OPAP SA and INTRALOT, to be suspended. The date of the hearing has been scheduled for 11

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September 2007; INTRALOT intervened in this case in favor of OPAP SA. The Court by its decision no. 7597/2007 rejected the application of the Union of the Companies "G-TECH Corporation" and "G-TECH Global Services Corporation Ltd".

e. Against (a) publishing company "I. Sideris – Andreas Sideris Sons O.E.", (b) the Foundation of Economic and Industrial Researches (IOBE), (c) Mr. Theodosios Palaskas, Director of Research of IOBE, (d) the Kokkalis Foundation, and (e)INTRALOT a lawsuit of Mr. Charalambos Kolymbalis resident of Neos Skopos Serron, was filed on 8/3/2007 before the Multi Member Athens First Instance Court; date of the hearing was set the 20<sup>th</sup> February 2008 when it was postponed for 4 March 2009. With his lawsuit, the plaintiff requests to be recognized as the sole creator of the project entitled "The financial consequences of sports in Greece" and his intellectual property right on this, and that the amount of € 300.000 to be paid to him as monetary compensation for moral damages.

f. In Turkey, the tender on fixed odds betting tender related to establishment and operation of risk management center head agency held by Spor Toto (Genclik ve Spor Genel Mudurlugu -GSGM) and the Fixed Odds Betting contract dated 2 October 2003 singed as a result of the said tender between GSGM and Inteltek Internet Teknoloji Yatırım ve Danışmanlık Ticaret A.Ş» (Inteltek) (which is a 45% subsidiary company) were challenged by Reklam Departmani Basin Yayin Produksiyon Yapimcilik Danismanlik ve Ticaret Limited Sirketi ("Reklam Departmani") and Gtech Avrasya Teknik Hizmet ve Musanirlik AS ("Gtech") with the claim of suspension of execution and annulment.

For the lawsuit initiated by Gtech, Council of State (Danistay) decided for the suspension of the tender. Following this decision, the Fixed Odds Betting contract dated 2 October 2003 between GSGM and Inteltek was terminated by GSGM based on the said decision of Council of State and the L. 5583/2007 came into effect which allowed GSGM to hold a new tender and sign a new contract which would be valid until 1 March 2008. On 15 March 2007, GSGM held a new tender, at which Inteltek became the preferred bidder and reacquired the right to operate until 1 March 2008. On the other hand, Inteltek initiated two lawsuits against GSGM on the ground that the termination of the Fixed Odds Betting Contract dated 2 October 2003 was unjustified and to determine that the aforementioned contract is valid under law and is in force. The court decided to reject Inteltek's claim on 10 July 2007. Inteltek appealed the court's decision. Inteltek's appeal was rejected by the Court on 5 February 2008 and Inteltek applied for correction of decision. The Court's examination on correction of decision request is still pending.

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On 27 February 2008, the Turkish parliament passed a new law that allowed GSGM to sign a new Fixed Odds Betting contract with Inteltek, having the same terms and conditions with the latest contracts signed with GSGM and to be valid for up to one year, until operations start under the new tender which GSGM is allowed to hold in accordance with the same law. Inteltek signed a new Fixed Odds Betting contract with GSGM, which took effect on 1 March 2008. GSGM proclaimed a new tender on 8 July 2008 having a deadline for the submission of the offers the 12<sup>th</sup> August 2008. Inteltek participated in the new tender.

g. In Turkey, GSGM filed on 23 January 2006 before the First Instance Court of Ankara a declaratory action against the 45% subsidiary company Inteltek requesting to be recognized that the calculation of the player's excess payout of the fixed odds betting games, as per their contract, is effected at the end of each separate semester (as opposed to on a cumulative basis for all semesters at the end of the contract). Next hearing following the appointment of experts had been set for November 16, 2006 when the hearing was postponed for January 30, 2007 when it has been heard. The decision issued by the First Instance Court of Ankara vindicated Inteltek. GSGM filed an appeal. On 18 October 2007, Inteltek was notified that the appeal was rejected and, consequently, the decision of the First Instance Court of Ankara is final. GSGM filed an appeal against this decision which was rejected and the case file was sent back to the First Instance Court and the decision was finalized. Inteltek had made a provision of 3,3 million TRY(1,7 million Euro) (plus 1,894 million TRY relating to interest-980 thousands Euro) in its financial statements due to the probability of a negative outcome of the case which henceforth has been removed following the First Instance Court of Ankara decision. Moreover, Inteltek claimed the amount of TRY 2,344 million (1,213 million Euro) (plus interest) which was paid in the 1st and 3rd reconciliation periods. Inteltek has initiated a lawsuit on 21 February 2008 to collect this amount and the date of the hearing was scheduled to be 22 April 2008; at that date the case was rescheduled to be heard on 24 June 2008 and on that date was rescheduled for 6 November 2008 in order that further evidences to be collected.

h. In Turkey, the court Sayistay inspecting the accounts of GSGM of 2005, ruled that there were exceeding payments to Inteltek for specific operational expenses of one thousand terminals of the system, under the terms of the contracts dated 30 July 2002 and 2 October 2003, of an amount of TRY 10.670.528,789 (€ 5.523.048,02). For this reason it

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sent to GSGM a letter dated 19 January 2007 which was served to GSGM on 26 January 2007. Beginning 2007, GSGM started to withhold (and to keep in escrow) this amount from the amount Inteltek is entitled to under the contract dated 30 July 2002. Inteltek filed a declaratory action before the civil courts of Ankara requesting to be recognized that there is charge for same services under the two contracts and to return to itself the amounts withheld. Sayistay's investigation file has resulted in favor of Inteltek and whereon GSGM released to Inteltek the withheld in escrow amount of 2,494 million TRY(€1,291 million) corresponding the period until 26.3.2007. Following the above, at the hearing date 29 April 2008, the Court decided that there is no reason to issue a decision regarding this case.

- i. In Poland an ex-employee of the subsidiary TotolotekSA has requested the payment of the amount of PLN 11.200.000 (€3.342.286) for creation of a software that the company utilizes. According to the opinion of the lawyers handling this case, the possibility that the lawsuit is accepted is not high.
- In Poland, Totolotek SA, according to a decision of the court of appeals issued on 10 April 2008, has to pay the equivalent in PLN of 1000K USD (€634K) with the legal interest to the consultants' company IDC. The total amount for capital and interests amounts to PLN 4.049.930 (€1.208.574). The case relates to a letter of guarantee of the consultants' company IDC that Totolotek SA had requested and succeeded to be drawn in 1999. The amount of PLN 4.049.930 (€1.208.574) has already encumbered the financial statements of Totolotek SA and Totolotek SA examines the possibility to file further legal means.
- Also in Poland, on 10 April 2008, a decision of the competent arbitration court was issued regarding a) the claim for loss of profit of Telenor Software (TTCOMM) against Totolotek SA for the amount of PLN 85.526.710 (€25.522.742) and the claim for an amount of PLN 4.445.480,83 (€1.326.613) for issued invoices after their agreement since 26.4.2000 and b) the counter claim of the company Totolotek SA against Telenor Software (TTCOMM) for restitution of damages (loss or profit) for the amount of PLN 93.532.601,74 (€27.911.847,73). The arbitration court partially accepted the claim of Telenor Software (TTCOMM) awarding in its favor the amount of PLN 6.778.852,87 (€2.022.934,31)plus interest calculated as from 18.2.2006, while it rejected the claim of Totolotek SA against Telenor Software (TTCOMM). A large part of this amount (PLN 4.822.000-€1.438.973) has already encumbered the financial results of Totolotek SA, although the possibility to file further legal means against this decision before the civil courts is examined.

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j. In South Africa, the Court which reviewed the application of Uthingo has found that there were shortcomings in the information provided to the Minister by the National Lotteries Board in relation to the individual shareholders in both Uthingo and Gidani (in which INTRALOT through its subsidiary INTRALOT SOUTH AFRICA PTY participates in) and therefore the Minister had to reconsider the process in relation to the above. Following such reconsideration, the license for the operation of the National Lottery of South Africa was awarded again to Gidani and the operation of the National Lottery has already started.

k. In Cyprus, against indirectly subsidiary, thirteen plaintiffs have filed a lawsuit requesting the payment to them of the total amount of CYP 283.000 (€ 483.512) as profit of a bet relating to the non-classification of Formula 1 cars at the race of Indianapolis, USA held on 19.6.2005. Since for this race there was the information that some racing teams would not start the race because there were problems with their tyres (which actually happened) and since the plaintiffs knew this before placing their bets, the company refuses the payment of the above amount. Due to dispute on the matter of the arbitrator's appointment, the matter will be resolved by the Cypriot Courts. No hearing date has been scheduled yet. The Board of Directors of the company decided, following the relevant legal advise of the local lawyers, that no reason exists in order to proceed to a provision for the above lawsuit or for the remaining lawsuits which have been filed against companies belonging to the indirect subsidiary (which are of a total amount of CYP 144.904 (€247.572)).

I. In Argentina, the subsidiary company "Tecno Acción S.A." filed before the Tax Court recourses against penalties of a total amount (including interest) of 4.557.069,03 Argentinean Pesos(€954.959,98) (on which further penalties -of an amount that cannot be currently determined- may be imposed). It is noted that the litigant parties have the right of recourse to the ordinary justice against the decision of the Tax Court. At this stage, the legal advisors of the subsidiary company in Argentina cannot issue a legal opinion for the outcome of the case. According to the terms of the Share Purchase Agreement relating to the shares of "Tecno Acción S.A." dated 30 December 2006, an amount of 3.250.000 US dollars (€2.061.659) has been deposited to an escrow account and part of this amount will cover the abovementioned tax obligations.

m. In Colombia, Intralot, on 22 July 2004, entered into an agreement with an entity called Empresa Territorial para la salud ("Etesa"), under which it was granted with the right to operate games of chance in Colombia. In accordance with terms of the abovementioned agreement, Intralot has submitted an application to initiate arbitration proceedings against

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Etesa requesting to be recognized that there has been a disruption to the economic balance of abovementioned agreement to the detriment of Intralot (and for reasons not

attributable to Intralot) and that Etesa to be compelled to the modification of the financial

terms of the agreement in the manner specified by Intralot as well as to pay damages to

Intralot (including damages for loss of profit); or alternatively to terminate now the

agreement with no liability to Intralot. The arbitration panel has not been formed and no

hearing date has been scheduled yet.

n. In United States of America, GTech Corp. filed an action against Ohio Lottery

Commission ("Lottery"), Michael Donlan in his capacity as Executive Director of the Lottery

and Intralot Inc., before the Franklin County Court of Common Pleas.

This action was brought by the plaintiff for declaratory and injunctive relief. Plaintiff seeks a

preliminary and permanent injunction against the Lottery and Intralot, Inc. from performing

under the The Agreement for Contractual Services entered into between the Lottery and

Intralot Inc. on or about June 16, 2008. Additionally, the plaintiff seeks a Declaratory

Judgment declaring that the Director of the Lottery abused his discretion in the evaluation

of submitted proposals and the ultimate award of the contract, pursuant to the RFP, to

Intralot, Inc. No hearing date has been set yet for this case but it is expected that such date

will be during the two months period October-November 2008.

Until 20 August 2008, apart from the above, any other legal issues do not have a material

effect on the financial position of the Group.

F. PERSONNEL EMPLOYED

The personnel employed by the Company and the Group as at the end of the first six months of

2008 were 527 and 4.440 respectively. For the first six months of 2007, the personnel employed

by the Company and the Group were 427 and 3.665 respectively.

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# **G. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

	30	/6/2008
Amounts reported in thousands of €	Group	Company
a) Income		
-to subsidiaries	-	62.205
-to other related parties	4.755	3.369
b) Expenses		
-from subsidiaries		12.600
	33.310	1
-from other related parties	33.310	27.857
c) Receivables (i)		
-from subsidiaries	_	155.290
-from other related parties	71.709	12.289
d) Payables	7 111 00	12.200
-to subsidiaries	_	15.704
-to other related parties	30.195	16.394
e) BoD and Key Management Personnel		
transactions and fees	4.611	2.741
f) BoD and Key Management Personnel		
receivables	49	-
g) BoD and Key Management Personnel		
payables	166	-
(i) Total due from related entities	71.709	167.579
(less) long term portion	<u>48.602</u>	20.500
Due from related entities	23.107	147.079

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### H. OTHER INFORMATION

- a. Effect of changes in the composition of the enterprise during the interim period, including Acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long term investments, restructurings and discontinuing operations (by extension of the paragraph 12.d and f, as above):
  - i. See above paragraph 10.d and f.
- b. Previous paragraph (13.8.i.) events effect, if this is higher than 25%, in respect of the consolidated revenues, results, net equity (by extension of the paragraph 12.d and f., as above):
  - i. No such cases.
- c. Change of the fiscal year or period:
  - i. No such.
- d. Material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period:
  - i. See bellow, paragraph 14.
- e. Effect of changes in the composition of the enterprise during the interim period, regarding business combinations if this is higher than 25%, in respect of the consolidated revenues, results, net equity (by extension of the paragraph 12.d and f, as above):
  - i. No such effect
- f. Within the year 2007, Inteltek, the company's subsidiary in Turkey, has signed a one-year contract with the Turkish Organisation Spor Toto to continue the operation of the "Iddaa" sports betting game.

This contract has been signed following the recent vote in the Turkish parliament of a law regulating sports betting operation in Turkey. According to this law, a call for tenders shall be launched during 2008 to award sports betting operation in Turkey to a contractor for the next 10 years.

g. The Polish government granted to TOTOLOTEK, the subsidiary of INTRALOT in Poland, the license to operate in that country the European Pool of the Swedish Horse Racing

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Totalisator Board, ATG, which offers betting on Swedish horse races in a number of countries.

- i. The subsidiary of INTRALOT in the US, INTRALOT INC, won the tender launched by the South Carolina Education Lottery (SCEL) for the provision of the central online gaming system and related support services. Transition to the new INTRALOT system is programmed for November 2008.
- h. INTRALOT Iberia, the subsidiary of INTRALOT S.A. in Spain, has been awarded a license to manage Sports Betting games throughout the territory of the Autonomous Community of Madrid. The duration of the license is 5 years with an automatic renewal of 5 years each time.
- i. INTRALOT's subsidiary, INTRALOT Nederland, has signed a contract with a term of 7 years and an option to extend for 3 more year, with both leading lotteries of the Netherlands, De Lotto and De Nederlandse Staatsloterij. INTRALOT will undertake the supply, maintenance and support, as well as the facilities management of the system of both lotteries.
- j. INTRALOT's subsidiary, INTRALOT INC, was selected by the Ohio Lottery as the apparent successful vendor to operate the agency's gaming system services. The project will be launched on July 1<sup>st</sup> 2009 after a one-year conversion contract that will begin on July 1<sup>st</sup>, 2008. After the conversion the contract will have an initial term of two years with up to four, two-year renewals.
- k. Intralot and Ho Chi Minh City Lottery Company have agreed to cooperate closely and on an exclusive basis for the project of modernization of Ho Chi Minh City, which is the largest lottery in Vietnam.
- I. Following the license awarding in the state of Victoria INTRALOT Australia Pty Ltd,, a subsidiary of INTRALOT, was a Foreign Games Permit to operate in Tasmania a variety of Lottery and Instant games.

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### 4.14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

a) INTRALOT SA, through its subsidiary Intralot Italia SPA has acquired 100% of the italian Joint Venture company, William Hill Codere Italia SrI (WHCI), thus further strengthening its position in the Italian betting market. The gross consideration agreed is € 5,5 million

Through this acquisition, Intralot Italia enriches its current portfolio with 55 additional licenses for horseracing and sports betting points of sale.

b) In Turkey, the tender for the new management contract of the betting game in the country the next ten years, is in progress. INTRALOT is participating in the tender.

### Maroussi, August 26, 2008

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

THE VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE BoD AND CEO

S.P. KOKKALIS ID. No. Π 695792

C.G. ANTONOPOULOS ID. No. M 102737

THE GENERAL DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

THE ACCOUNTING DIRECTOR

I.O. PANTOLEON ID. No. Σ 637090

E. N. LANARA ID. No. AB 606682 H.E.C. License No. 133/A' Class

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### **INTRALOT S.A.**

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Condensed notes and information of group and company from January 1st to June 30th 2008 According to 6/448/11.10.2007 resolution of Greek Capital Committee

and the results of INTRALOT S.A and its subsidiaries. We advise the reader, before making any investment decision or other transaction Reporting Standards together with the review report of the external auditor, when required are presented.

1. CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET GROUP / COMPANY-	Amounts in € thousand	- Jan	DUP / COMPANY-Amounts in C thousand	
The state of the s		Type of Auditor's Report:	Unqualified	
Financial Statements approval date :	8/26/2008	Certified Auditor :	George A.Karamichalis Reg.No/S.O.E.L 15931	
Web Site:	www.intralot.com	Auditor Firm:	S.O.L S.A. Reg.No /S.O.E.L. 125	

	GRO	OUP	COMPANY	
	30/06/2008	31/12/2007	30/06/2008	31/12/2007
ASSETS				
Tangible Assets	101.740	85.385	24.122	26.220
Intangible Assets	163.278	158.230	26.019	20.123
Other Non-Current Assets	129.577	140.893	163.831	186.679
Inventories	44.262	48.739	39.245	43.675
Trade accounts receivable	204.188	139.394	234.857	165.566
Other Current Assets	295.338	284.753	26.310	57.618
TOTAL ASSETS	938.383	857.394	514.384	499.881
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Share Capital	47.683	47.683	47.683	47.683
Other Equity Elements	249.492	228.113	143.346	135.693
Shareholders Equity (a)	297.175	275.796	191.029	183.376
Minority Interest (b)	58.887	93.235	0	c
Total Shareholders Equity (c)=(a)+(b)	356.062	369.031	191.029	183.376
Long-term Debt	404.321	317.111	262.810	259.914
Provisions and Other Long term Liabilities	23.118	18.049	6.782	6.713
Short-term Debt	31.278	37.501	0	0
Other Short-term Liabilities	123.604	115.702	53.763	49.878
Total Liabilities (d)	582.321	488.363	323.355	316.505
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (c)+(d)	938,383	857.394	514.384	499.881

	GROS	JP.	GROL	JP.	COMPA	COMPANY		ANY
	1/1-30/6/2008	1/1-30/6/2007	1/4-30/6/2008	1/4-30/6/2007	1/1-30/6/2008	1/1-30/6/2007	1/4-30/6/2008	1/4-30/6/200
Sale Proceeds	547.461	378.817	290.867	199.001	98.888	102.505	70.840	62.05
Less: Cost of Sales	-383.310	-233.565	-216.355	-121.256	-72.342	-51.043	-53.838	-32.61
Gross Profit / (Loss)	164.151	145.252	74.512	77.745	26.546	51.462	17.002	29.44
Other Operating Income	3.031	7.745	1.790	-12.692	10	25	7	20
Selling Expenses	-17.633	-17.373	-9.209	-8.769	-3.867	-3.523	-2.099	-1.92
Administrative Expenses	-34.663	-26.123	-18.905	-16.142	-4.818	-5.919	-2.690	-3.32
Research and Development Costs	-3.615	-3.956	-2.086	-2.098	-3.610	-3.965	-2.080	-2.10
Other Operating Expenses	-788	-256	-554	-119	0	0	0	
EBIT	110.483	105.289	45.548	37.925	14.261	38.080	10.140	22.11
Interest and similar charges	-12.343	-12.792	-7.592	-5.921	-7.851	-8.375	-3.863	-3.85
Interest and related income	15.270	12.951	7.028	5.648	38.660	53.475	19.589	35.02
Exchange differences	-1.008	-1.737	-857	-1.552	-1.350	2.172	768	1.18
Operating Profit / (Loss) before tax	112.402	103.711	44.127	36.100	43.720	85.352	26.634	54.47
Less taxes	-24.222	-22.648	-8.585	-9.460	-7.465	-10.469	-2.291	-6.79
Operating Profit / (Loss) after tax	88.180	81.063	35.542	26.640	36.255	74.883	24.343	47.68
Attributable to:								
Equity holders of the parent	60.259	57.609	24.340	23.491	36.255	74.883	24.343	47.68
Minority Interest	27.921	23.454	11.202	3.149	0	0	0	
Earnings after taxes per share (in euro)								
basic	0,38	0,37	0,15	0,15	0,23	0,48	0,16	0,3
diluted	0,38	0,37	0,15	0,15	0,23	0,47	0,16	0,3
EBITDA	126.708	120,569	54,163	46,476	19,234	42.074	12,624	24.118

3. CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY GROUP / COMPANY-Amounts in € thousand						
	GROUP		COMP	ANY		
	30/06/2008	30/06/2007	30/06/2008	30/06/2007		
Net equity at the beginning of the year (01.01.2008 and 01.01.2007 respectively)	369.031	290.052	183.376	160.413		
Profit for the year after taxes	88.180	81.063	36.255	74.883		
Share Capital Increase / (Decrease) Dividends Distributed	-79.333	-81.842	-28.324	-29.271		
Net Amounts Effected Directly Equity	-21.816	8.274	-278	1.172		
Sales/(Purchases) of Treasury Shares	0	0	0	0		
Net Equity of period Closing Balance (30/06/2008 and 30/06/2007	356.062	297.547	191.029	207.197		

4. CONDENSED CASH FLOW STATEMENT GROUP/COMPANY-Amounts in C thousand

Supplementary information

1. The same accounting picioes and methods of computation have been followed as compared with the previous year's annual

1. The same accounting picioes and methods of computation have been followed as compared with the previous year's annual

2. The companies handside in the consolidation of 300/6/07 and to subsequent acquisition are the
following: INTRACT ARCENTING S.L. EIRANSIS CARRS SAL, VINETA SERVIS SEL, INTRACT SALL TO THARKET

1. THE CONTRACT ARCENTING S.L. EIRANSIS CARRS SALL VINETA SERVIS SEL, INTRACT SALL TO THARKET

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11. Th	e amou	nts of	sales,	pur	chases	at
related	parties	are ar	alvzed	as f	ollowin	na:

	GROUP	COMPANY			
	1/1-30/06/2008	1/1-30/06/2007	1/1-30/06/2008	1/1-30/06/2007	
Operating Activities					
Net Profit before Taxation	112.402	103.711	43.720	85.352	
Plus/Less adjustments for:					
Depreciation and Amortization	16.225	15.280	4.973	3.994	
Impairment	0	0	0	0	
Provisions	1.665	437	70	206	
Exchange rate differences	-16.326	5.099	0	171	
Results from Investing Activities	-823	2.837	-35.165	-49.966	
Debit Interest and similar expenses	12.343	12.626	7.851	8.375	
Credit Interest	-14.752	-12.951	-3.696	-2.405	
Plus/Less adjustments of working capital to net cash or related to operating activities:	•				
Decrease/(increase) of Inventories	3.773	-8.225	4.430	-7.858	
Decrease/(increase) of Receivable Accounts	-62.003	-52.711	-48.900	-54.799	
(Decrease)/increase of Payable Accounts (except Banks)	-6.845	-27.602	-10	-26.181	
Less:					
Interest Paid and similar expenses paid	8.947	9.865	4.954	5.615	
Income Tax Paid	18.184	23.861	1.033	10.015	
Net Cash from Operating Activities (a)	18.528	4.775	-32.714	-58,741	
Investing Activities					
(Purchases) / Sales of subsidiaries, associates and other investment	82	-5.900	-226	-15.395	
Purchases of tangible and intangible assets	-46.292	-74.390	-8.772	-1.316	
Proceeds from sales of tangible and intangible assets	21	43	0	0	
Interest received	12.750	12.951	3.696	2.404	
Dividends received	0	0	34.964	51.070	
Net Cash from Investing Activities (b)	-33,439	-67.296	29.662	36,763	
Financing Activities					
Cash inflows from Share Capital Increase/Share Premium deposit	5 0	244	0	0	
Cash outflow from Share Capital Decrease	0	0	0	0	
Cash inflows from loans	137.221	32.808	0	0	
Repayment of loans	-33.217	-10.416	0	-22.000	
Repayment of Leasing Obligations	-1.780	-358	0	0	
Dividends paid	-76.728	-81.842	-28.256	-29.188	
Net Cash from Financing Activities (c)	25,496	-59.564	-28.256	-51.188	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period					
(a) + (b) + (c)	10.585	-122.085	-31.308	-73.166	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	284.753	467.902	57.618	242.016	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	295,338	345.817	26,310	168.850	

Amounts reported in thousands of €	Group	Company
a) Income		
-to subsidiaries	0	62.205
to other related parties	4.755	3.369
b) Expenses		
from subsidiaries	0	12.600
from other related parties	33.310	27.857
c) Receivables		
from subsidiaries	0	155.290
from other related parties	71.709	12.289
d) Payables		
-to subsidiaries	0	15.704
to other related parties	30.195	16.394
e) BoD and Key Management Personnel transactions and fees	4.611	2.741
f) BoD and Key Management Personnel receivables	49	0
g) BoD and Key Management Personnel payables	166	0

THE CHAIRMAN
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS C.G. ANTONOPOULOS ID. No. M 102737

THE GENERAL DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT I. O. PANTOLEON ID. No. Σ 637090

INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES
First Semester Report (Group and Company) for the period 1 January until 30 June 2008
Public Companies (S.A.) Reg. No. 27074/06/B/92/9